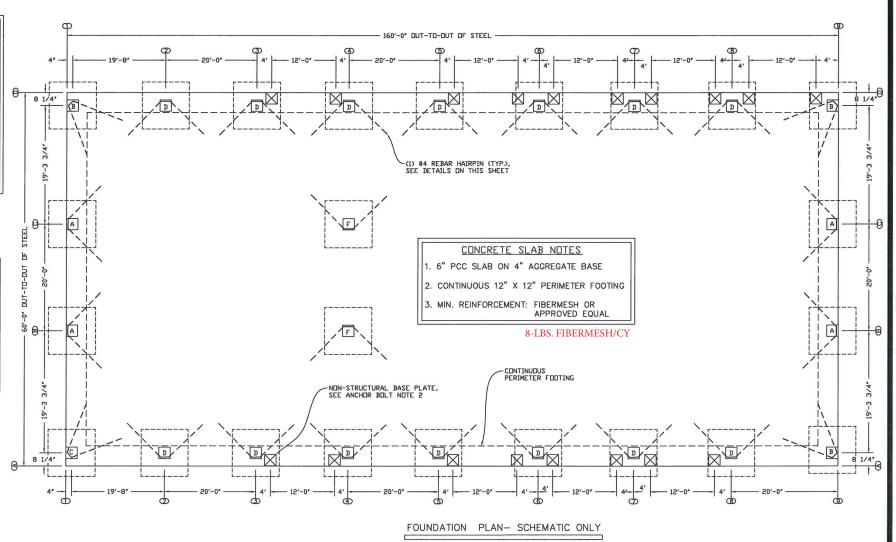


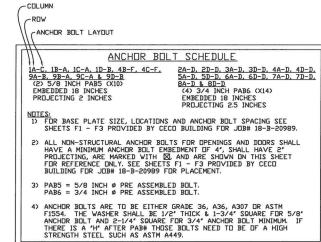
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. DESIGN BASED ON 1500 PSF ALLOWABLE SOIL BEARING PRESSURE
- 2. CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE 2019 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE AND ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE COUNTY OF CALAVERAS
- 3. SPECIAL INSPECTION IS REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 2019 CBC FOR HIGH STRENGTH A325 BOLTS, SPECIAL INSPECTOR MUST BE EMPLOYED BY THE OWNER AND APPROVED BY THE COUNTY OF CALAVERAS BUILDING DEPARTMENT. INSPECTOR'S REPORTS NOTING DISCREPANCIES, IF ANY, TO BE FILED WITH THE BUILDING DIVISION WEEKLY DURING CONSTRUCTION, WHETHER CORRECTED OR NOT. ALL
- 4. THE FOUNDATION/FOOTING DESIGN WAS CALCULATED USING ASD LOAD COMBINATIONS AND THE COLUMN REACTIONS PROVIDED BY CECO BUILDING SYSTEMS ON SHEETS F1 F3 FOR JOB # 18-B-20989.
- 5. THE ANCHOR BOLT EMBEDMENT WAS CALCULATED USING LRFD LOAD COMBINATIONS AND THE COLUMN REACTIONS PROVIDED BY CECO BUILDING SYSTEMS ON SHEETS F1 F3 FOR JOB # 18-B-20989.
- 6. THE FOOTING BASE PLATE, ANCHOR BOLT SIZES AND LOCATIONS ARE PROVIDED BY CECO BUILDING SYSTEMS ON SHEETS F1 F3 FOR JOB # 18-8-20989.
- 7. FOOTING SIZE MAY BE INCREASED UP TO 12" PER SIDE AT CONTRACTOR'S OPTION

CONCRETE NOTES

- CONCRETE SHALL HAVE MINIMUM 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 PSI (6 SA 1. CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2,500 psi; WITH SLUMP NOT TO EXCEED 4". AGGREGATE SHALL BE A MAXIMUM OF 1-3/4" IN FOUNDATIONS AND 3/4" IN THE SLAB, CURING COMPOUND SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE SLAB IMMEDIATELY AFTER FINAL TROWELLING.
- 2. FOR CRACK CONTROL PROVIDE 3/4" DEEP TOOL JOINT/SAW CUT AT 10'-0" MAX SPACING, BOTH DIRECTIONS,
- 3. REINFORCING BAR TO BE GRADE 40 (MIN) WITH 30" LAP SPLICES. MAINTAIN 3" CLEARANCE WHEN POURED AGAINST SOIL AND 2" ELSEWHERE. WELDED WIRE MESH (WWM) SHALL BE LAPPED NOT LESS THAN TWO WIRE SPACES. BARS ARE TO BE CONTINUOUS AROUND CORNERS.
- 4. IF EXPANSIVE SOILS ARE PRESENT SATURATE THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 24" PRIOR TO POURING CONCRETE
- 5. USE 6-MIL MOISTURE BARRIER WITH JOINTS LAPPED NOT LESS THAN 6 INCHES BETWEEN BASE OR SUBGRADE AND THE CONCRETE FLOOR SLAB, (ASTM E 1745) WHERE FLOORING OR MOISTURE SENSITIVE EQUIPMENT WILL OVERLAY CONCRETE SLABS.





#4 VERT 12"x6" @ 24" OC

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888888

CONTINUOUS FOOTING

AT ROLL UP DOOR

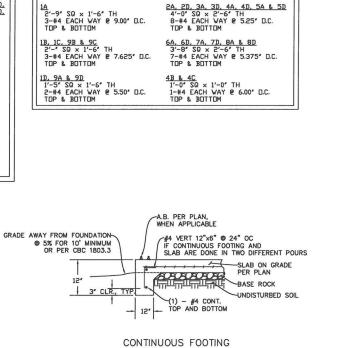
NOT TO SCALE

IF CONTINUOUS FOOTING AND SLAB ARE DONE IN TWO DIFFERENT POURS

—SLAB ON GRADE PER PLAN

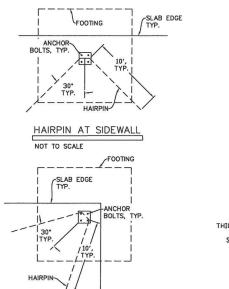
-UNDISTURBED SOIL

BASE ROCK



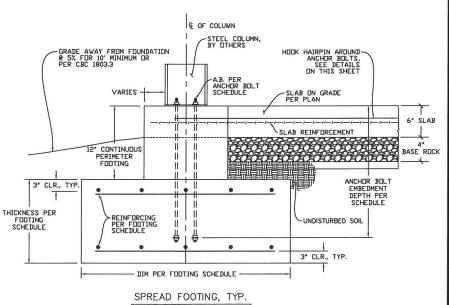
NOT TO SCALE

FOOTING SCHEDULE



HAIRPIN AT CORNER

NOT TO SCALE



NOT TO SCALE



W. GILBERT **ENGINEERING**

SUITE 110 CHICO, CALIFORNIA 95973 TEL (530) 809-1315 FAX (530) 517-6020

CIVIL ENGINEERING PROPERTY SURVEYS
CONSTRUCTION STAKING



Wesley E. Gilbert 6/15/2021

Ы

METAL BUILDING FOUNDATION & FOOTING 120 TOMA COURT

DATE: DRAWN BY: NJN DESIGNED BY CHECKED BY: WEG JOB NO.: 18-B-20989

5% FOR 10' MINIMUM OR PER CBC 1803.3

BUILDER/CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

<u>Drawing Validity</u> — These drawings, supporting structural calculations and design certification are based on the order documents as of the date of these drawings. These documents describe the material supplied by the manufacturer as of the date of these drawings. Any changes to the order documents after the date on these drawings may void these drawings, supporting structural calculations and design certification. The Builder/Contractor is responsible for notifying the building authority of all changes to the order documents which result in changes to the drawings, supporting structural calculations and design certification.

<u>Builder Acceptance of Drawings</u> — Approval of the manufacturer's drawings and design data affirms that the manufacturer has correctly interpreted and applied the requirements of the order documents and constitutes Builder/Contractor acceptance of the manufacturer's interpretations of the order documents and standard product specifications, including its design, fabrication and quality criteria standards and tolerances. (AISC code of standard practice APR 10 Section 4.4.1)

Code Official Approval - It is the responsibility of the Builder/Contractor to ensure that all project plans and specifications comply with the applicable requirements of any governing building authority. The Builder/Contractor is responsible for securing all required approvals and permits from the appropriate agency as required.

Builder is responsible for State, Federal and OSHA safety compliance — The Builder/Contractor is responsible for applying and observing all pertinent safety rules and regulations and OSHA standards as applicable.

Building Frection - The Builder/Contractor is responsible for all erection of the steel and associated work in compliance with the Metal Building Manufacturers drawings. Temporary supports, such as temporary guys, braces, false work or other elements required for erection will be determined, furnished and installed by the erector. (AISC Code of Standard Practice APR 10 Section 7.10.3)

<u>Discrepancies</u> — Where discrepancies exist between the Metal Building plans and plans for other trades, the Metal Building plans will govern. (AISC Code of Standard Practice APR 10 Section 3.3)

<u>Materials by Others</u> — All interface and compatibility of any materials not furnished by the manufacturer are the responsibility of and to be coordinated by the Builder/Contractor or A/E firm. Unless specific design criteria concerning any interface between materials if furnished as a part of the order documents, the manufacturers assumptions will govern.

Modification of the Metal Building from Plans — The Metal Building supplied by the manufacturer has been designed according to the Building Code and specifications and the loads shown on this drawing. Modification of the building configuration, such as removing wall panels or braces, from that shown on these plans could affect the structural integrity of the building. The Metal Building Manufacturer or a Licensed Structural Engineer should be consulted prior to making any changes to the building configuration shown on these drawings. The Metal Building Manufacturer will assume no responsibility for any loads applied to the building not indicated on these drawings.

Foundation Design — The Metal Building Manufacturer is not responsible for the design, materials and workmanship of the foundation. Anchor rod plans prepared by the manufacturer are intended to show only location, diameter and projection of the anchor rods required to attach the Metal Building System to the foundation. It is the responsibility of the end customer to ensure that adequate provisions are made for specifying rod embedment, bearing values, tie rods and or other associated items embedded in the concrete foundation, as well as foundation design for the loads imposed by the Metal Building System, other imposed loads, and the bearing capacity of the soil and other conditions of the building site. (MBMA MBSM Chapter 4 Section 3.2.2 and Section A3)

PROJECT NOTES

Material properties of steel bar, plate, and sheet used in the fabrication of built-up structural framing members conform to ASTM A529, ASTM A572, or ASTM A1011 with 55 ksi min. yield, except flanges wider than 12" and thicker than 3/8", all flanges thicker than 1", and all webs thicker than 3/8" are 50 ksi min. yield. Rod X—bracing conforms to ASTM A529 or ASTM A572 with 50 ksi min. yield. Cable X—bracing conforms to ASTM A475 7 Strand Extra High-Strength grade. Hot rolled structural shapes conform to ASTM A992, ASTM A529, or ASTM A572 with 50 ksi min. yield. Hot rolled angles, other than flange braces, conform to ASTM A36 minimum. Round and rectangular HSS conforms to ASTM A500 Grade B. Cold-formed steel secondary framing Members conform to ASTM A1011 or ASTM A653 Grade 55 with 55 ksi min. yield.

The manufacturer does not assume any responsibility for the erection nor field supervision of the structure and or any special inspections that may be required by the local building authority during erection (including inspection of the high strength bolts or field welds) as required during erection. The coordination and the costs associated for setting up and Special Inspections are the responsibility of the Erector, Owner, Architect, or Engineer of Record.

Design is based upon the more severe loading of either the roof snow load or the roof live load.

Loads, as noted, are given within order documents and are applied in general accordance with the applicable provisions of the model code and/or specification indicated. Neither the manufacture nor the certifying engineer declares or attests that the loads as designated are proper for the local provisions that may apply or for site specific parameters. The manufacturer's Engineer's certification is limited to design loads supplied by an Architect and/or engineer of record for the overall construction project.

This project is designed using manufacture's standard serviceability standards. Generally this means that all stresses and deflections are within typical performance limits for normal occupancy and standard metal building products. If special requirements for deflections and vibrations must be adhered to, then they must be clearly

"The design collateral load has been uniformly applied to the design of the building. Hanging loads are to be attached to the purlin web. This may not be appropriate for heavily concentrated loads. Any attached load in excess of 150 pounds shall be accounted for by special design performed by a licensed engineer using concentrated loads and may require separate support members within the roof system.'

Using 5x5 southern eave gutter with 4×5 downspouts, the roof drainage system has been designed using the method outlined in the MBMA Metal Building Systems Manual. Downspout locations have not been located on these drawings. The downspouts are to be placed on the building sidewalls at a spacing not to exceed 50 feet with the first downspout from both ends of the gutter run within 25 feet of the end. Downspout spacing that does not exceed the maximum spacing will be in compliance with the building code. The gutter and downspout system as provided by the manufacturer is designed to accommodate 2.5 in/hr rainfall intensity.

BY CK'D

IES IES

DESCRIPTION

FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION

ISSUE

DATE

5/11/21

ENGINEERING DESIGN CRITERIA

Thermal Factor (Ct)......

iliaing Risk Category II — Normai	
oof Dead Load	
Superimposed1.750 psf	Т
Collateral 3 psf (Total)	_
(0.00 psf Ceiling 3 psf Other)	
oof Live Load20.00 psf reducible	_
·	
now	Т
Ground Snow Load (Pg) 0.00 psf	
Snow Load Importance Factor (Is) 1.00	Ī
Snow Exposure Factor (Ce) 1.00	_

CBC 19

Nominal Wind Speed (Vasd) 74 mph
(IBC Section 1609.3.1)
Serviceability Wind Speed
Internal Pressure Coefficient (GCpi) 0.55 / -0.55
Loads for components not provided by building

Flat Roof Snow Load (Pf)..... 0 psf

Ultimate Wind Speed (Vult)...... 95 mph

manufacturer. Wall Edge Zones 23.62 psf pressure -29.48 psf suction

Other Wall Zones 23.62 psf pressure -25.08 psf suction These values are the maximum values required based on a 10 square foot area. Components with larger areas may have lower

wind loads. Zones per ASCE 7-16; FIG. 30.3-1 Zones pressures shown are Un-Factored

Seismic

Seismic Importance Factor (le	e) 1.00
Seismic Design Category	D
Soil Site Class	d
Ss 0.430 g Sds	0.417 g
S1 0.222 g Sd1	0.319 g
Analysis Procedure Equival	ent Lateral Force

ocation	Int RF	Front SW	Back SW	Left EW	Right EW	
ystem	C4	В3	В3	В3	В3	
	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	
s	0.128	0.128	0.128	0.128	0.128	

Design Base Shear in kips (V) Transverse 10.04 Design Base Shear in kips (V) Longitudinal 10.04

Basic Structural System (from ASCE 7-16 Table 12.2-1)

System - Basic Force Resisting System

H - Steel System not Specifically Detailed for

Seismic Resistance

C4 - Steel Ordinary Moment Frames

B3 - Steel Ordinary Concentric Braced Frames G2 - Steel Ordinary Cantilevered Column Systems

R - Response Modification Coefficient

Cs - Seismic Response Coefficient

18-B-20989

Transverse - Direction Parallel to the Rigid Frames Longitudinal — Direction Perpendicular to the Rigid Frames

Page	Description
C1	COVER SHEET
F1	ANCHOR BOLT PLAN
F2	ANCHOR BOLT REACTIONS
F3	ANCHOR BOLT DETAILS
E1	ROOF FRAMING PLAN
E2	ROOF SHEETING PLAN
E3	FRONT SIDEWALL
E4	BACK SIDEWALL
E5	LEFT ENDWALL
E6	RIGHT ENDWALL
E7-E8	FRAME CROSS SECTION
E9	PARTITION FRAMING & SHEETING
DET1-10	STANDARD DETAILS
R1-R3	INSTALLATION SHEETS

Drawing Index

DRAWING STATUS

FOR APPROVAL

as complete.

These drawings, being For Approval, are by definition not final, and are for conceptual representation only. Their purpose is to confirm proper interpretation of the project documents. Only drawings issued "For Erector Installation" can be considered

FOR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

These drawings, being for Permit, are by definition not final. Only drawings issued "For Erector Installation" can be considered as complete.

X FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION Final drawings for construction.

For questions or assistance Concerning Erection call:

252-977-2131 Monday-Friday 7:30am to 5:00pm

ENGINEERING SEAL

The engineer whose seal appears hereon is an employee for the manufacturer for the materials described herein. Said seal or certification is limited to the products designed and manufactured by manufacturer only. The undersigned engineer is not the overall engineer of record for this project.

OPROFESSIONAL

Stephanie Lynn Schwindt C 90667 Civil Engineer

Building	g Descriptio	ns		
Width(ft)	Length(ft)	Height(ft)	Slope	Mov 10, 2021
60	160	16	2.0:12	May 19, 2021
				Stephanu Lynn Schwindt

C1

JOP	; 	BI	JE C uilding Sys	tems	Columbus, MS. (662) 328-6722 Mount Pleasant, IA. (319) 385-8001 Rocky Mount, NC. (252) 977-2131 www.cecobuildings.com					
	PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	RICT						
	CUSTOMER: THE STEEL BUILDER						: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT		
	LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	A 95249							
	CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILD	NG ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE	

N.T.S.

Building ID

Buildina A

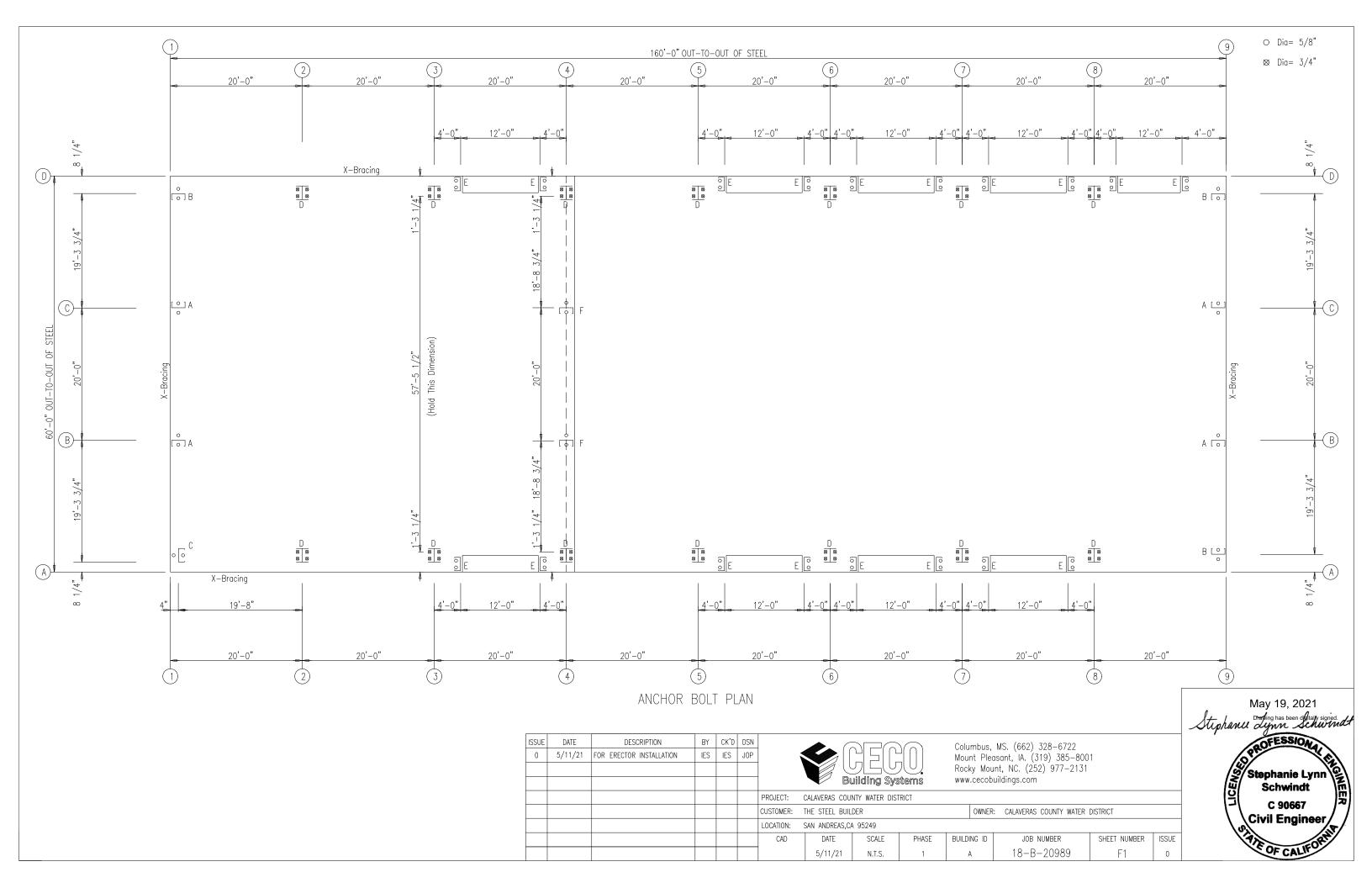


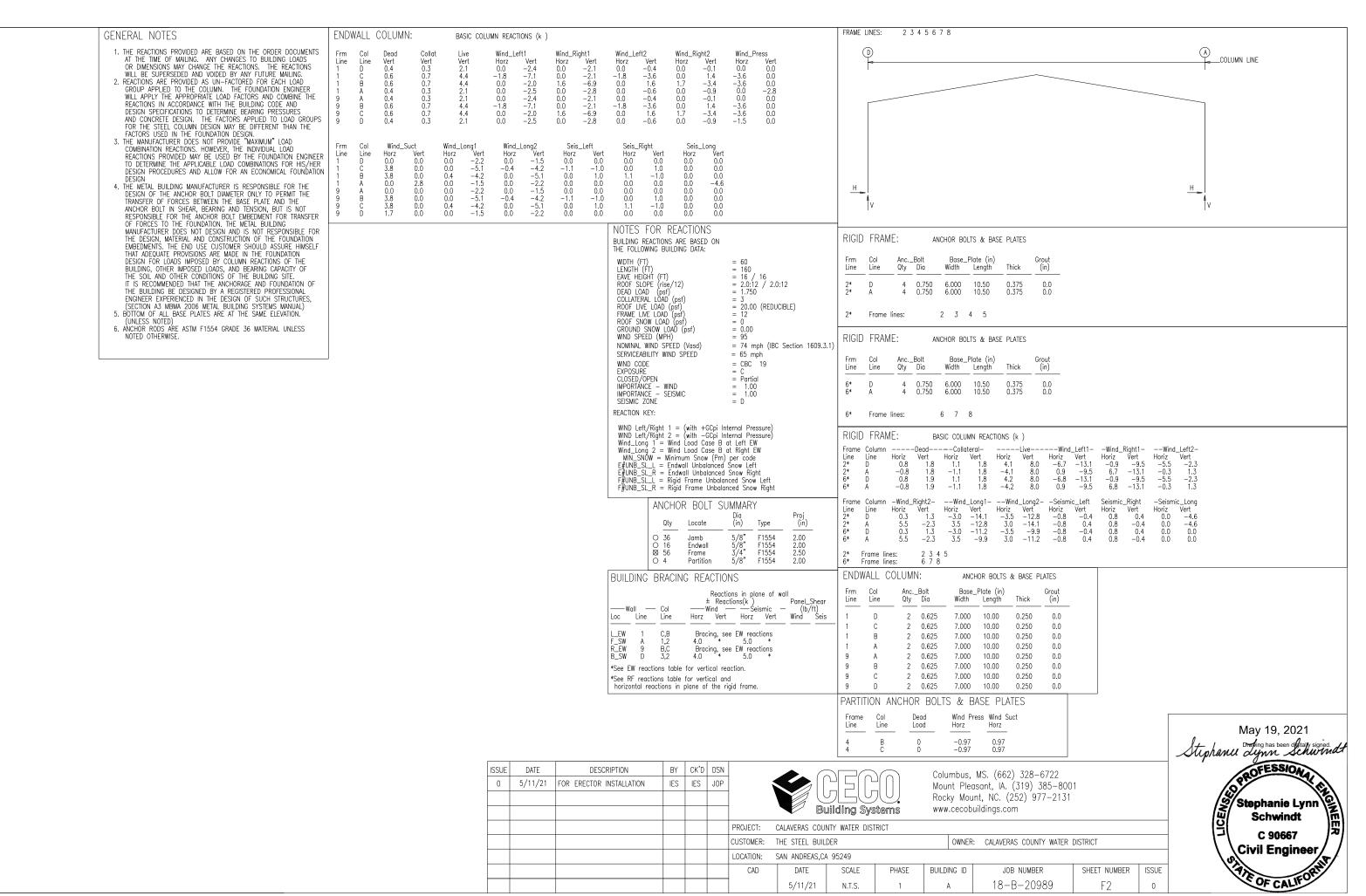
Download panel installation manuals from: www.ncimanuals.com

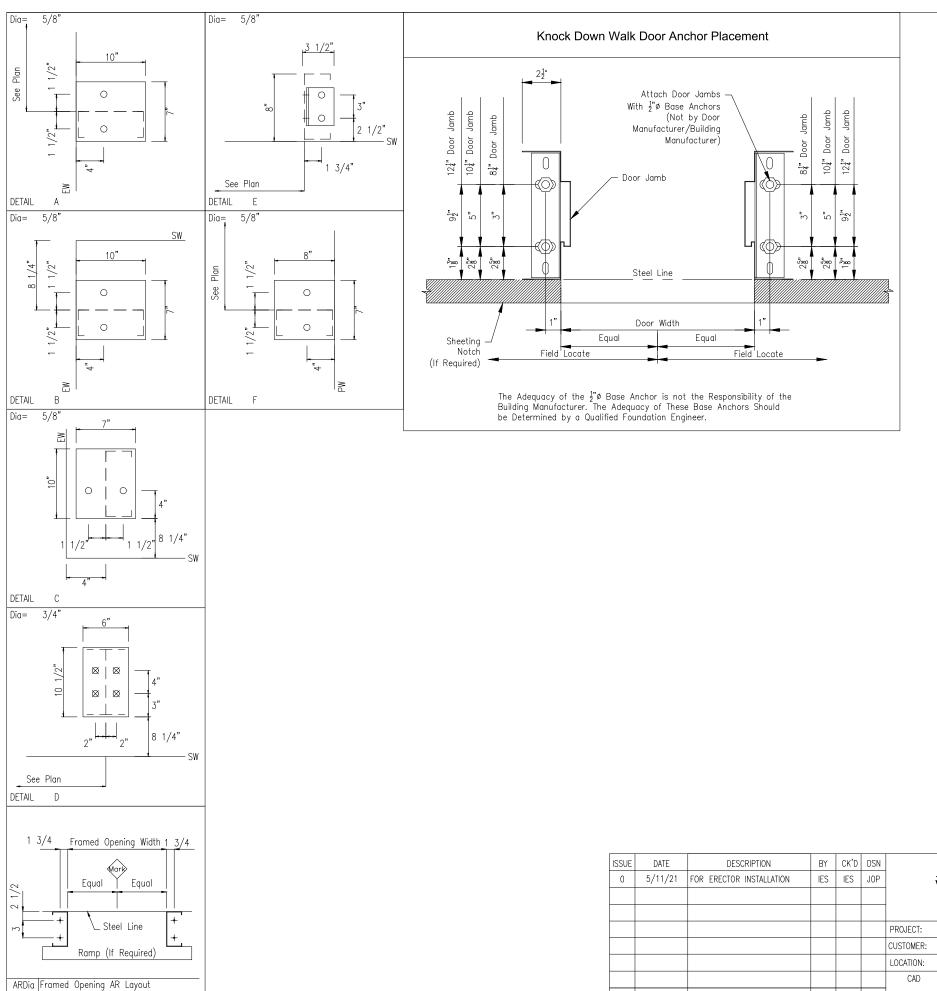
Descarque los manuales de instalación del panel desde:

	1/2"ø A	325 BOLT GRIP TABLE	
GRIP	LENGTH	BOLT LENGTH	NOTE:
0 TO 9/16" 1	1 1/4" F.T.		FULL THREAD ENGAGEMENT IS DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN MET
Over 9/16" TO 1 1/16" 1	1 3/4" F.T.		WHEN THE END OF THE BOLT
Over 1 1/16" TO 1 5/16"	2"		IS FLUSH WITH THE FACE OF THE NUT.
Over 1 5/16" TO 1 9/16" 2	2 1/4"		
Over 1 9/16" TO 1 13/16" 2	2 1/2"		QUIRED ONLY WHEN SPECIFIED.
Over 1 13/16" TO 2 1/16" 2	2 3/4"		AY BE LOCATED UNDER HEAD JNDER NUT. OR AT BOTH AT
LOCATIONS OF BOLTS LONGER TH	HAN 2 3/4"		NOTED ON ERECTION DRAWINGS.
NOTED ON ERECTION DRAWINGS		ADD 5/32"	FOR EACH WASHER TO MATERIAL
F.T. DENOTES FULLY THREA	DED	THICKNESS	TO DETERMINE GRIP.

Rev. 4/16/2020

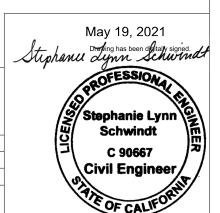


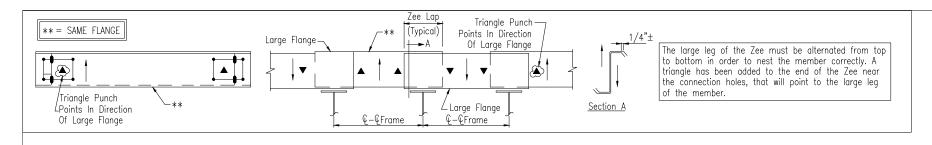


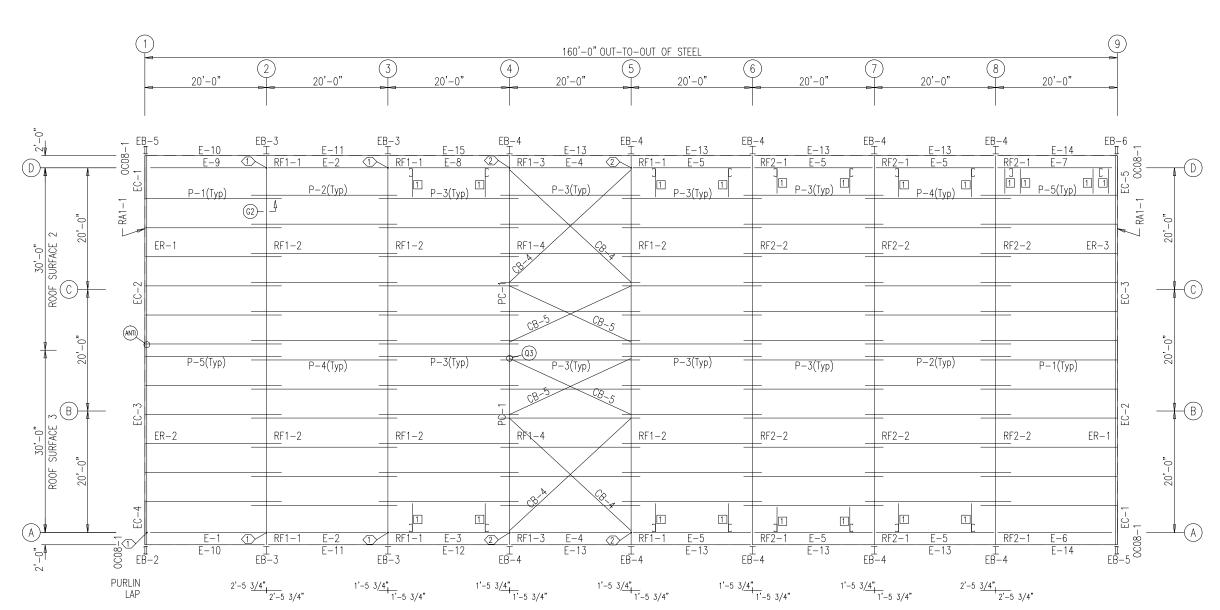


5/8"







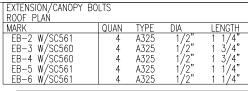


ROOF FRAMING PLAN

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. INSTALL ALL PURLIN AND FLANGE BRACES (FB) AS SHOWN.
 2. ROOF PANEL PROVIDES STRUCTURAL STABILITY TO THE BUILDING.
 3. STRUT PURLINS, IF PROVIDED, MUST BE INSTALLED AND FASTENED TO ROOF SHEETING PER "PBR" PANEL ROOF DETAIL.
 4. DO NOT ADD ANY ADDITIONAL ROOF OPENINGS WITHOUT BUILDING.
- MANUFACTURER APPROVAL OR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER APPROVAL.
- 5. DO NOT STACK SHEET BUNDLES ON ROOF. ONLY RAISE INDIVIDUAL SHEETS AS NEEDED.
- 6. AFTER INSTALLATION, WIPE ALL PANELS CLEAN OF METAL SHAVINGS CAUSED BY DRILLING.

-	O O	DATE 5/11/21	DESCRIPTION FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	BY	CK'D IES	JOP	;		GEG uilding Sys	tems	Mount Plea Rocky Mou	MS. (662) 328–6722 asant, IA. (319) 385–800 int, NC. (252) 977–2131 uildings.com	1	
							PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COL	JNTY WATER DIST	RICT				
							CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	LDER		OWNER	: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
							LOCATION:	OCATION: SAN ANDREAS,CA 95249						
Ī							CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
								5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	A	18-B-20989	E1	0



SPECIAL BO ROOF PLAN)LTS				
○ ID	QUAN	TYPE	DIA	LENGTH	WASH
1	4	A325	1/2"	1 1/4"	0
2	2	A325	1/2"	1 1/4"	2

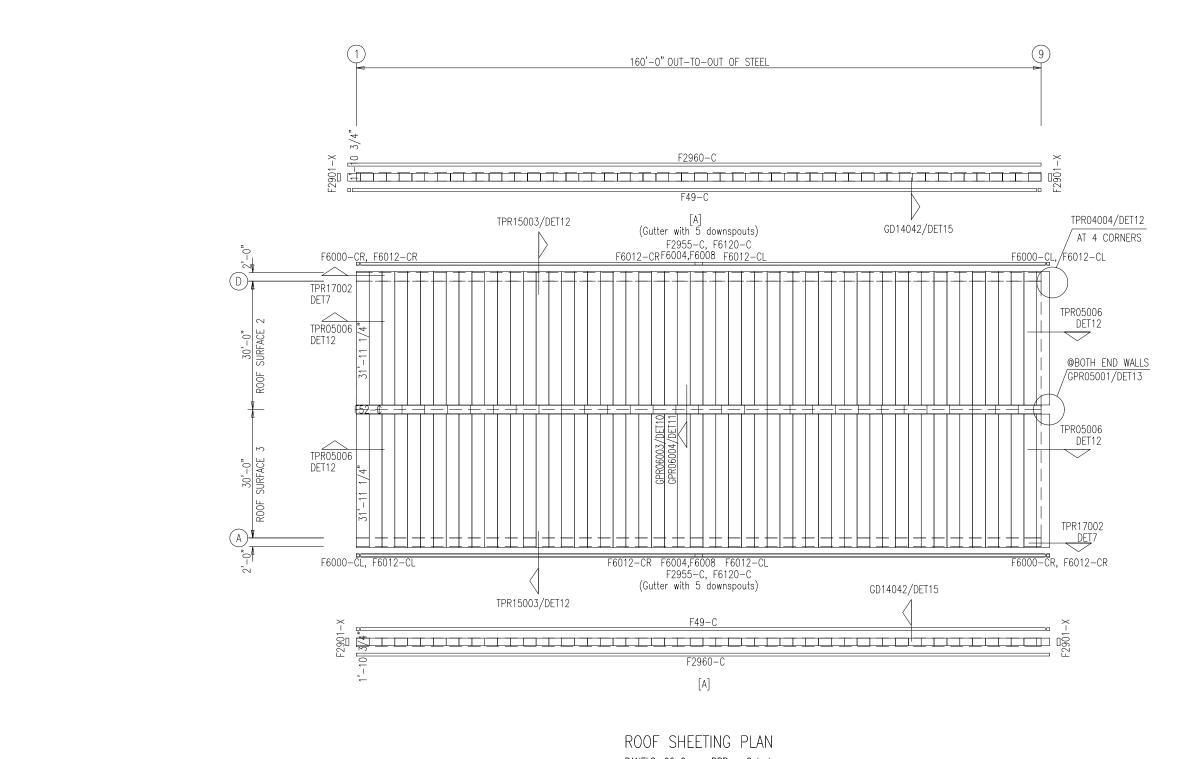
_			ASZS	1/2	1 1/4	
		MBER TA			<u> </u>	
	MAF	RK	PART		LENGTH	
	OCC EB- EB- EB- EB- P- P- E E E E E	88-1 -2-2 -3-4 -5-6 -6-1 -2-2 -3-4 -5-1 -1-1 -1-1 -1-1 -1-1 -1-1 -1-1 -1	OC0814 8F25C14 W8X10 W8X10 W8X10 8F25C14 8F25C14 8X25Z16 8X25Z16 8X25Z16 8X25Z16 8X25Z16 8ES2L14 8ES3C14 8ES3C	ROD	7'-2 3/8" 3'-8 13/16" 3'-8 13/16" 3'-8 13/16" 3'-8 13/16" 3'-8 13/16" 22'-5 1/2" 23'-11 1/2" 22'-11 1/2" 22'-11 1/2" 19'-4" 19'-4" 19'-4" 19'-4" 19'-4" 19'-4" 19'-3 1/2" 19'-3 1/2" 19'-3 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 19'-11 1/2" 22'-5"	

CONNECTION PLATES ROOF PLAN

ID MARK/PART

May 19, 2021 Stephanu Lynn Schwindt

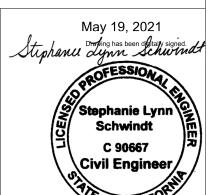




PANELS: 26 Gauge PBR — Galvalume [A] SOFFIT PANELS: 26 Gauge PBR — Desert Sand

GENERAL NOTES:
1. INSTALL ALL PURLIN AND FLANGE BRACES (FB) AS SHOWN.
2. ROOF PANEL PROVIDES STRUCTURAL STABILITY TO THE BUILDING.
3. STRUT PURLINS, IF PROVIDED, MUST BE INSTALLED AND FASTENED
TO ROOF SHEETING PER "PBR" PANEL ROOF DETAIL.
4. DO NOT ADD ANY ADDITIONAL ROOF OPENINGS WITHOUT BUILDING
MANUFACTURER APPROVAL OR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER APPROVAL.
5. DO NOT STACK SHEET BUNDLES ON ROOF. ONLY RAISE INDIVIDUAL
SHEETS AS NEEDED.
6. AFTER INSTALLATION, WIPE ALL PANELS CLEAN OF METAL
SHAVINGS CAUSED BY DRILLING.

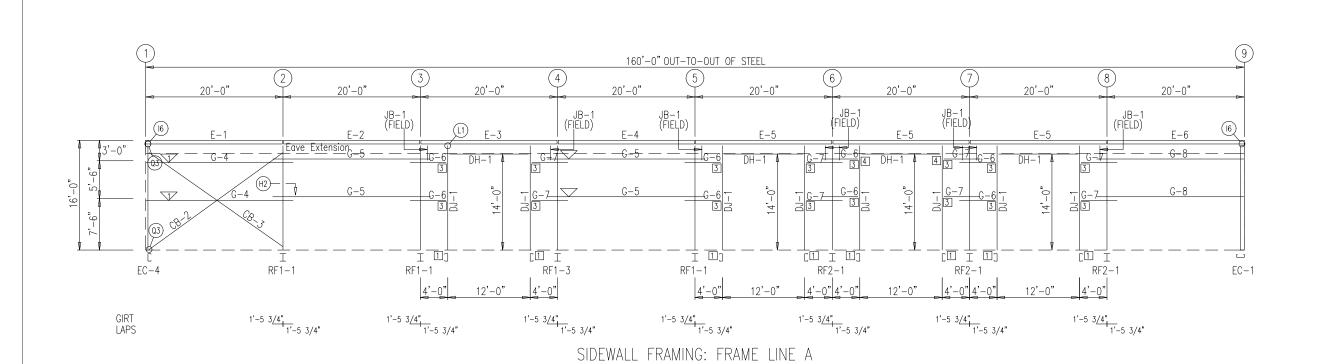
ISSUE 0	DESCRIPTION FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	BY IES	CK'D IES	JOP		BL	JE C uilding Sys	tems	Mount Plea Rocky Mou	MS. (662) 328-6722 asant, IA. (319) 385-800 Int, NC. (252) 977-2131 uildings.com			
					PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	RICT					
					CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		OWNER	: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT		
					LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	95249		•				
					CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE	
						5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	А	18-B-20989	E2	0	

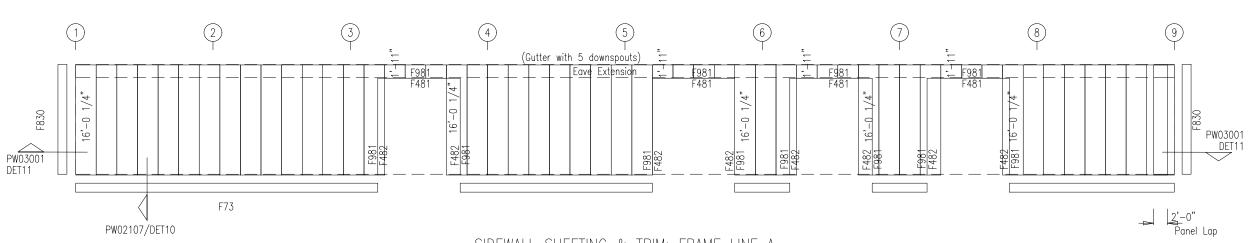


LTP'S TO BE FIELD LOCATED & FIELD CUT BY OTHERS

__ OSHA REQUIREMENTS

| INSTALLATION MUST COMPLY WITH







PANELS: 26 Gauge PBR - Desert Sand

DOWNSPOUT SPACING LOCATIONS

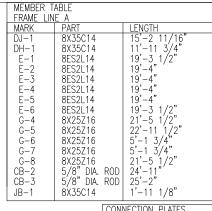
DOWNSPOUTS ARE TO BE PLACED AT A SPACING NOT TO EXCEED 50 FT. WITH A DOWNSPOUT WITHIN 25 FT. OF EACH END OF THE GUTTER RUN. GUTTER STRAPS TO BE 2'-0" ON CENTER.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. INSTALL ALL GIRTS AND FLANGE BRACES (FB) AS SHOWN.
 2. WALL PANEL PROVIDES STRUCTURAL STABILITY TO THE BUILDING.
 3. OTHER THAN FOR WALK DOORS AND WINDOWS SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT, DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL WALL OPENINGS WITHOUT

	APPROVAL	OF BUIL	DING	MANU	Facturef	R OR F	PROF	ESSIONA
4.	AFTER INST	TALLATION	, WIP	E ALL	PANELS	CLEAN	0F	METAL
	SHAVINGS	CAUSED	BY D	RILLIN	Э.			

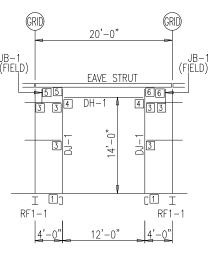
														Stephanu Lynn Schwindt
ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN		A (Columbus	MS. (662) 328-6722			ROFESSIONAL
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP	,			_(())	Mount Plea	asant, IA. (319) 385-80			091
											nt, NC. (252) 977-213	31		Stephanie Lynn S
							B	uilding Sys	stems	www.cecob	uildings.com			Schwindt m
					P	ROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIS	TRICT					(3) C 90667 (3)
					C	USTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		OWNER	: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATE	R DISTRICT		Civil Engineer
					L	OCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	A 95249						\0;\
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE	FIE OF CALIFORNI
							5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	A	18-B-20989	E3	0	OF CALIFO



CONNECTION PLATES
FRAME LINE A

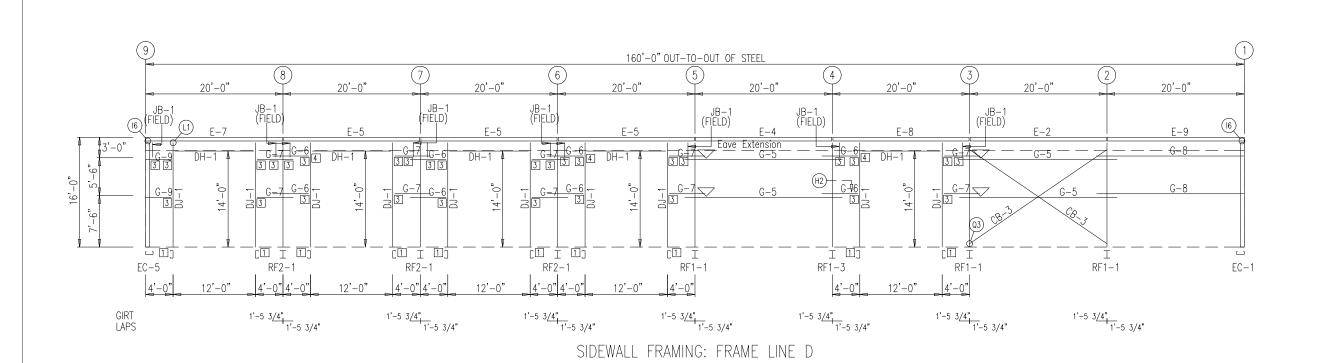
DID MARK/PART
1 CL753
3 CL751
4 SC425
5 SC585_L 6 SC585_R

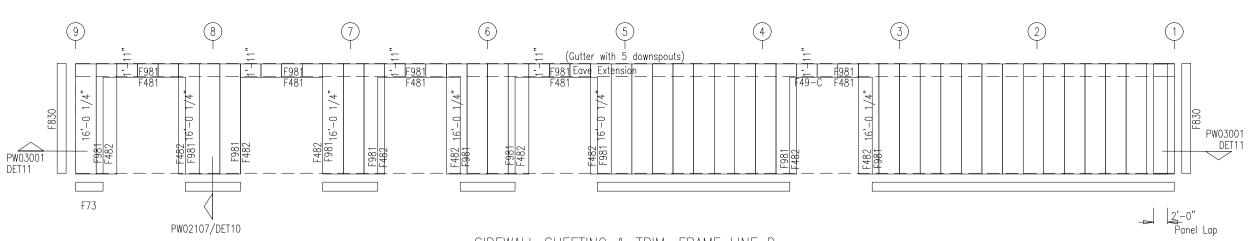
FLANGE BRACE TABLE COLUMN LINE A ID ▽ MARK PART LENGTH 1 FB30 L2X2X14G 2'-6"



FO CLIP MARKING ELEVATION

May 19, 2021







PANELS: 26 Gauge PBR - Desert Sand

DOWNSPOUT SPACING LOCATIONS

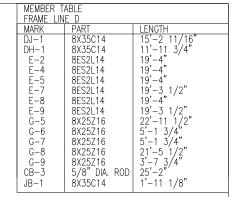
DOWNSPOUTS ARE TO BE PLACED AT A SPACING NOT TO EXCEED 50 FT. WITH A DOWNSPOUT WITHIN 25 FT. OF EACH END OF THE GUTTER RUN. GUTTER STRAPS TO BE 2'-0" ON CENTER.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. INSTALL ALL GIRTS AND FLANGE BRACES (FB) AS SHOWN.
 2. WALL PANEL PROVIDES STRUCTURAL STABILITY TO THE BUILDING.
 3. OTHER THAN FOR WALK DOORS AND WINDOWS SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT, DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL WALL OPENINGS WITHOUT APPROVAL OF BUILDING MANUFACTURER OR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
- 4. AFTER INSTALLATION, WIPE ALL PANELS CLEAN OF METAL

SHAVINGS CAUSED BY DRILLING.

														Stephanu Lynn Schwindt
ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN		A (Columbus	MS. (662) 328-6722	•		ROFESSIONAL
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP			750	_(())	Mount Plea	sant, IA. (319) 385-80			OPHO TO
											nt, NC. (252) 977-213	1		Stephanie Lynn Schwindt
							B	uilding Sy	stems	www.cecobl	uildings.com			Schwindt M
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	INTY WATER DIS	TRICT					│ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │ │
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		OWNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT		Civil Engineer
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	A 95249						Civil Eligilies
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE	OF CALIFORNIE
							5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	A	18-B-20989	E4	0	OF CALIFO



CONNECTION PLATES
FRAME LINE D

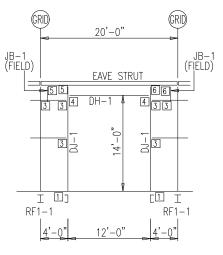
DID MARK/PART

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3 CL751

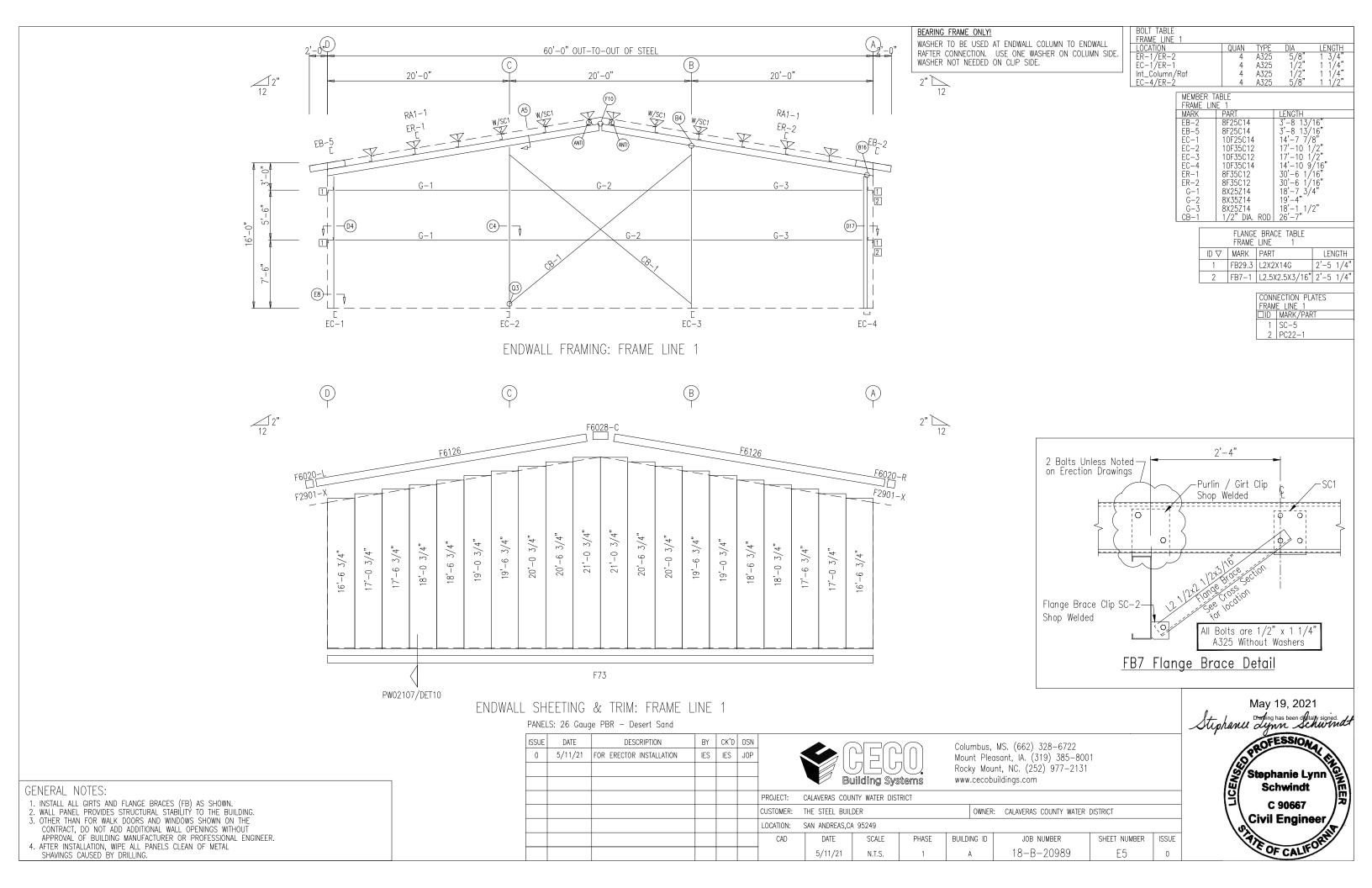
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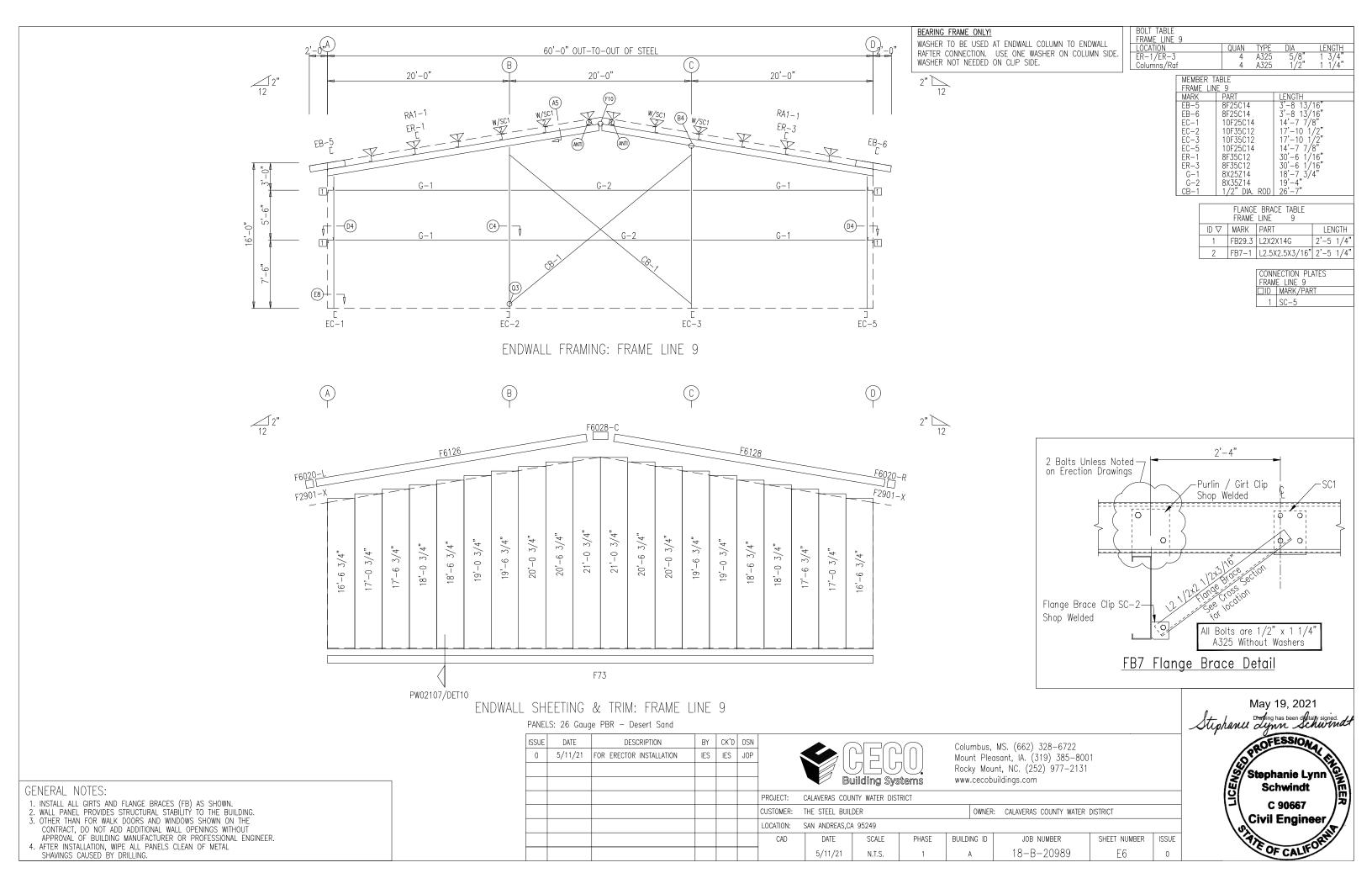
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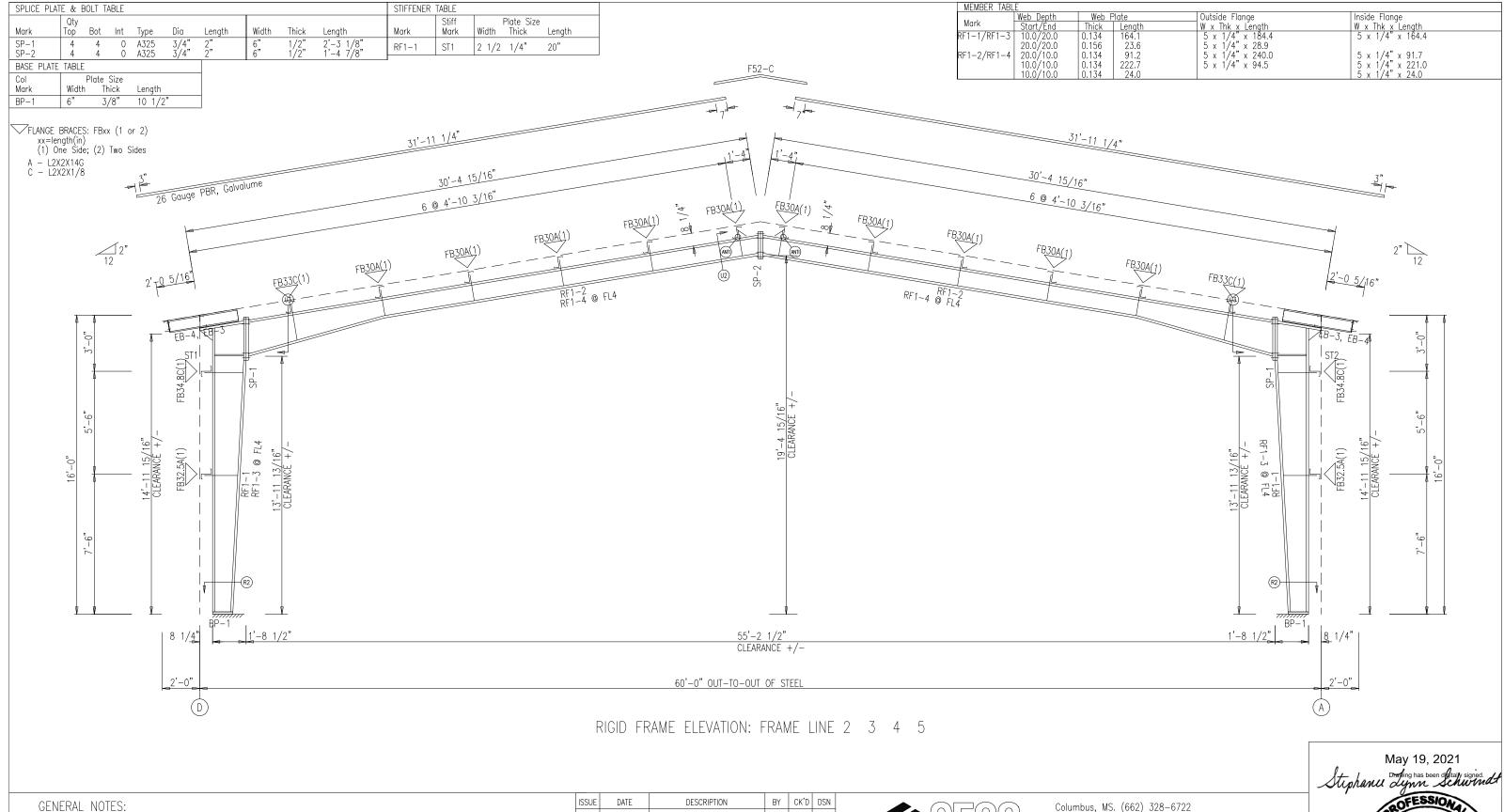


FO CLIP MARKING ELEVATION

May 19, 2021



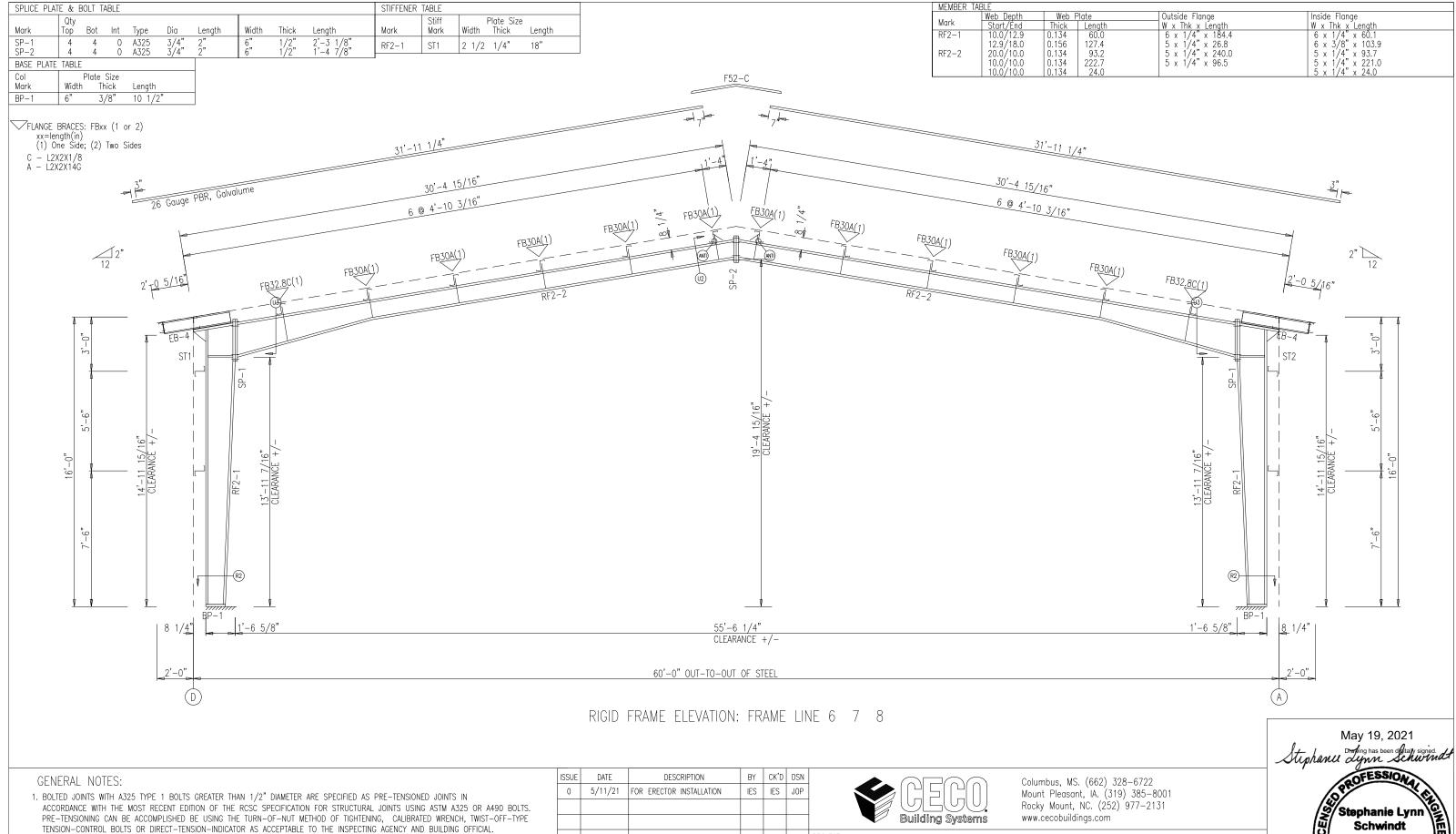




- 1. BOLTED JOINTS WITH A325 TYPE 1 BOLTS GREATER THAN 1/2" DIAMETER ARE SPECIFIED AS PRE-TENSIONED JOINTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MOST RECENT EDITION OF THE RCSC SPECIFICATION FOR STRUCTURAL JOINTS USING ASTM A325 OR A490 BOLTS. PRE-TENSIONING CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BE USING THE TURN-OF-NUT METHOD OF TIGHTENING, CALIBRATED WRENCH, TWIST-OFF-TYPE TENSION-CONTROL BOLTS OR DIRECT-TENSION-INDICATOR AS ACCEPTABLE TO THE INSPECTING AGENCY AND BUILDING OFFICIAL. INSTALLATION INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS FOR PRE-TENSIONED JOINTS (SPECIFICATION FOR STRUCTURAL JOINTS SECTION 9.2) USING TURN-OF-NUT/CALIBRATED WRENCH/TWIST OFF TYPE TENSION CONTROL BOLTS/DIRECT TENSION INDICATOR] METHOD IS SUGGESTED. THE CONNECTIONS ON THIS PROJECT ARE NOT SLIP CRITICAL.
- 2. ALL FIELD CONNECTIONS OF SECONDARY FRAMING SHALL BE BOLTED WITH A325 BOLTS.
- 3. INSTALL ALL FLANGE BRACES ON COLUMN AND RAFTER AS SHOWN.

1220F	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BI	CKD	DZM		. (Columbus	MS. (662) 328-6722			
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP					Mount Plea	asant, IA. (319) 385-800			
								كإكالا			int, NC. (252) 977-2131			
							B	uilding Sys	stems	www.cecob	uildings.com			
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	INTY WATER DIST	RICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		OWNER	: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT		
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	A 95249						
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE	
							5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	А	18-B-20989	E7	0	





2. ALL FIELD CONNECTIONS OF SECONDARY FRAMING SHALL BE BOLTED WITH A325 BOLTS.

THE CONNECTIONS ON THIS PROJECT ARE NOT SLIP CRITICAL.

3. INSTALL ALL FLANGE BRACES ON COLUMN AND RAFTER AS SHOWN.

INSTALLATION INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS FOR PRE-TENSIONED JOINTS (SPECIFICATION FOR STRUCTURAL JOINTS SECTION 9.2) USING

TURN-OF-NUT/CALIBRATED WRENCH/TWIST OFF TYPE TENSION CONTROL BOLTS/DIRECT TENSION INDICATOR] METHOD IS SUGGESTED.



SCALE

N.T.S.

PHASE

CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

THE STEEL BUILDER

DATE

5/11/21

SAN ANDREAS,CA 95249

PROJECT:

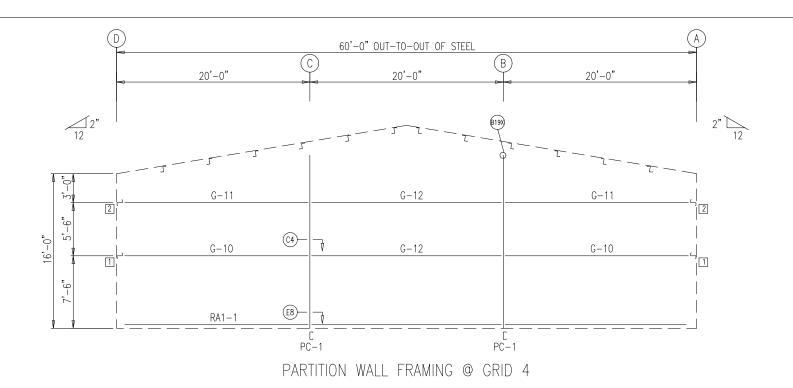
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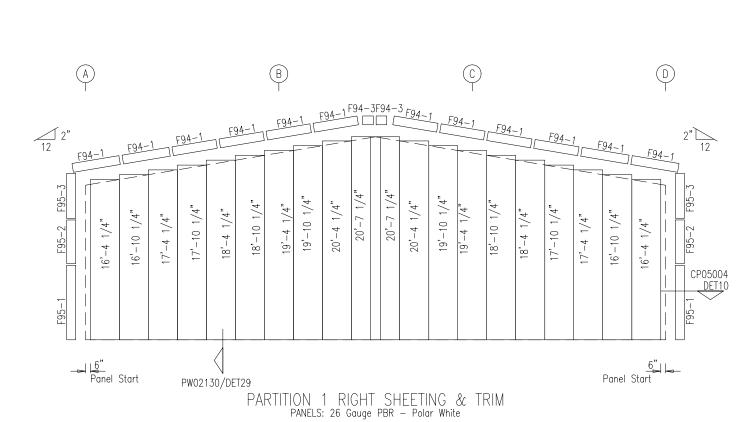
LOCATION:

OWNER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

BUILDING ID JOB NUMBER SHEET NUMBER ISSUE 18-B-20989 E8

Schwindt C 90667 Civil Engineer





			,												1
ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Colum	nhus N	MS. (662) 328-6722			
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP			71511	- []	Mount	t Pleas	ant, IA. (319) 385-800	1		
								JLLU		Rocky	/ Moun	t, NC. (252) 977-2131			
							Bu	uilding Sys	stems	www.c	cecobui	ldings.com			
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIS	TRICT						
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		(OWNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT		
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	A 95249		•					
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDIN	G ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE	
							5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	А		18-B-20989	E9	0	
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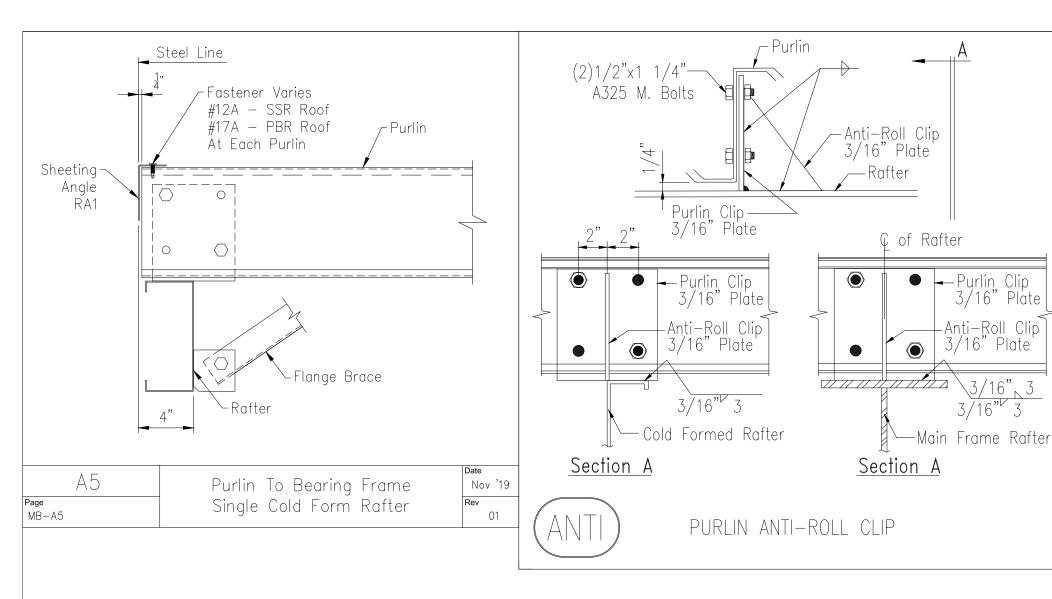
MEMBER T.	ABLE	
PARTITION	1	
MARK	PART	LENGTH
PC-1	8F25C16	17'-8"
G-10	8X25Z16	17'-6 3/4"
G-11	8X25Z16	17'-2 3'/4"
G-12	8X25Z16	19'-4" ′

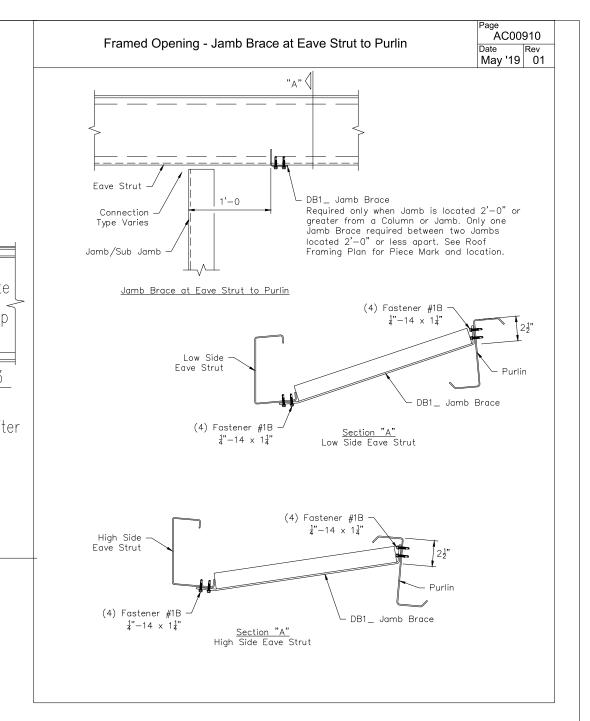
CONNECTION PLATES
FRAME LINE 4

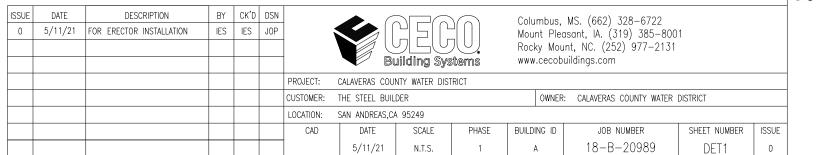
DID MARK/PART
1 PC22-2
2 PC22-3

May 19, 2021
Stephanu Cynn Schwinds

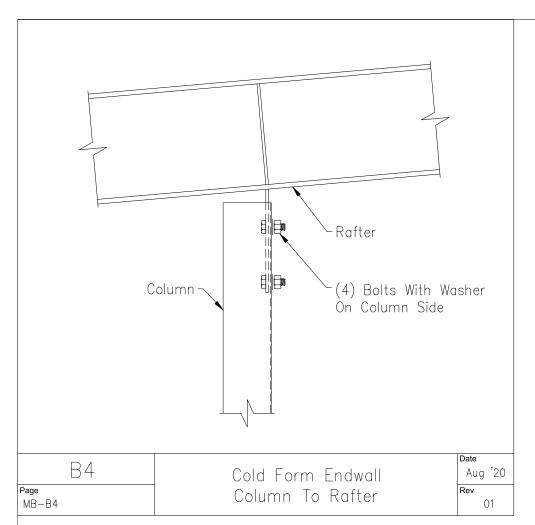


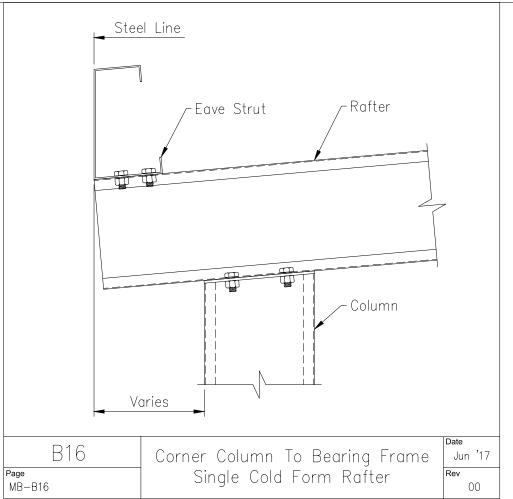


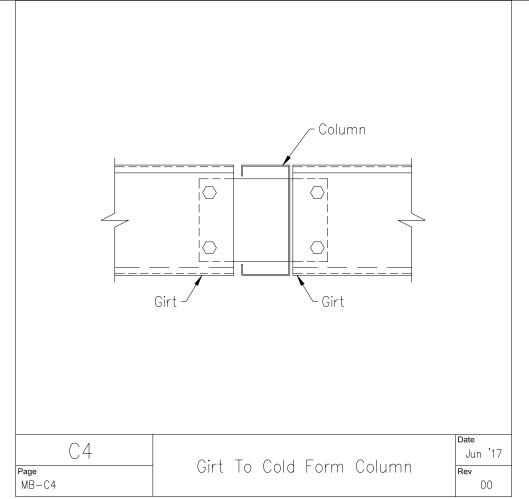


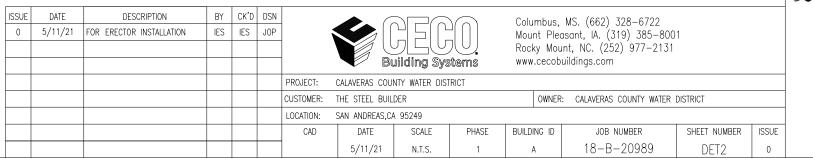


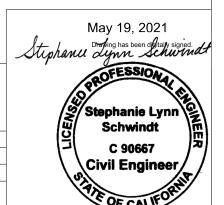


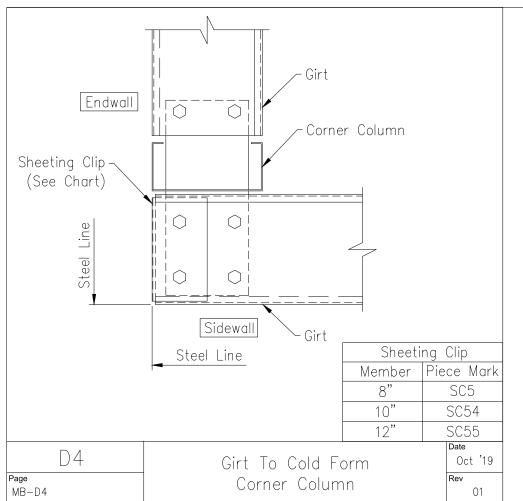


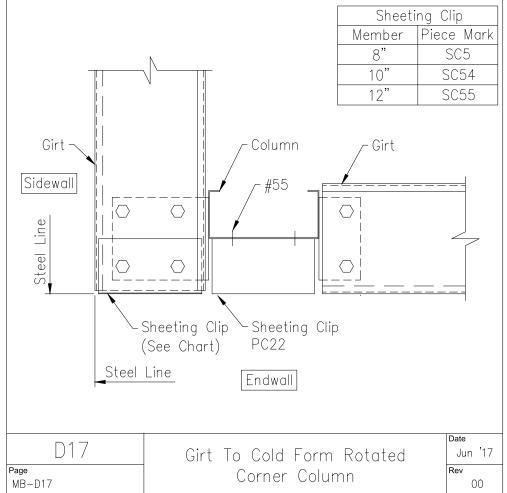


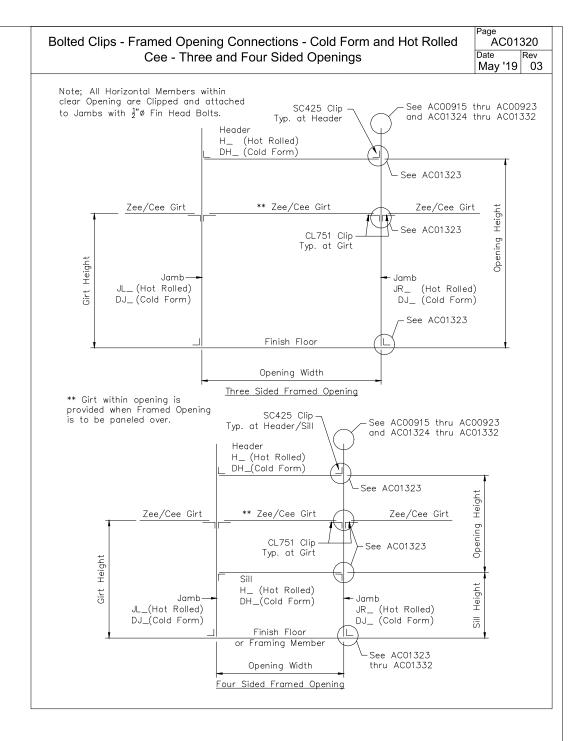


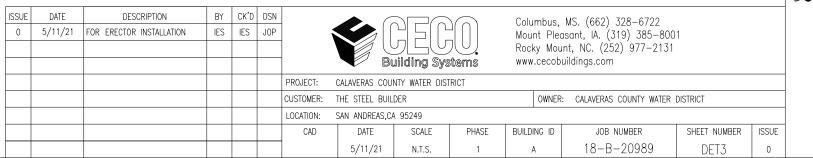




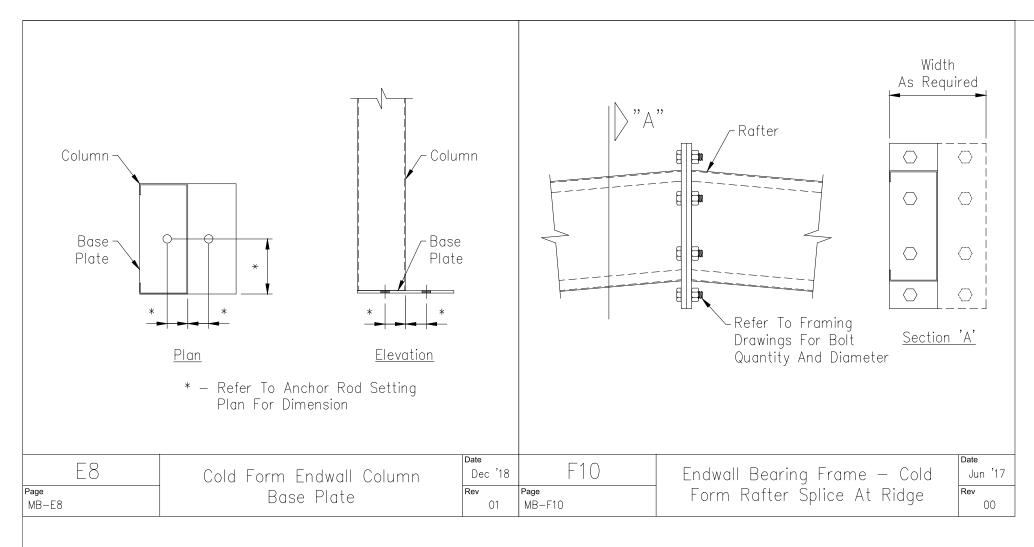


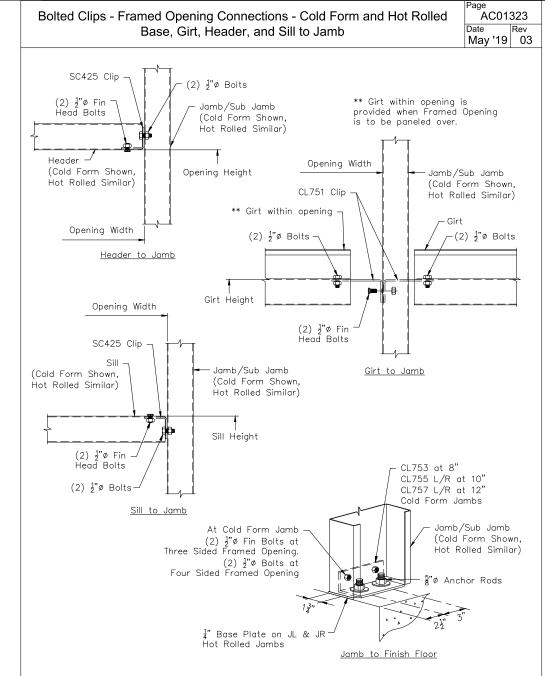


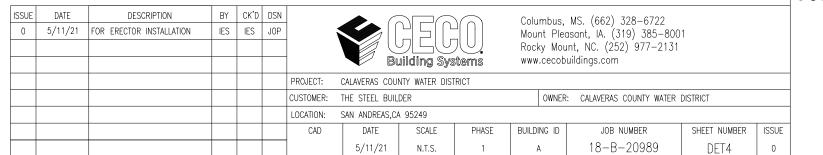


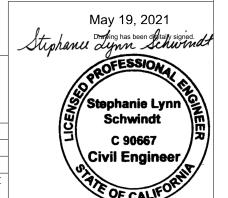


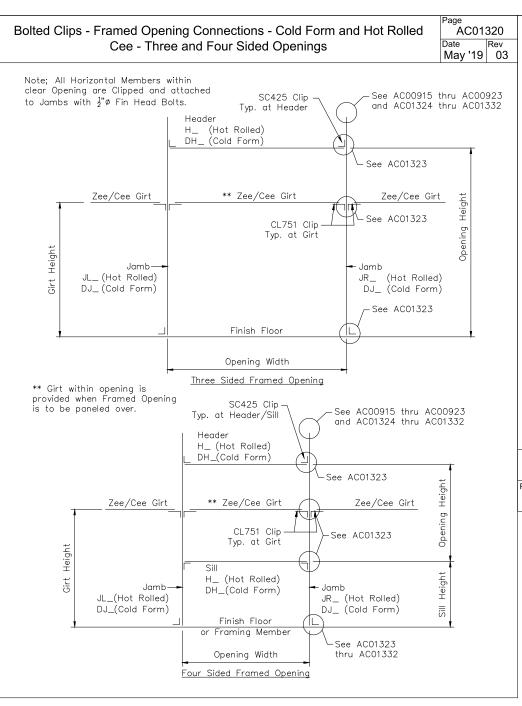


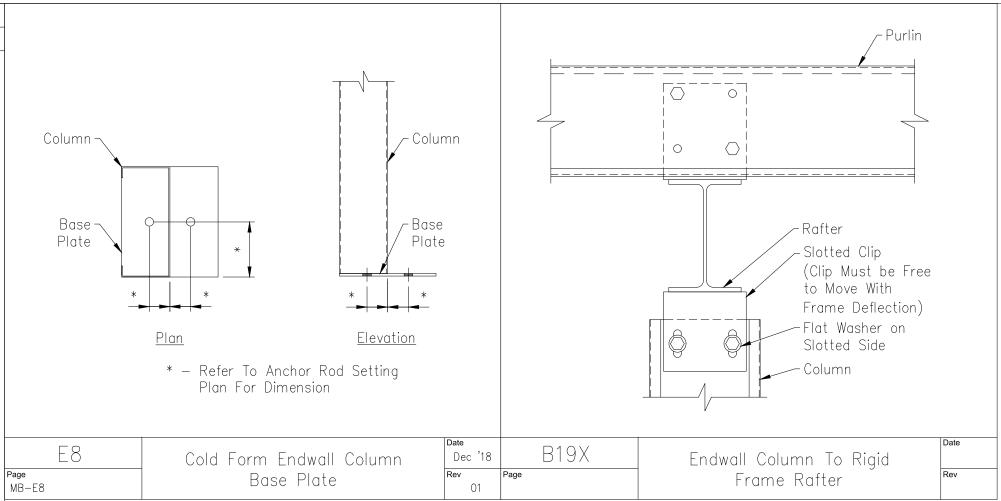






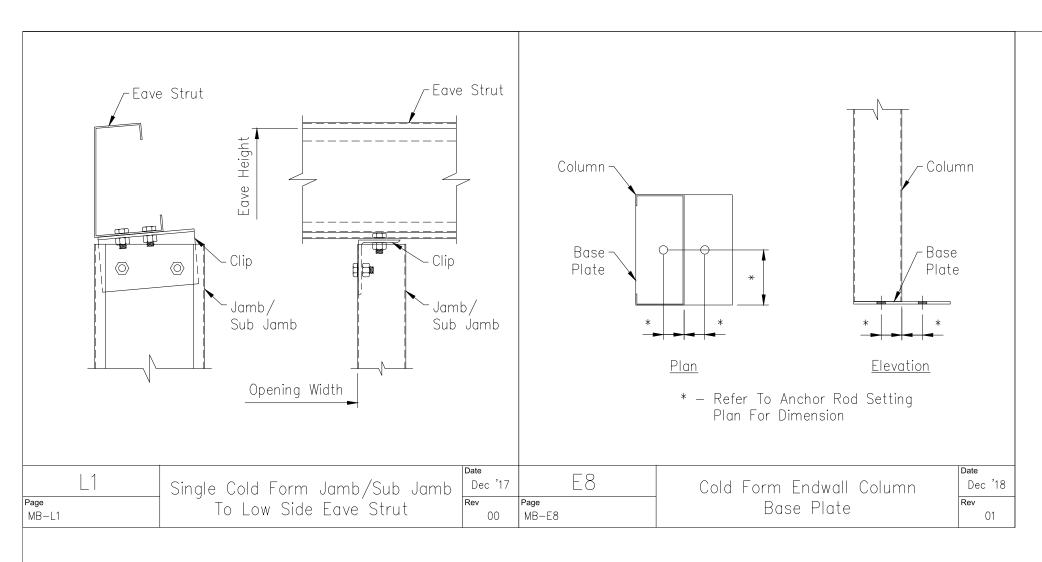


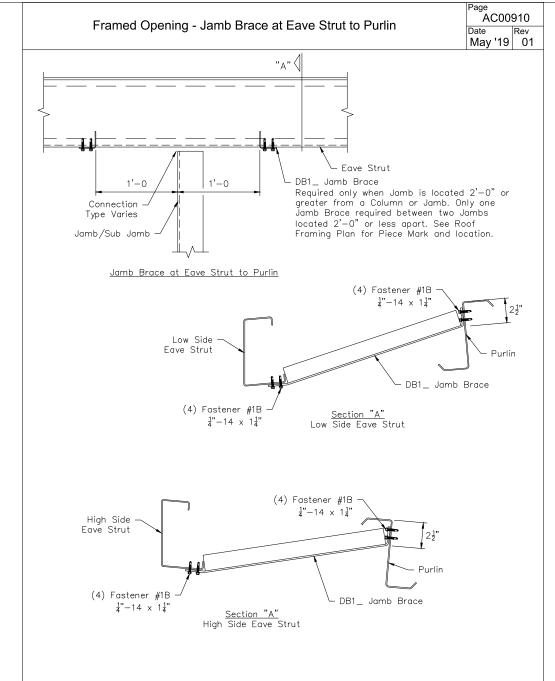


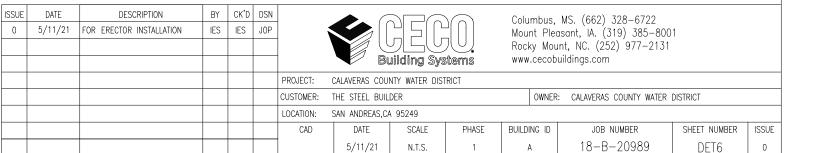


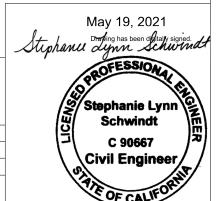
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ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN		A (Columbi	us, MS. (662) 328-6722		
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP			71 Z1 C	7(0)	Mount F	Pleasant, IA. (319) 385-800	01	
						1		7 <u> </u> 5 5		Rocky N	Mount, NC. (252) 977-2131		
						-	Bi	uilding Sys	stems	www.cec	obuildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	TRICT				
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		1WO	NER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	A 95249		<u> </u>			
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING I	D JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
						1	5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	А	18-B-20989	DET5	0

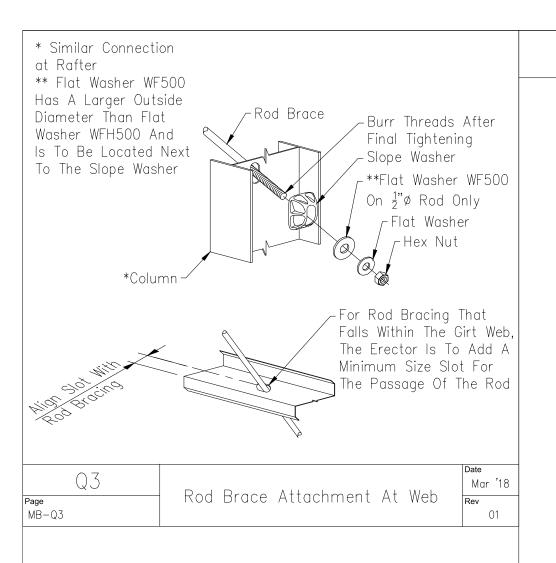














PBR Panel - Southern Standard and Southern Large Edgecraft Rake Trim Purlin Extension - PBR Soffit

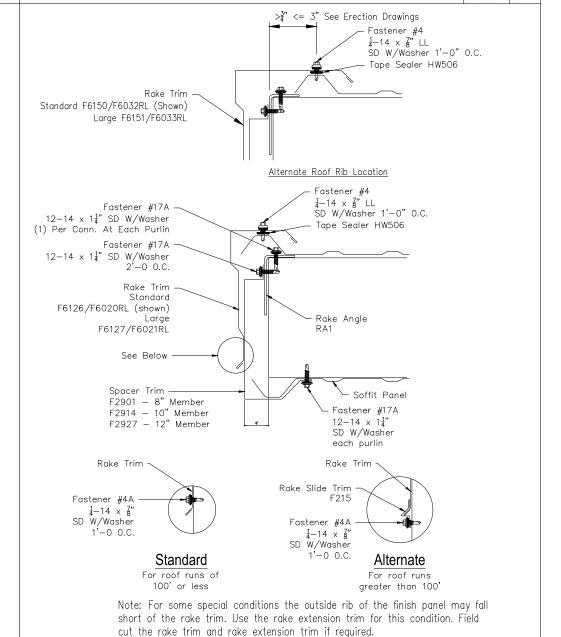
Page TPR17002 Jul '20 00

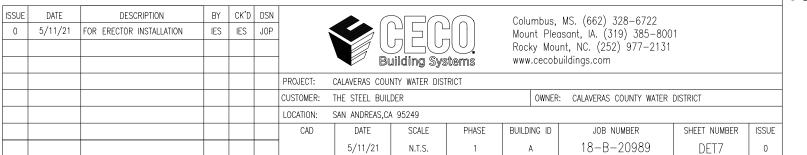
Standard Grade

Description	Fastener Number	Application
1/4"-14 x 7/8" Type 2	4A	Stitch & Trim Screw
12-14 x 1 1/4" Type 2	17A	Member Screw (Up To 4" Insulation)
12-14 x 1 1/2" Type 2	17B	Member Screw (Up To 6" Insulation)

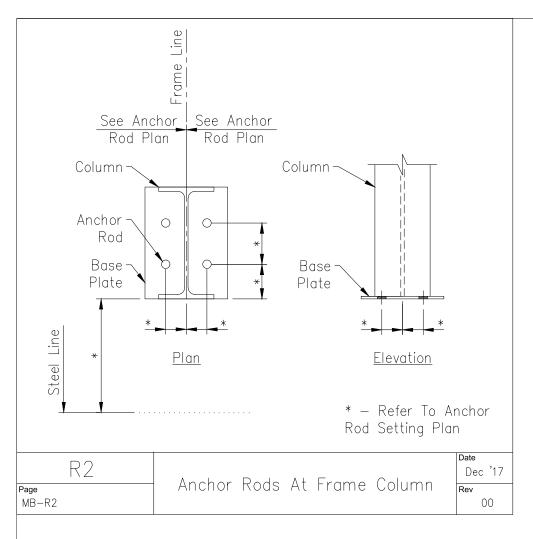
Long Life

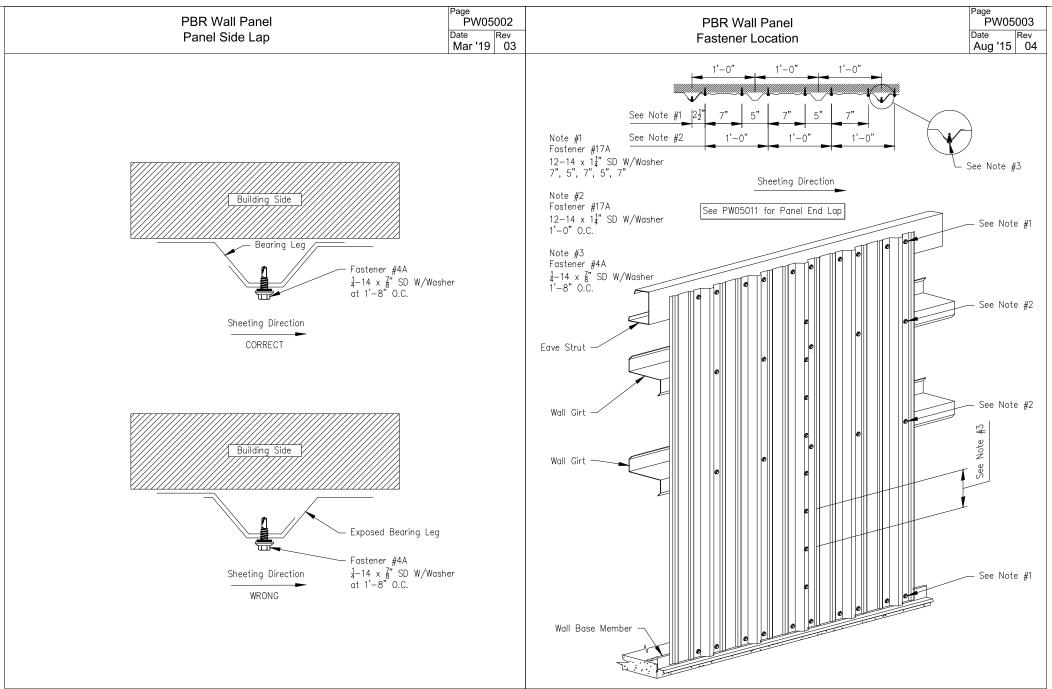
Description	Fastener Number	Application
1/4"-14 x 7/8" Type 1	4	Stitch & Trim Screw
12-14 x 1 1/4" Type 2	3	Member Screw (Up To 4" Insulation)
12-14 x 1 1/2" Type 2	3A	Member Screw (Up To 6" Insulation)

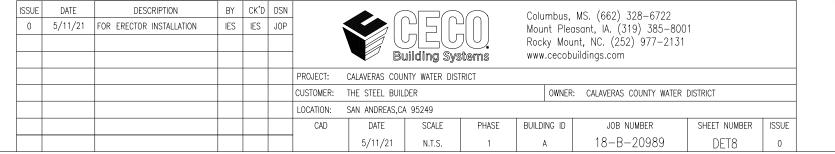




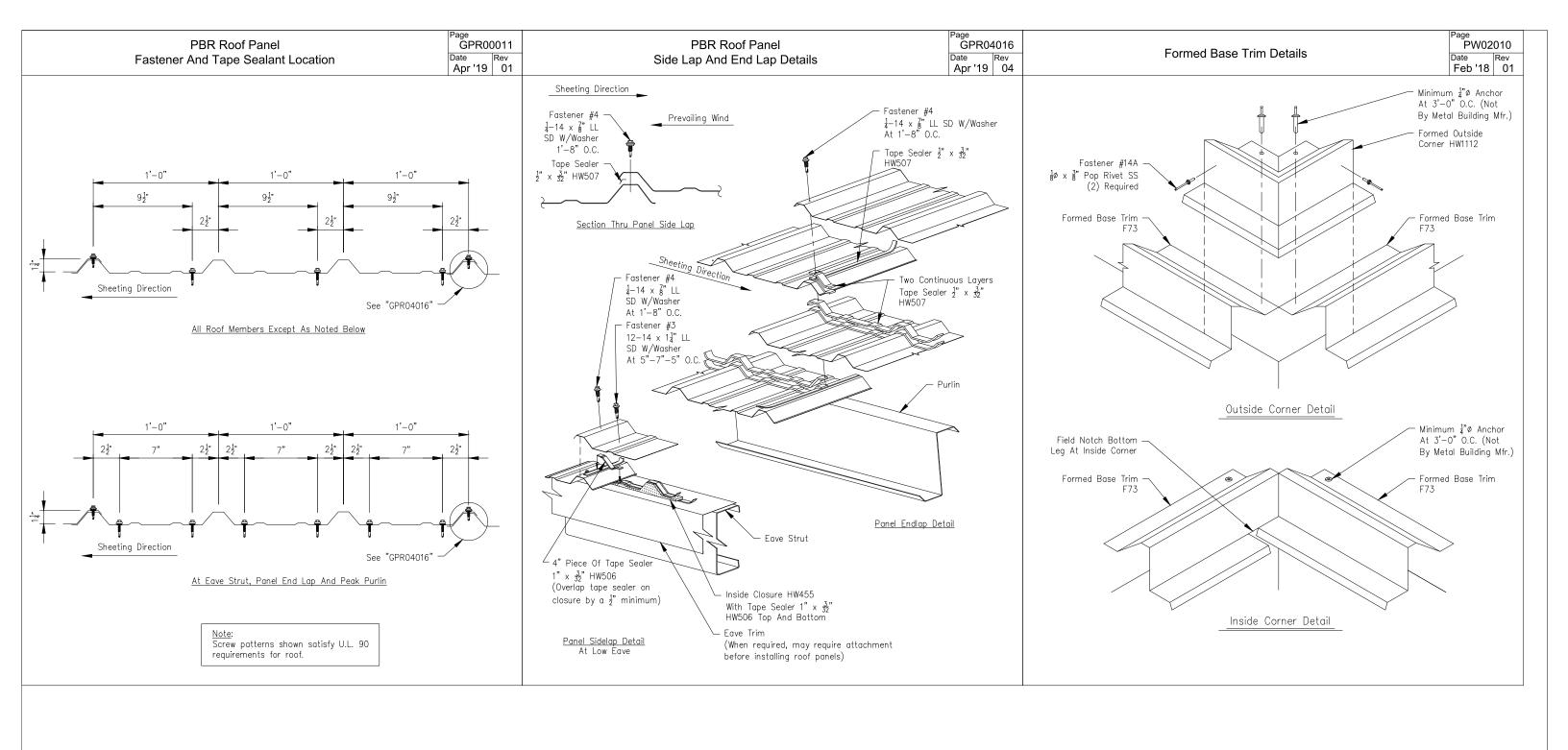




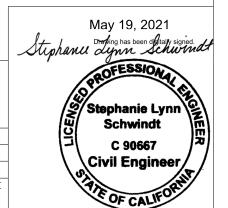


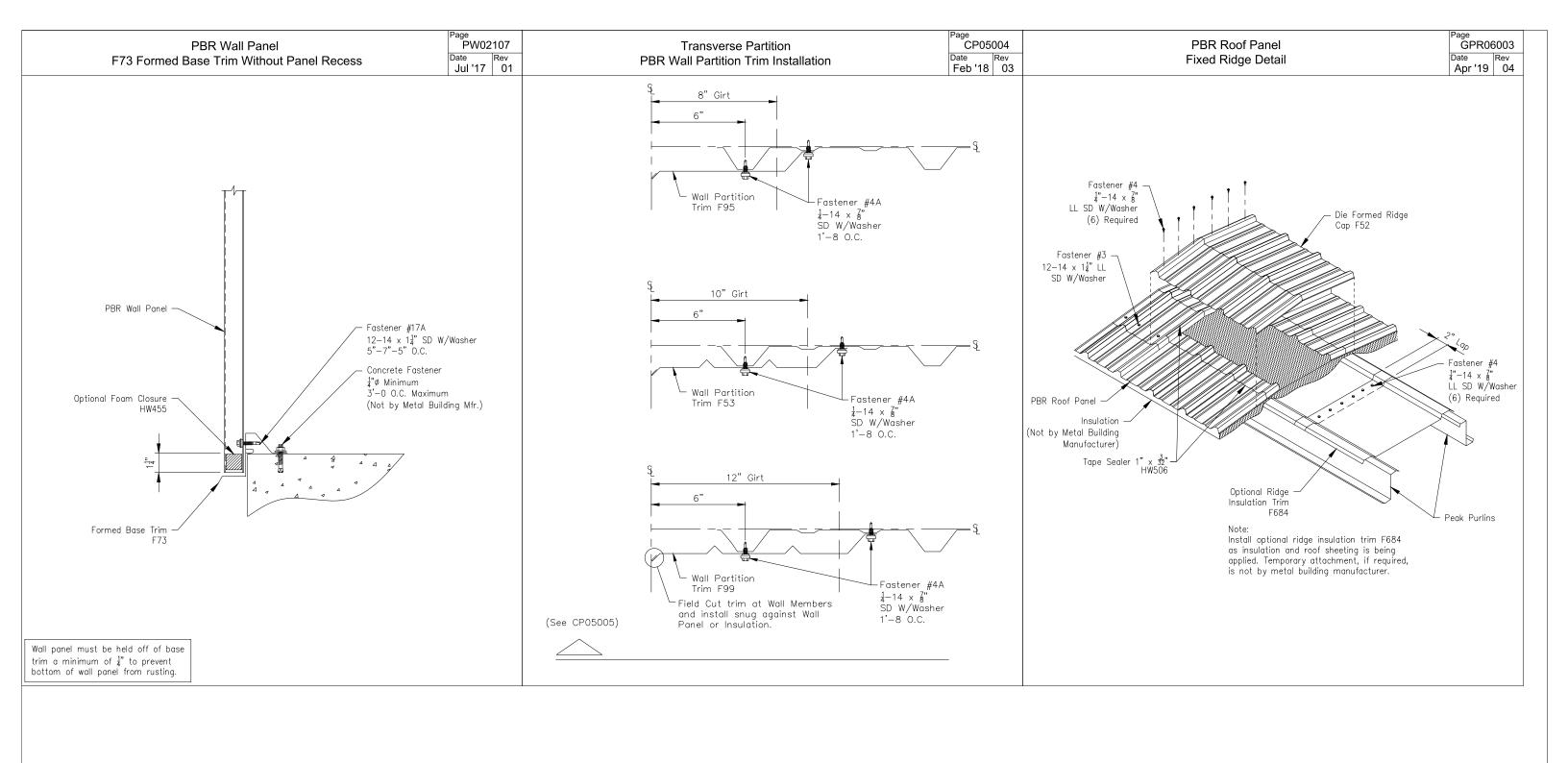




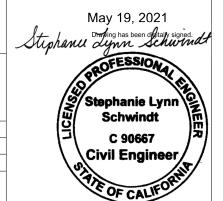


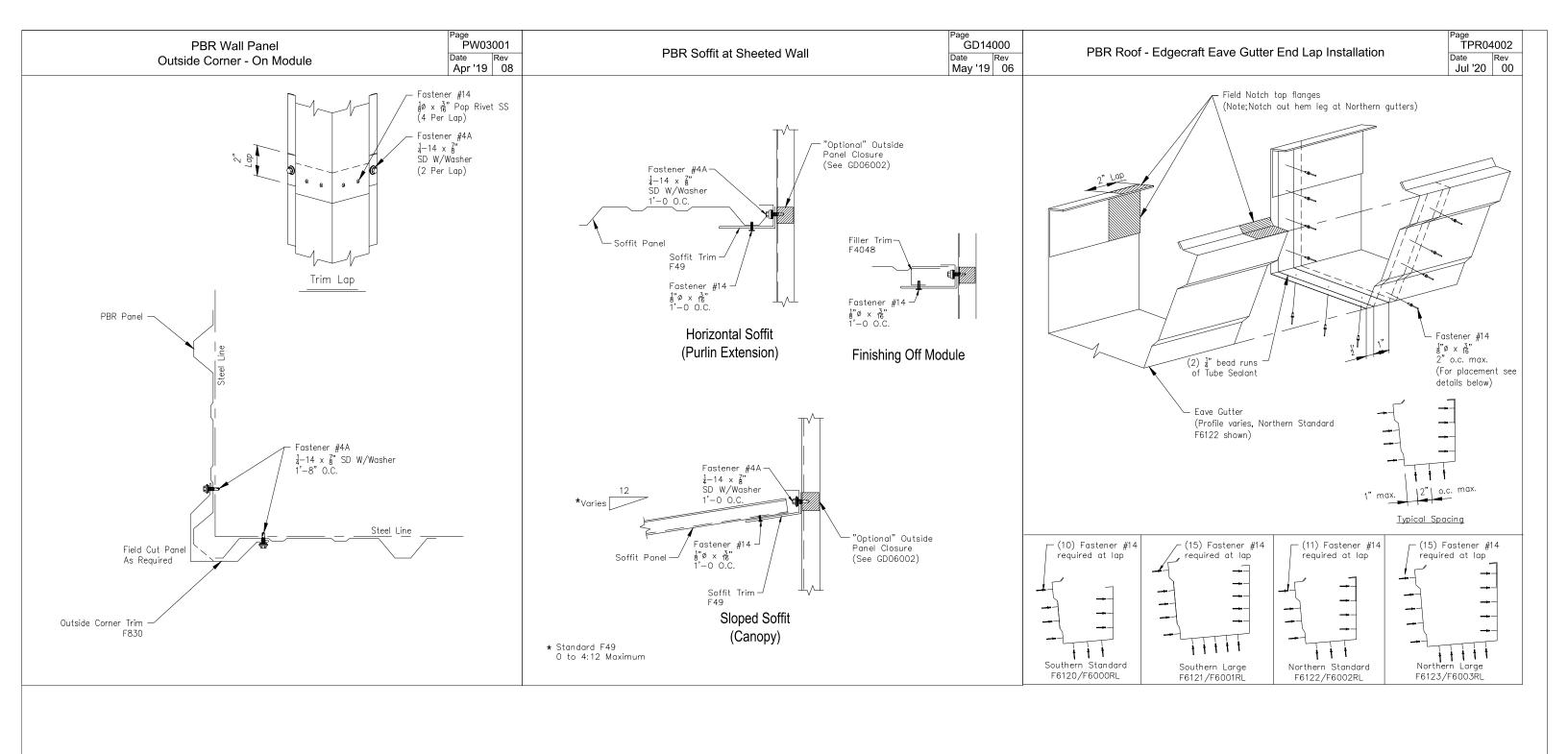
SSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Colum	hus I	MS. (662) 328-6722		
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP			750		Mount	Pleas	sant, IA. (319) 385-800	01	
								JLLU		Rocky	Mour	nt, NC. (252) 977-2131		
							Bu	uilding Sys	stems	www.c	ecobu	ildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	TRICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		C	OWNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	95249						
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	G ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
						1	5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	A		18-B-20989	DET9	0





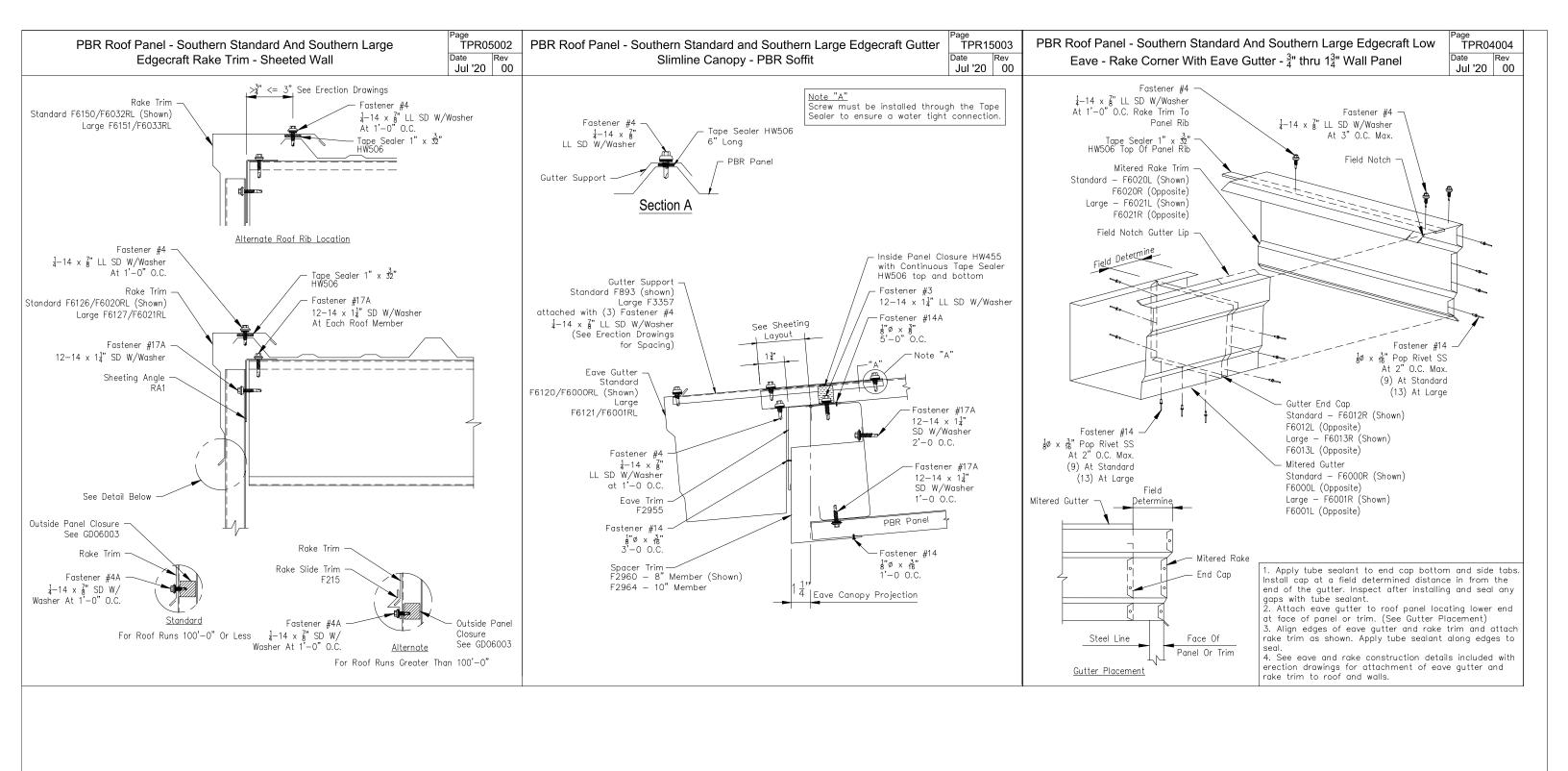
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						-	Bi	uilding Sys	stems	www.ce	ecobui	lldings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIS	TRICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		0'	WNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	A 95249						
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	S ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
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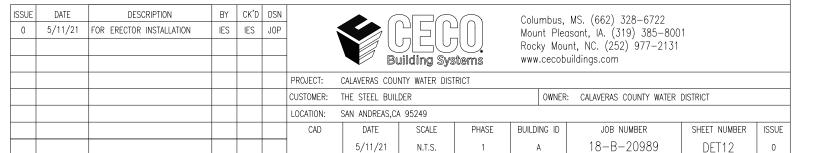




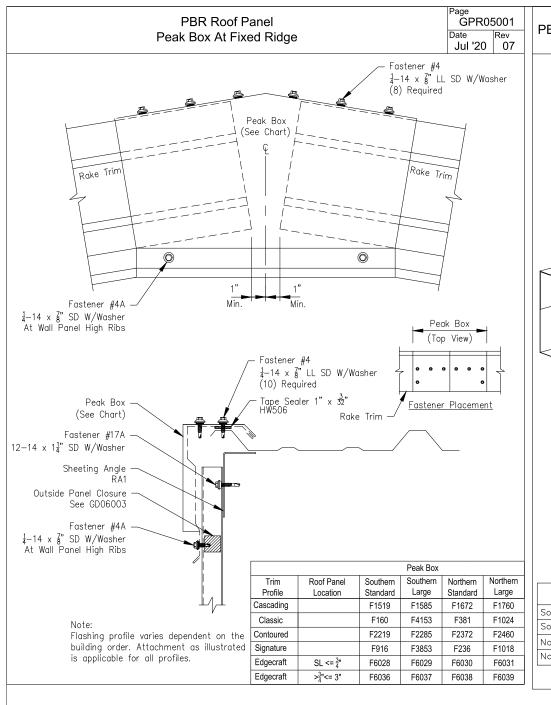
SSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Colum	hus	MS. (662) 328-6722		
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								JLLU		Rocky	Mour	nt, NC. (252) 977-2131		
						1	Bu	uilding Sys	tems	www.ce	ecobu	ildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	RICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		0	WNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	95249						
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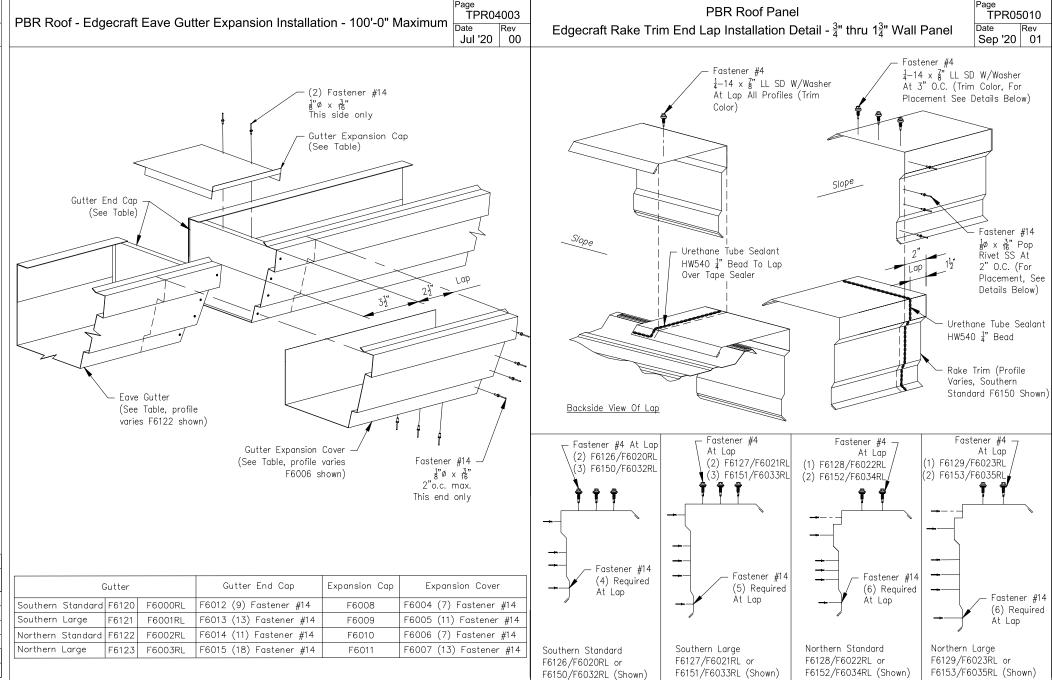


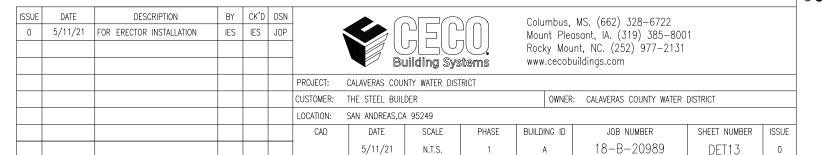




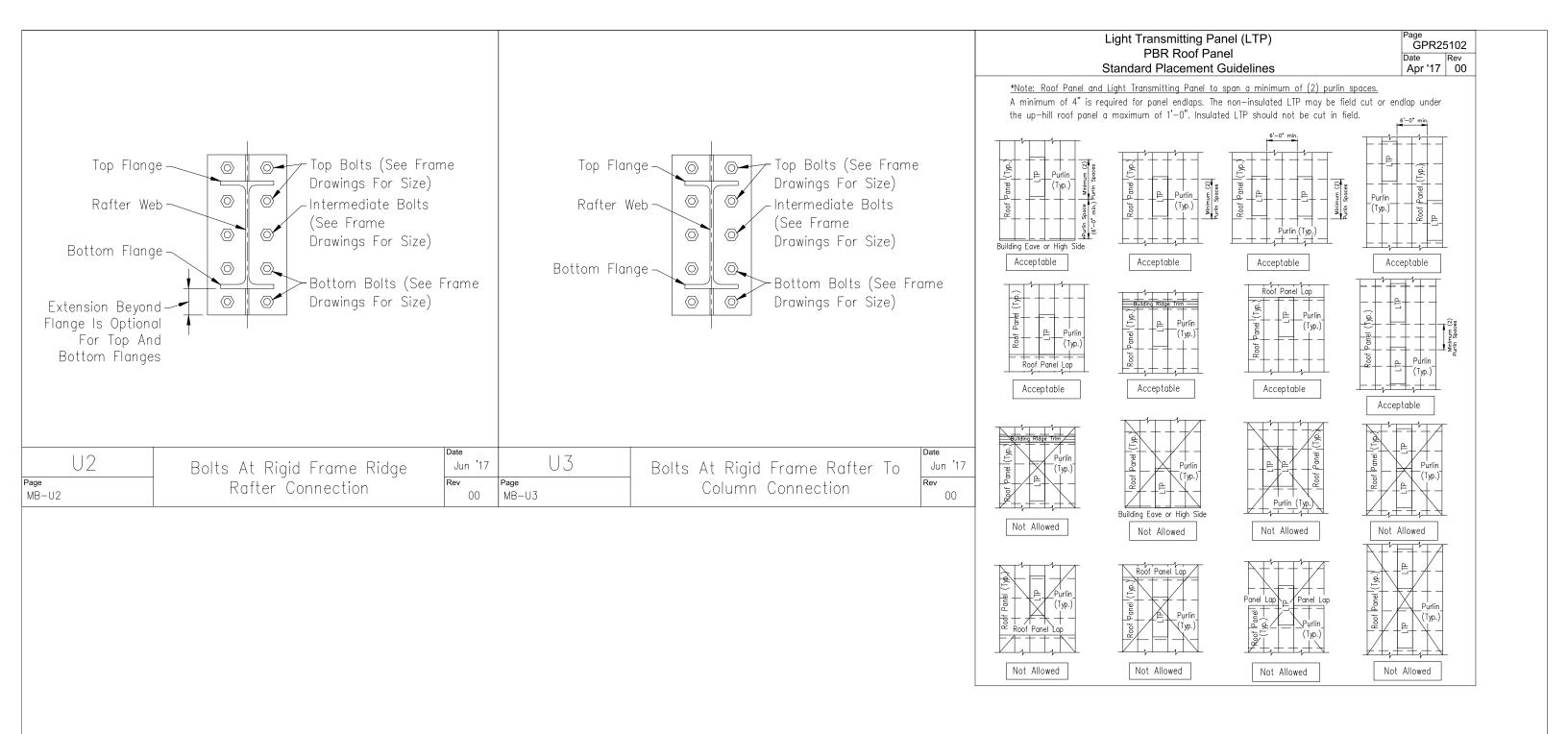












SSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Columb	hus M	MS. (662) 328-6722		
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						1		7 <u>15</u> U				t, NC. (252) 977-2131		
						-	Bi	uilding Sys	tems	www.ce	ecobuil	ldings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	RICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		0/	WNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	95249						
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						1	5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	A		18-B-20989	DET14	0



Flush Canopy - At Eave - Welded Clip End Frame - setback 4" or Greater

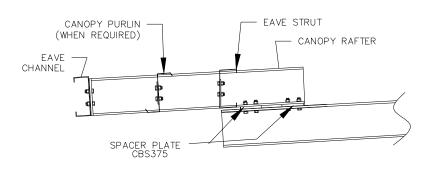
PF05032-X Feb '11 00

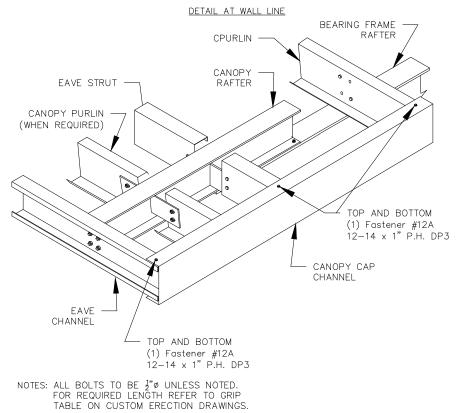
Slimline Canopy At Eave - Welded Clip Column Depth 1'-3" or Greater - By-Pass Girts

Page PF05130X Date Rev May '19 02

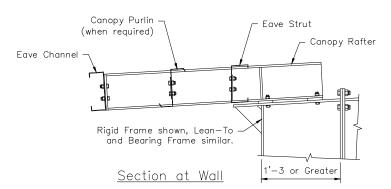
PBR Roof Canopy at Low Eave - PBR Soffit

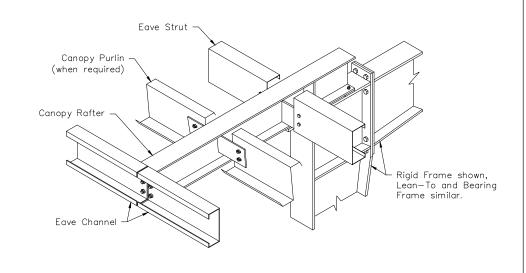
Page GD14042 Nov '15 01

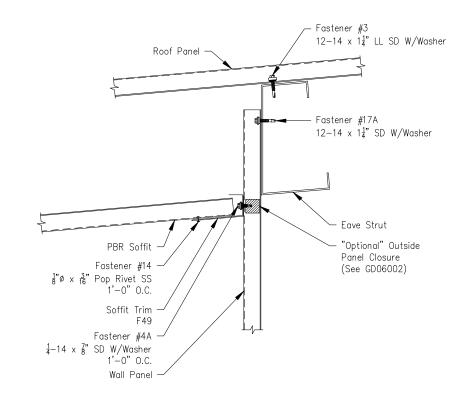




CANOPY RAFTER CONNECTIONS AND STIFFENERS DEPICTED WILL VARY PER DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.

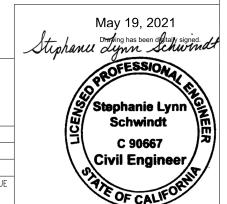


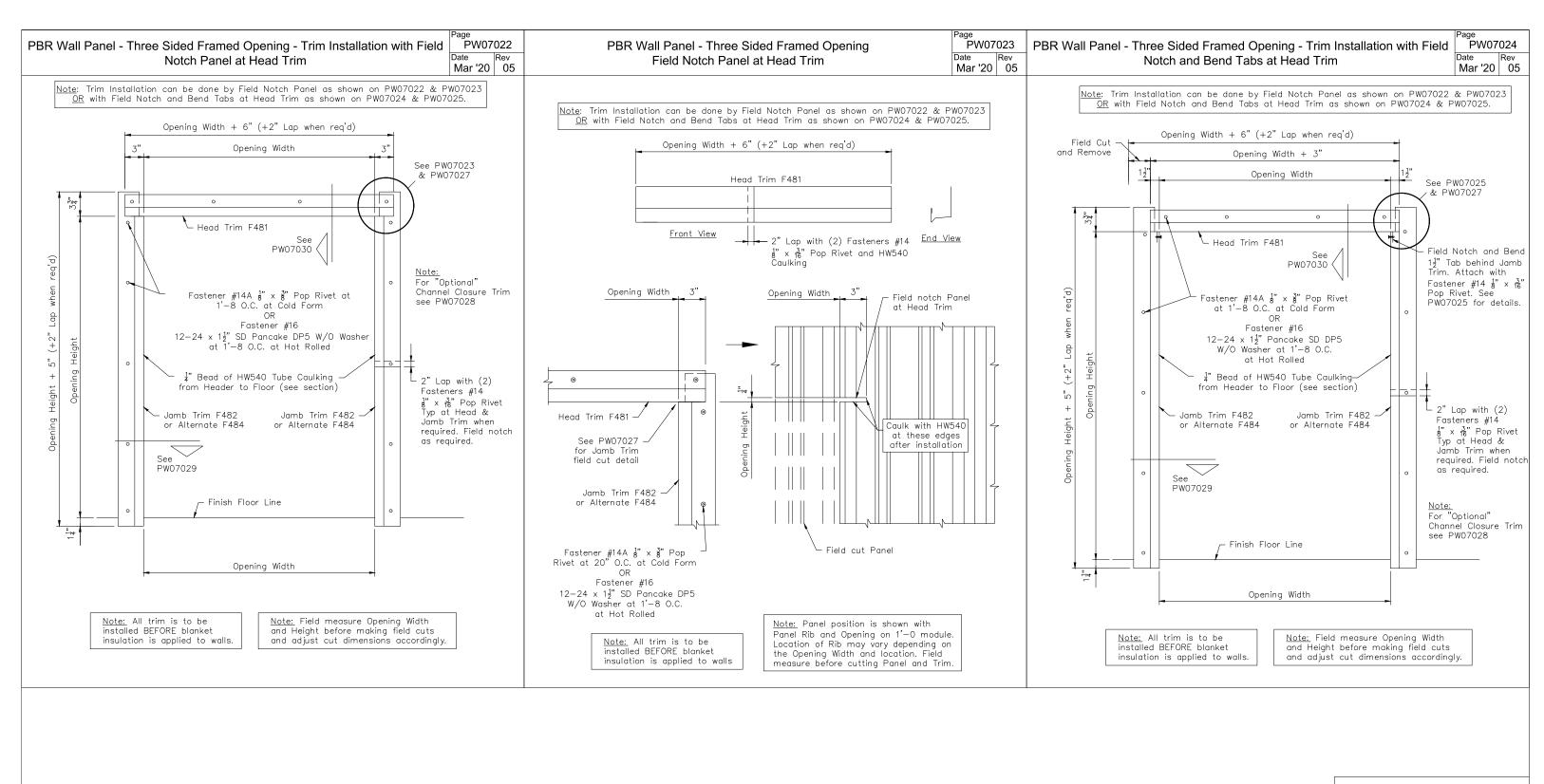


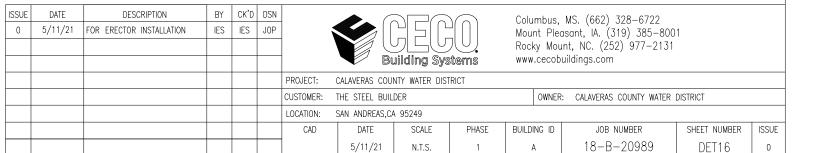


- 1) Low Side Canopy shown, High Side Canopy similar with Canopy Purlins facing uphill.
- 2) All Bolts to be ½"ø unless noted. For required length refer to the Grip Table on Erection Drawings.
 3) Canopy Rafter connections and stiffeners depicted will vary per Design requirements.

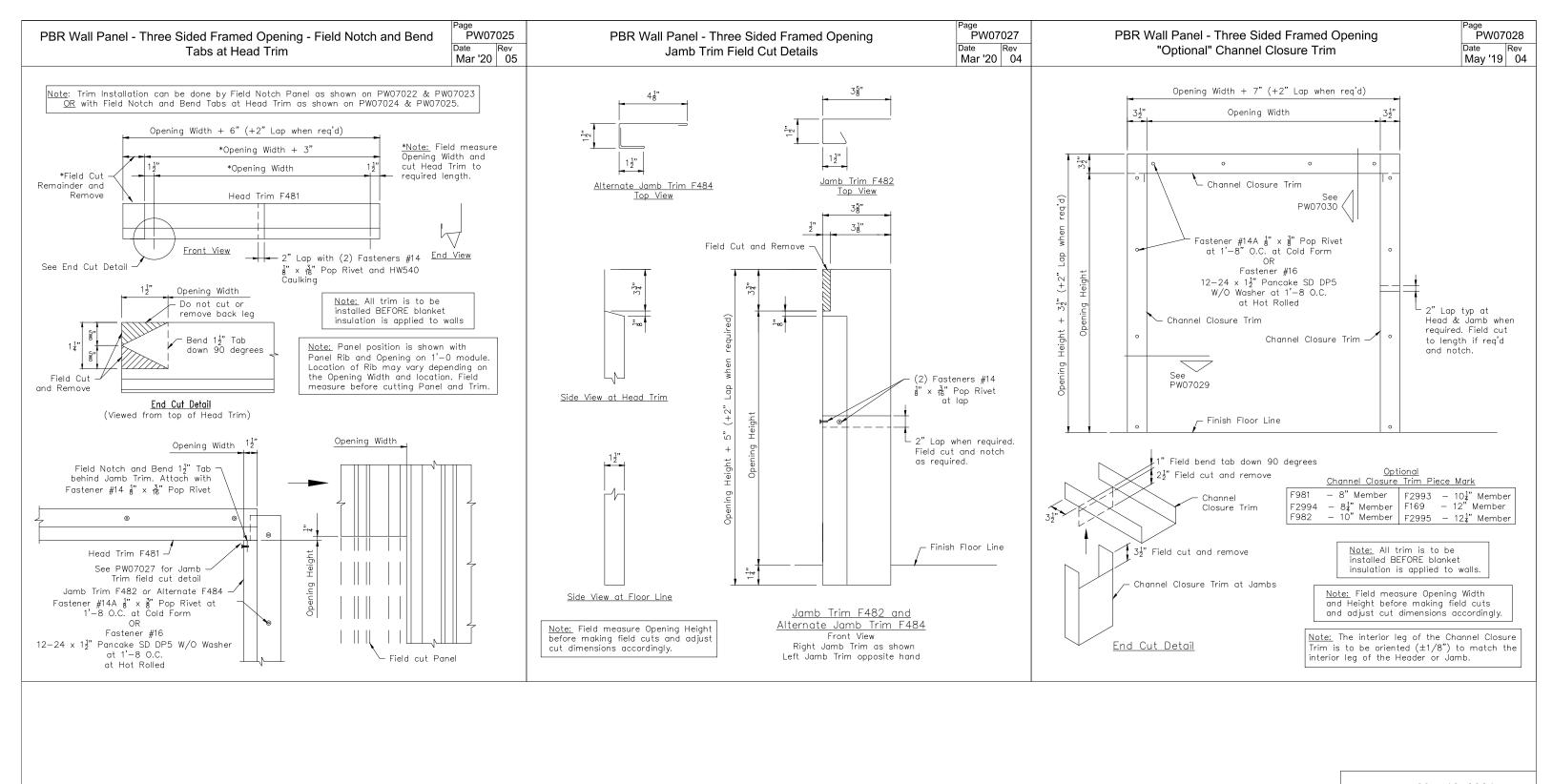
	SSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Colum	nhus	MS. (662) 328-6722			1
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Γ									JLLU		Rocky	/ Mour	nt, NC. (252) 977-2131			l
								Bu	uilding Sys	stems	www.c	cecobu	ıildings.com			l
r							PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	TRICT						ı
							CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		(OWNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT		ı
Γ							LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	A 95249							ı
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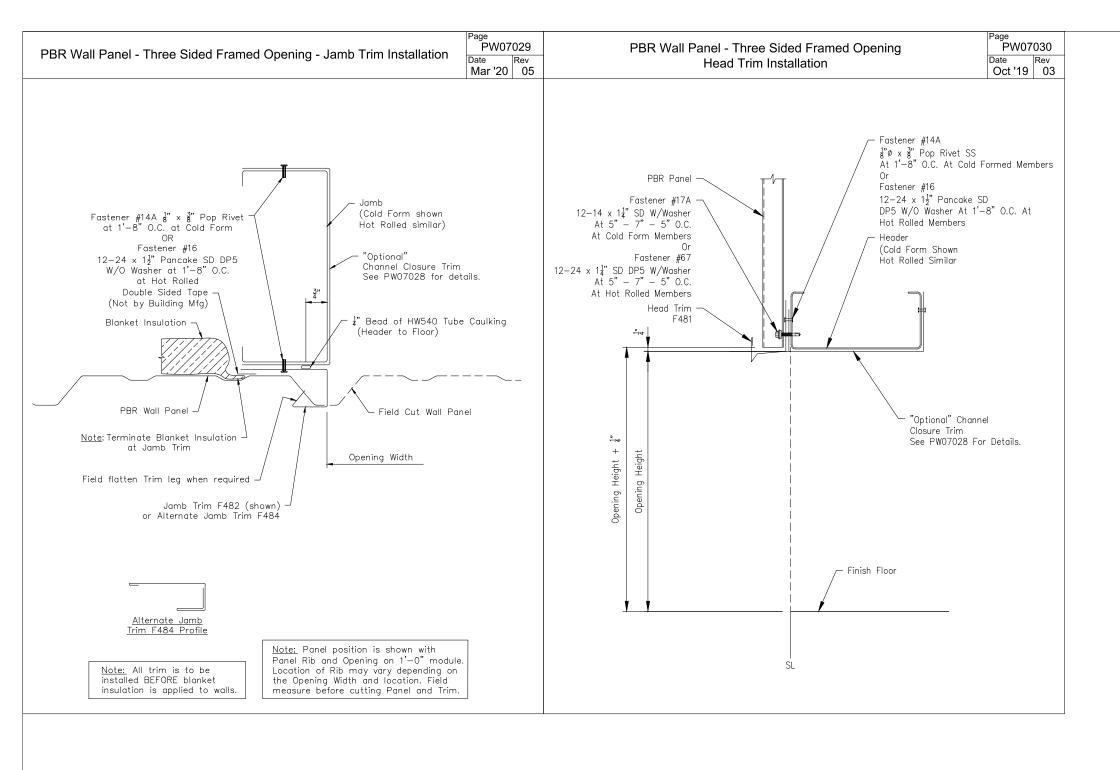




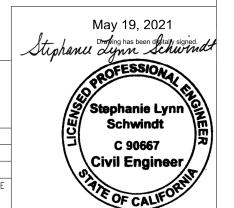


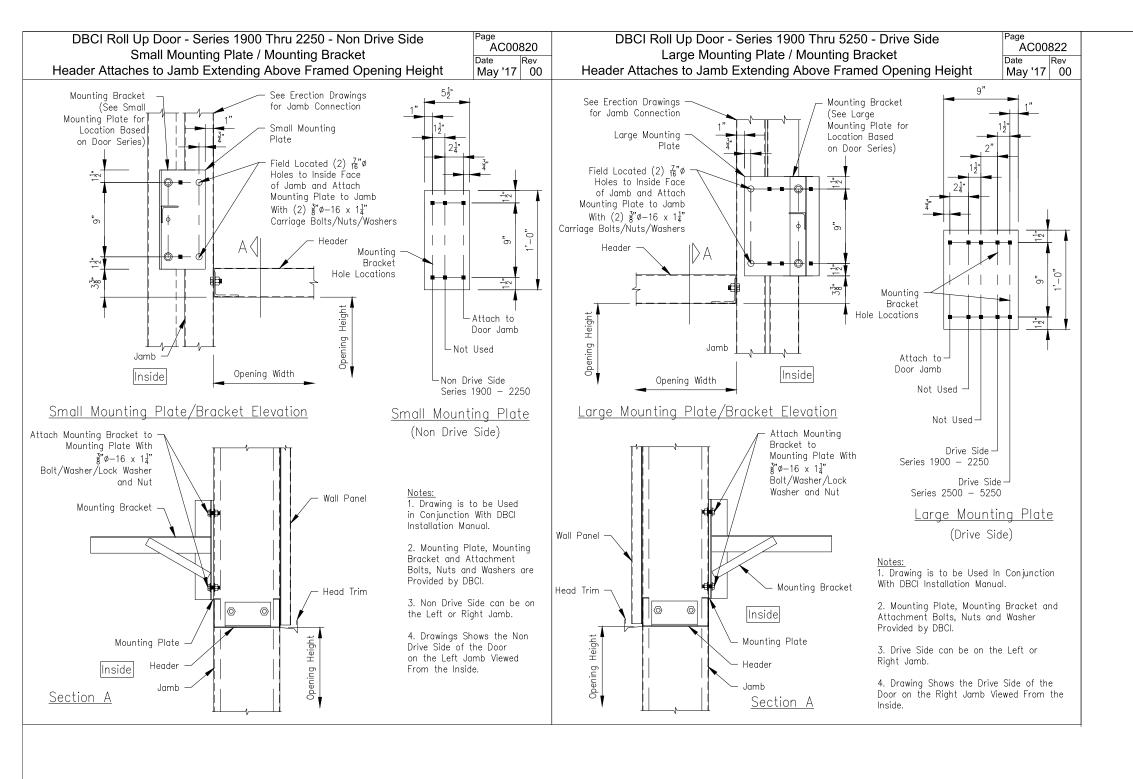
SSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Colum	nhus M	MS. (662) 328-6722		
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP			751		Mount	: Pleas	sant, IA. (319) 385-800	01	
								JLLU		Rocky	Moun	it, NC. (252) 977-2131		
							Bı	uilding Sys	stems	www.c	ecobui	ildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIS	TRICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		C	OWNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	4 95249						
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	G ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
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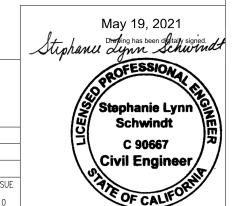


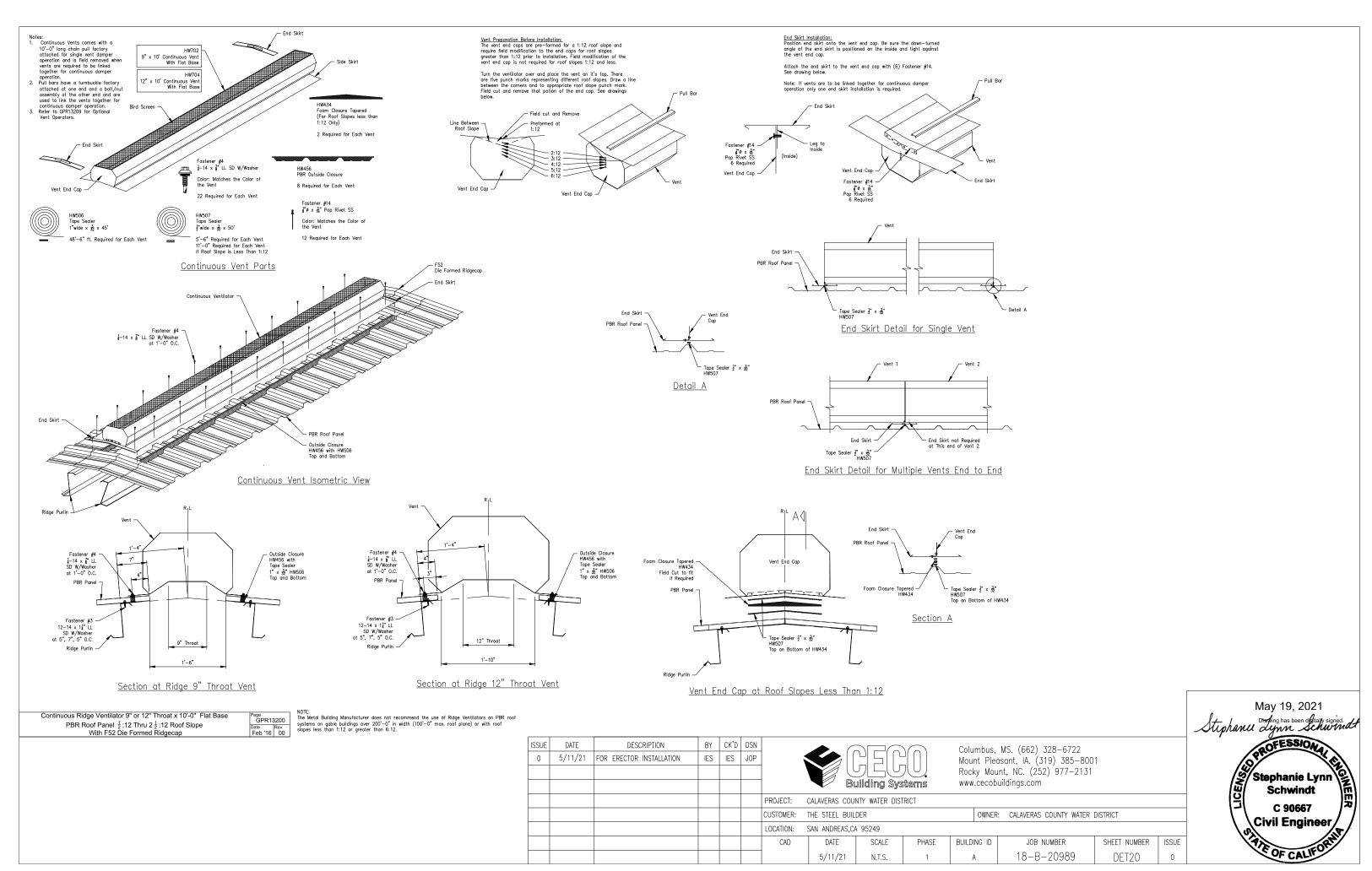
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								JLLU		Rocky	Mount,	, NC. (252) 977-2131		
							Bu	uilding Sys	stems	www.ce	ecobuilo	dings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	TRICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		0'	WNER:	CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	A 95249						
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	G ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
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								JLLU		Rocky	Mount, NC. (252) 977-213		
							Bu	uilding Sys	tems	www.ce	cobuildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	RICT				
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		OV	NNER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	R DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	95249					
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	ID JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
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BUILDING ID

JOB NUMBER

18-B-20989

PHASE

DATE

5/11/21

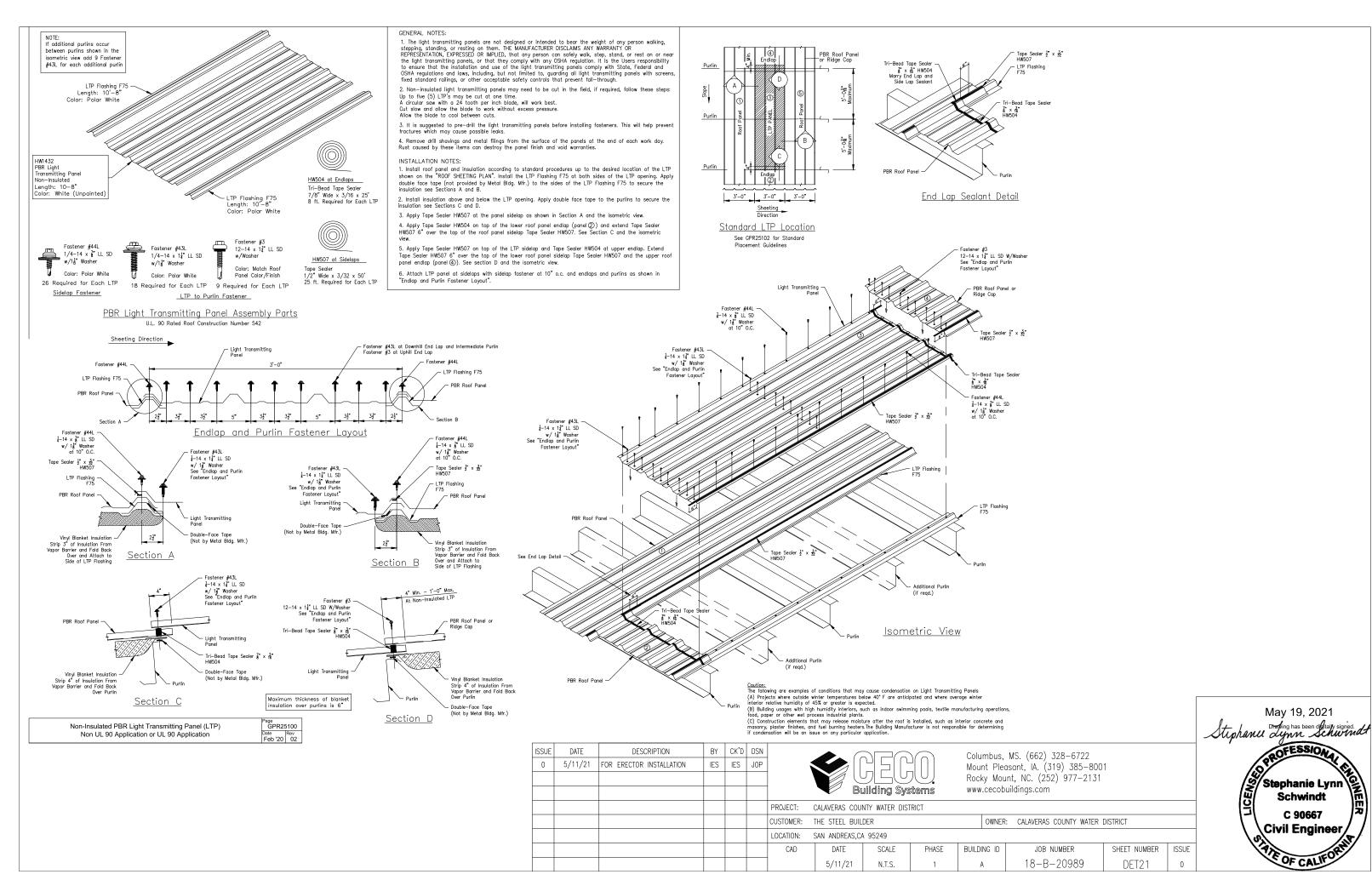
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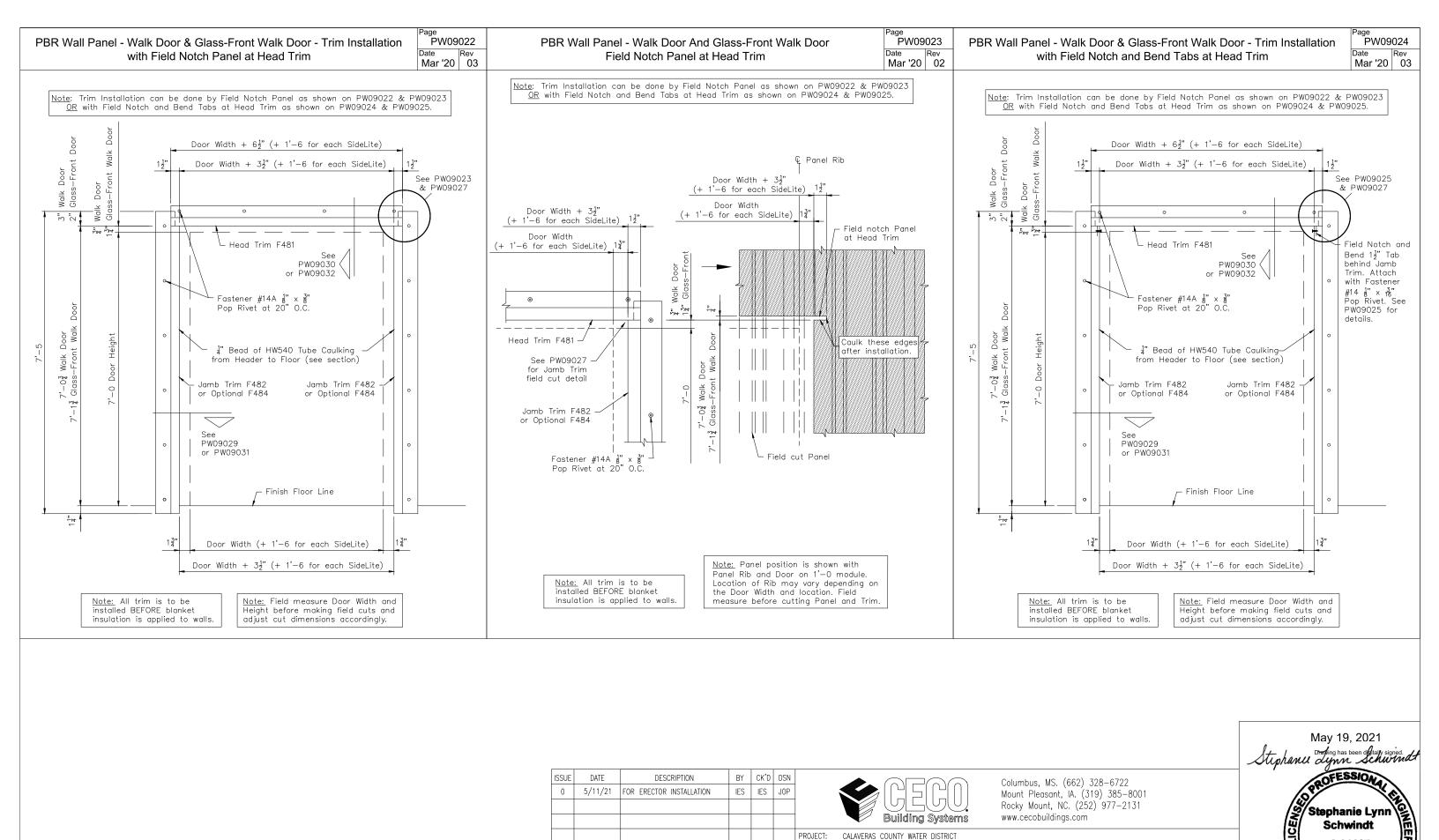
N.T.S.

SHEET NUMBER

DET20

ISSUE





CUSTOMER:

LOCATION:

THE STEEL BUILDER

DATE

5/11/21

SAN ANDREAS, CA 95249

SCALE

N.T.S.

PHASE

BUILDING ID

C 90667

Civil Engineer

OWNER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

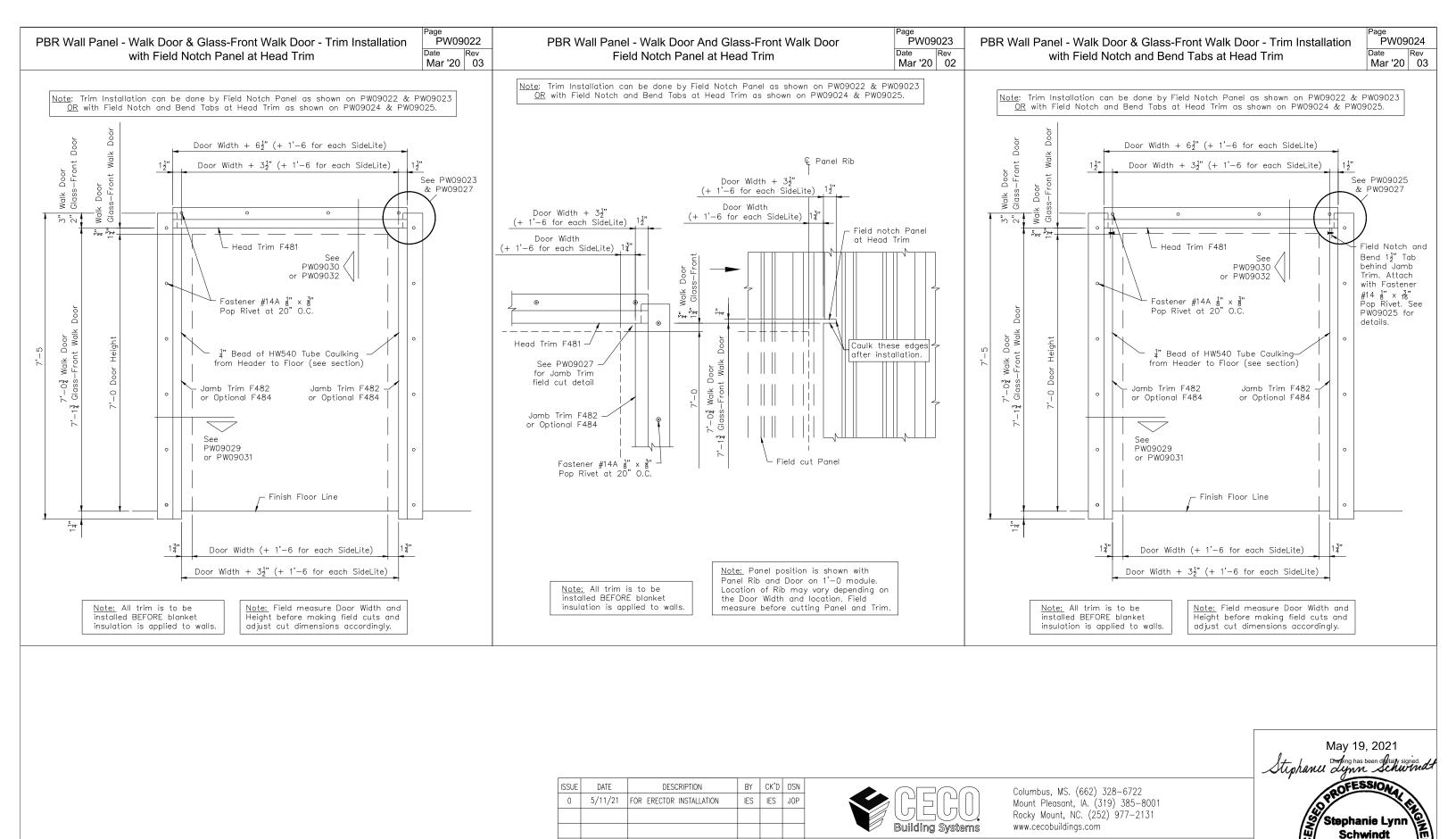
JOB NUMBER

18-B-20989

SHEET NUMBER

DET22

ISSUE



PROJECT:

CUSTOMER:

LOCATION:

CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

SCALE

N.T.S.

PHASE

BUILDING ID

THE STEEL BUILDER

DATE

5/11/21

SAN ANDREAS, CA 95249

OWNER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

JOB NUMBER

18-B-20989

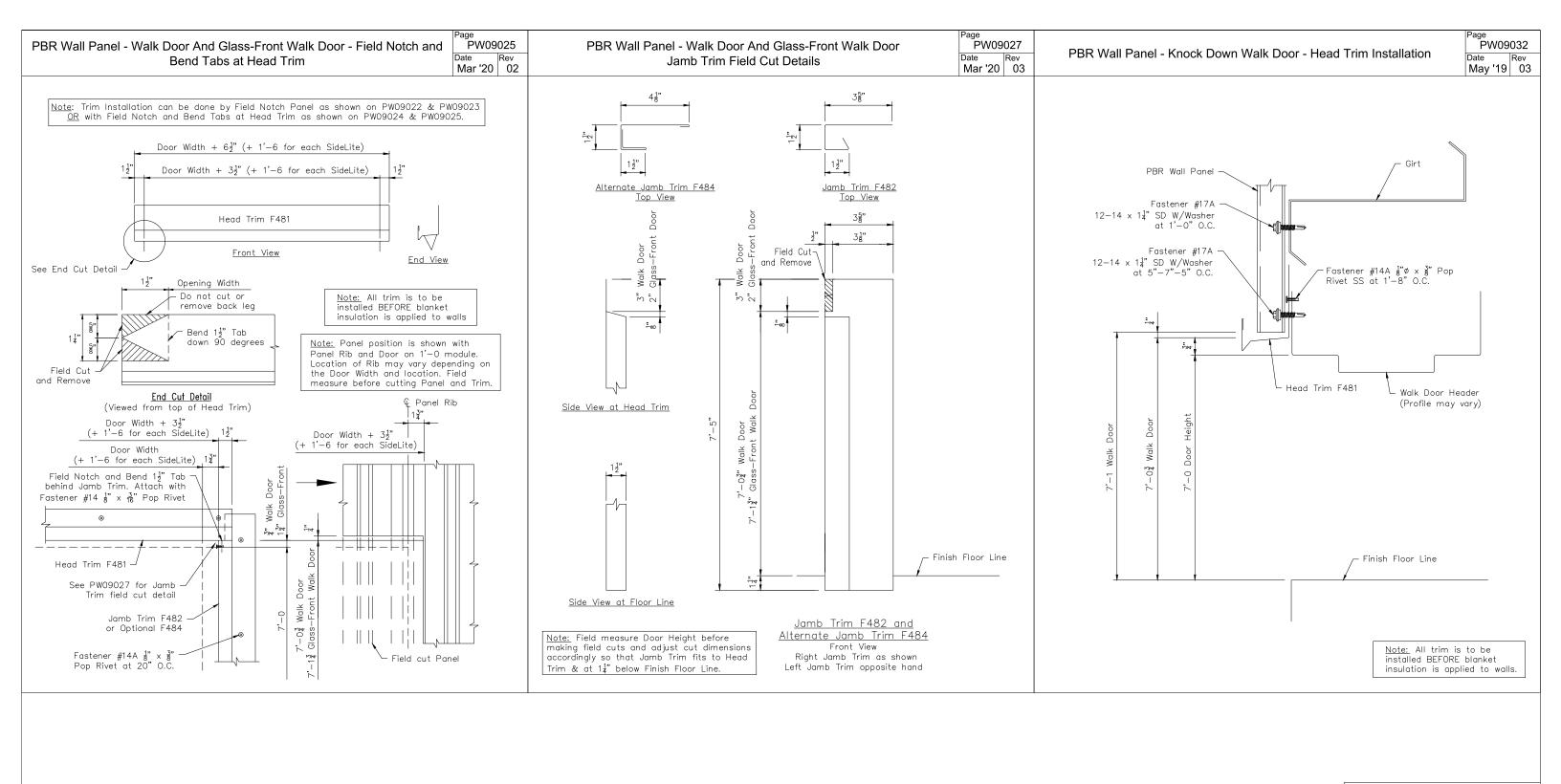
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ISSUE

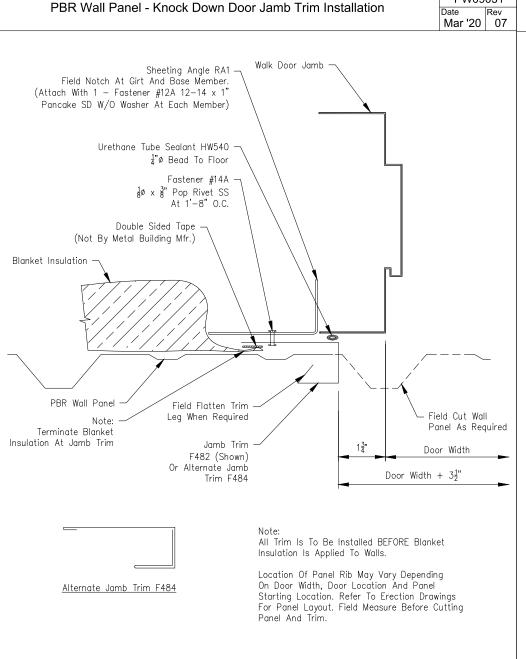
C 90667

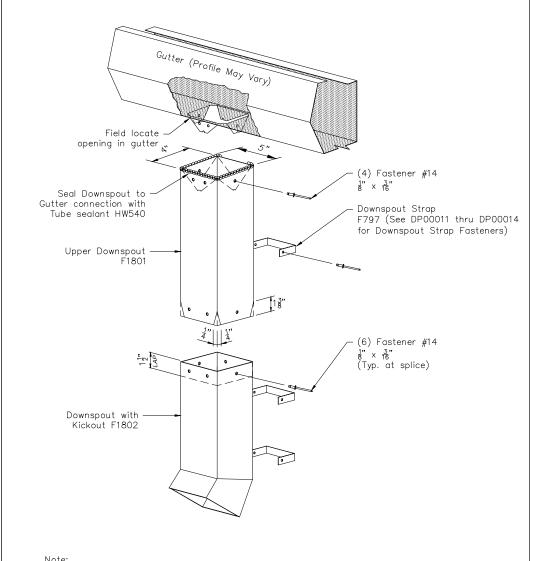
Civil Engineer



ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN		A . (Columb	bus. MS	5. (662) 328–6722		
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP					Mount	Pleasar	nt, IA. (319) 385-800		
								€ کال				NC. (252) 977-2131		
							B	uilding Sys	tems	www.ce	ecobuildi	ings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	RICT					
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		0/	WNER: (CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	95249						
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	G ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
							5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	А		18-B-20989	DET24	0







Press Broke Downspout Layout 4" x 5"

Gutter (Profile may vary) Fastener #14 $\frac{1}{8}$ × $\frac{3}{16}$ Downspout F1806 (4) (6) Fastener #14 $\frac{1}{8}$ " × $\frac{3}{16}$ " (Typ.) Downspout -Strap F797 Downspout F1801/F1802 Gutter (Profile may vary) (4) Fastener #14 $\frac{1}{8}$ × $\frac{3}{16}$

- Downspout Elbow F1803

Alternate Detail

Press Broke Downspout at Eave Canopy - 4" x 5" Downspout

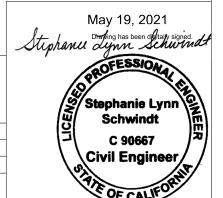
Page PW09031

- 1. Refer to the building erection drawings for the spacing of the downspouts.
 2. Locate all downspouts over a panel major rib if possible.
- 3. Downspout straps F797 are Located at the bottom of a downspout, below a splice, and at a mid point of downspout longer than 10'-6". See DP00011 thru DP00014 for downspout
- 4. Field notch downspouts for lap as shown and cut to length.

ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN		A . (7			Columbi	us, MS. (662) 328-6722		
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								JLLU	7U,	Rocky M	Mount, NC. (252) 977-2131		
							Bu	ilding Sys	stems	www.ced	obuildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	TRICT				
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		OW	NER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	95249					
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	D JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
						1	5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	А	18-B-20989	DET25	0

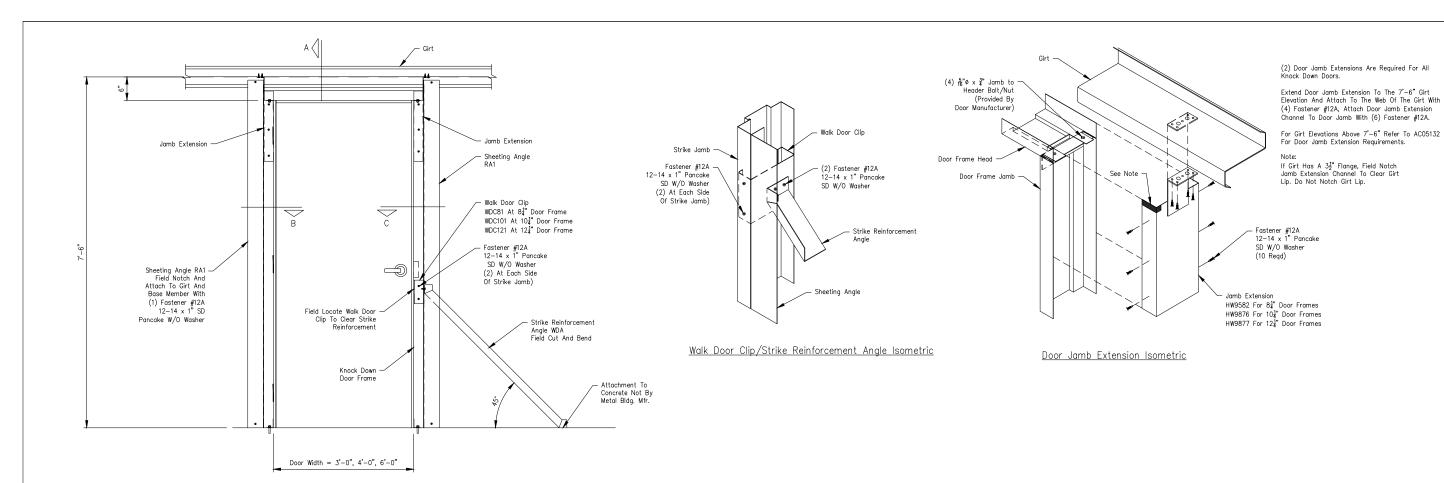
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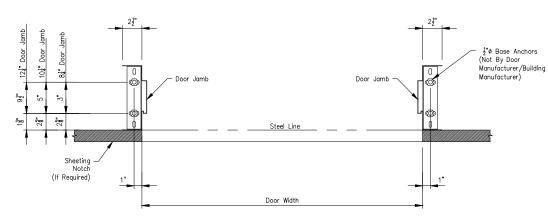
Apr '19 02



DP00021

May '19 01





Door Elevation

Door Frame
Head
Door Leaf

Section A

Door Frame Strike Jamb

Sheeting Angle

Section B

Door Frame Strike Jamb

Sheeting Angle

Section C

The Adequacy Of The 2^{T} Ø Base Anchor Is Not The Responsibility Of The Building Manufacturer. The Adequacy Of These Base Anchors Should Be Determined By A Qualified Foundation Engineer.

Verify Door Jamb Base Clip Dimensions With Patterns Shown Prior To Placement Of Door Anchors And Adjust Patterns If Needed.

Note:12‡" Frames May Not Have Kerf Door Frame Feature Depending On Door Manufacturer.

<u>Knock Down Door Anchor Placement</u>

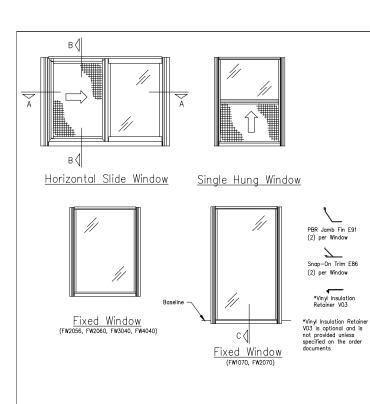
Knock Down Door - Girt At 7'-6" Without Low Girt

AC05200

Date Rev Nov '18 00

ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Columb	ous, MS. (662) 328-6722		
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP			456	-(())	Mount	Pleasant, IA. (319) 385-80	01	
								JLLU		Rocky	Mount, NC. (252) 977-213	1	
							Bu	uilding Sys	stems	www.ce	cobuildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIS	TRICT				
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		OV	WNER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	A 95249		•			
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	ID JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
							5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	A	18-B-20989	DET26	0





<u>Installation Notes:</u>

Window jamb fins are designed for installation at major panel ribs only. Typically windows are located between the $7^{\circ}-6^{\circ}$ girt and the baseline of the applicable wall.

Windows are typically packaged with two PBR Jamb Fins E91 that are not installed on the window unit. Prior to window installation install the jamb fins into the extruded grooves on each side of the window by sliding the fin in from the bottom of the window. The jamb fin should end flush with the top of the window head fin.

As the wall panels are installed, locate the jamb stiffeners at the wall panel major ribs at the desired window locations. Attach the jamb stiffeners to the girt and base members with Fastener #12A, see Jamb Stiffener/Window Isometric. Locate and mark window opening from the outside of the building, see Panel Cutout table for cutout width and height. Make sure the panel cutout height is correct and the panels are cut square. Push the window up until the window head contacts the upper wall panels whose sure the window is square and level. Attach window until with jamb fins installed to the jamb stiffeners with fastener #12A at each corner. Apply Urethane Tube Sealant HW540 to both jamb fins, see Jamb Stiffener/Window Isometric.

Apply Urethane Tube Sealant HW540 to both sides of the inside panel closure and insert the closures between the wall panel and insulation at the window head and sill, See Section B.

Attach window head and sill to wall panels with #17A Fasteners at a 5", 7", 5" $^{\circ}$ O.C., see Fastener Spacing at Window Head and Sill. Note: Fasteners are installed from the inside of the building at the window sill. Attach wall panels to window jamb fins/jamb stiffeners with Fastener #17A at 1' $^{\circ}$ O.C., see Section A.

Apply Urethane Tube Sealant HW540 along both sides between the window jambs and the wall panel to close any gaps. From the outside apply a continuous bead around the outside of the panel profile at the panel base, see Section B.

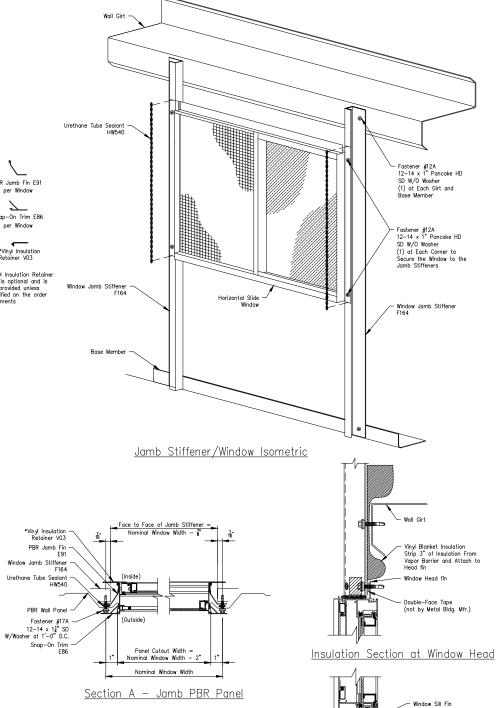
Install Snap-On Trim F86 at each jamb

Vinyl insulation Retainer Notes:
The optional Vinyl insulation Retainer V03 can be installed before or after the window is installed. Installed in Installed Installed in Installed in Installed I

	Panel Cuto	ut		Panel Cutou	ut
	Horizontal S	lide		Fixed	
Window ID	Cutout Width	Cutout Height	Window ID	Cutout Width	Cutout Heigh
HS2016	1'-10"	1'-61"	FW1070	0'-10"	7'-01" (
HS3020	2'-10"	2'-01"	FW2056	1'-10"	5'-61"
HS3030	2'-10"	3'-01"	FW2060	1'-10"	6'-01"
HS3040	2'-10"	4'-01"	FW2070	1'-10"	7'-01" (
HS4030	3'-10"	3'-01"	FW3040	2'-10"	4'-01"
HS4040	3'-10"	4'-01"	FW4040	3'-10"	4'-04"
HS5030	4'-10"	3'-01"	(*) Dim	ension is from	haseline
HS6020	5'-10"	2'-04"	() 5	chalon la moni	Duscinio
HS6030	5'-10"	3'-01"			
HS6040	5'-10"	4'-01"			
	Single Hu	ng			
Window ID	Cutout Width	Cutout Height			
H3030	2'-10"	3'-01"	Datalla aka		tarakat attar
H3040	2'-10"	4'-01"		wn are for hor nale huna and	
H3050	2'-10"	5'-01"		details are sin	

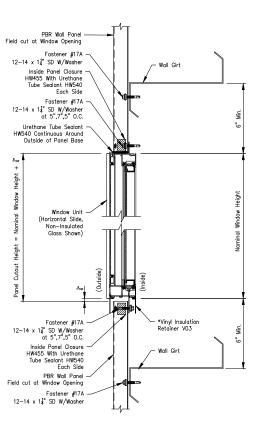
Horizontal Slide / Single Hung / Fixed Glass PBR Panel With Jamb Stiffeners

AC08310 Date Rev Apr '19 01

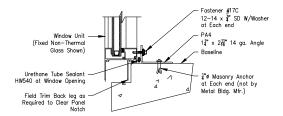




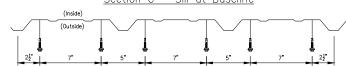
Vinyl Blanket Insulation Strip 3" of Insulation From Vapor Barrier and Attach to Window Sill fin.



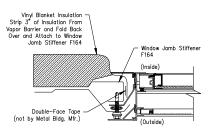
<u>Section B - Head/Sill</u>



<u>Section C - Sill at Baseline</u>



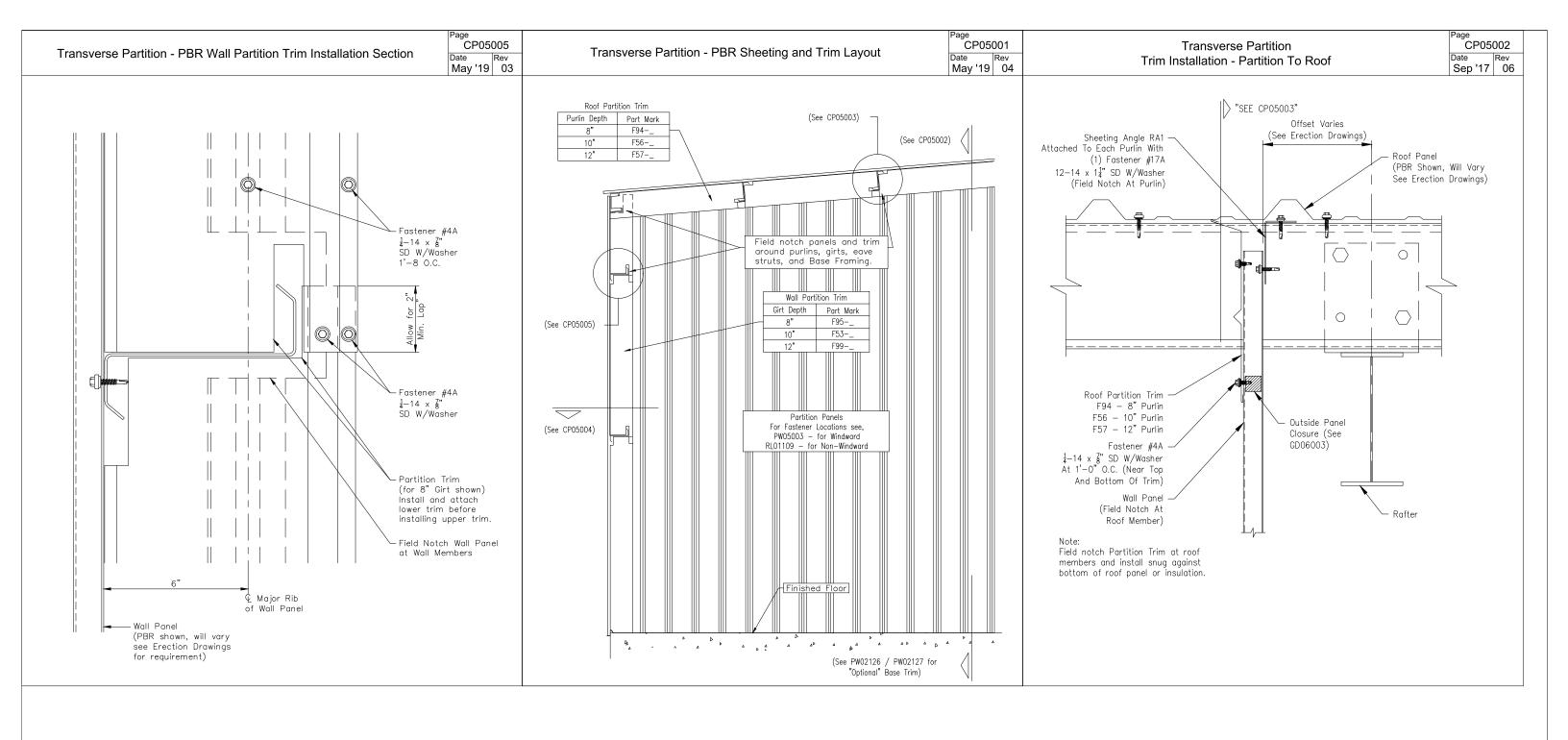
Fastener Spacing at Head and Window Sill Note: Fastener location shown is for the window head, fasteners are installed from the inside at the window sill.



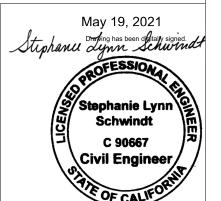
Insulation Section at Window Jamb

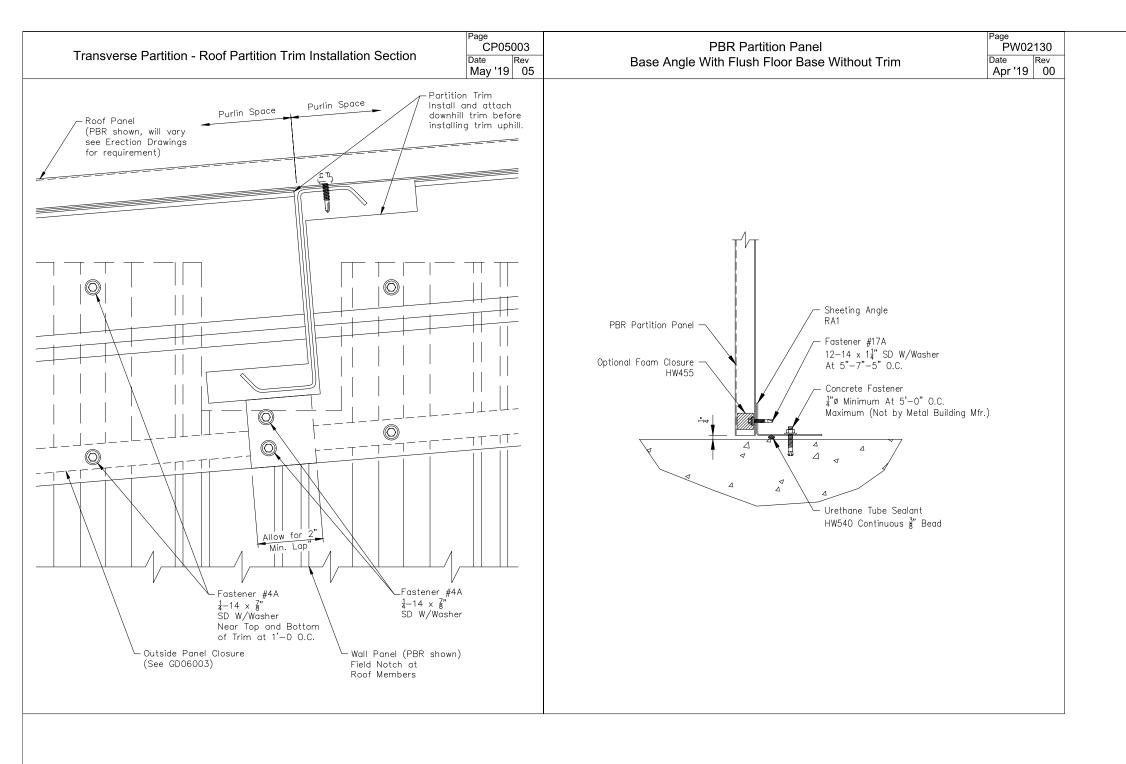
ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Columbus	MS. (662) 328-6722		
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								€ حالا		Rocky Mou	int, NC. (252) 977-2131		
							B	uilding Sys	stems	www.cecob	uildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	TRICT				
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	DER		OWNER	: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,C	4 95249					
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING ID	JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
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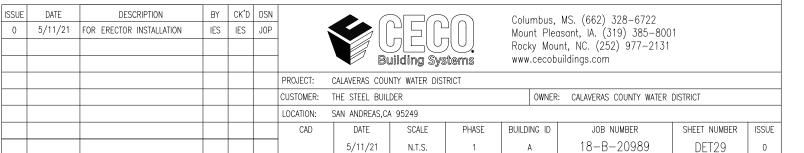


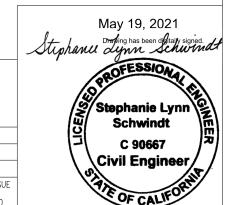


ISSUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CK'D	DSN					Columb	us, MS. (662) 328-6722		
0	5/11/21	FOR ERECTOR INSTALLATION	IES	IES	JOP			7 5 1	7	Mount	Pleasant, IA. (319) 385-80	01	
								JLLU		Rocky	Mount, NC. (252) 977-213		
							Bu	uilding Sys	tems	www.ce	cobuildings.com		
						PROJECT:	CALAVERAS COU	NTY WATER DIST	RICT				
						CUSTOMER:	THE STEEL BUIL	.DER		OW	NER: CALAVERAS COUNTY WATER	DISTRICT	
						LOCATION:	SAN ANDREAS,CA	A 95249					
						CAD	DATE	SCALE	PHASE	BUILDING	ID JOB NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER	ISSUE
							5/11/21	N.T.S.	1	A	18-B-20989	DET28	0









Field Service Procedures

In Order To Give You Prompt Services And Keep Problems To A Minimum,
Please Handle Any Shortages Or Back Charges In The Following Manner:

1. Carefully Check Your Packing List While Unloading.

2. Mark Any Items Which Appear To Be Missing And Notify The Field
Service Department At The Number Shown In The Title Block As Soon
As Possible. Calling Someone Else Could Delay The Proper Response.

INITIAL CLAIM:

The Event Of An Error. The Customer Must Promotly Make A Written Or Verbal "Initial Claim" to The Manufacturer For The Correction Of Design, Drafting, Bill O Materials Or Fabrication Error.

- The "Initial Claim" Includes:
 1. Description Of The Nature And Extent Of The Errors, Including Quantities 2. Description Of The Nature And Extent Of Proposed Corrective Work.
- Including Estimated Man—Hours.

 3. Materials To Be Purchased From Other Than the Manufacturer, Including
- Moternals to be Purchased From Other Inon the Manufacturer, including Estimated Quantities and Cost.
 Maximum Total Cost Of Proposed Corrective Work And Materials To Be Purchased From Other Than The Manufacturer.

SHORT MATERIALS:
Immediately Upon Delivery Of Materials, Quantities Are To Be Verified
By The Customer Against Quantities That Are Billed On The Shipping Documents.
Neither The Manufacturer Nor The Carrier Is Responsible For Material Shortages
Against The Quantities Billed On The Shipping Documents If Such Shortages Are
Not Noted On The Shipping Documents When The Material Is Delivered And Acknowledges of the Corner's Agent. In the Currier is ne Montrolective, Claims For Shortages Are To Be Made By The Customer To The Common Carrier, If The Material Quantities Received Are Correct According To The Quantities Billed On The Shipping Documents, But Are Less Than The Quantities Ordered Or The Quantities That Are Necessary To Complete The Metal Building According To The Order Documents, Claim Is To Be Made To The Manufacturer

DAMAGED OR DEFECTIVE MATERIAL:

Damaged Or Defective Material, Regardless Of The Degree Of Damage, Must be Noted On The Shipping Documents By The Customer And Acknowledged By The Carrier's Agent. The Manufacturer Is Not Responsible For Material Damaged In Unloading Of Packages Or Nested Materials, Including, But Not Limited To Fasteners, Sheet Metal, "C" And "Z" Sections And Covering Panels That Become Wet And/Or Damaged By Water While In The Possession Of Others. Packaged Or Nested Material That Become Wet In Transit Must Be Unpacked, Unstacked And Pried By The Customer. If The Carrier Is The Manufacturer, The Customer Must Make Claim For Damaged Directly To The Manufacturer. If The Carrier Is A Common Carrier, The Customer Must Make The Claim For Damage To The Common Carrier. The Manufacturer Is Not Liable For Any Claim Whatsoever Including, But Not Limited To Labor Charges Of Consequential Damages Resulting From Customer's Use Of Damaged Or Defective Materials That Can Be Detected By Visual Inspection.

EXCESSIVE MATERIAL:
The Manufacturer Reserves The Right To Recover Any Material Delivered In Excess
Of Those Required By The Order Documents.

OIL CANNING IS NOT A CAUSE FOR REJECTION

Authorization For Corrective Work

Normal Frection Operations Include The Correction Of Minor Misfits By Amounts Of Normal Erection Operations Include The Correction Of Minor Misfits By Amounts Of Reaming, Chipping, Welding Or Cutting And The Drawing Of Elements Into Line Through The Use Of Drift Pins. Errors That Cannot Be Corrected By The Foregoing Means Or Which Require Major Changes In The Member Configuration Should Be Reported Immediately To The Owner And The Fabricator By The Erector, To Enable Whoever Is Responsible Either To Correct The Error Or Approve The Most Efficient And Economical Method Of Correction To Be Used By Others. (AISC 303–10, Section 7.14). If The Error Is The Fault Of The Manufacturer An "Authorization For Gerrective Work At A Cost Not To Exceed The Maximum Total Cost Set Forth. Alternative Corrective Work Other Than That Proposed In The "Initial Claim" May Be Directed By The Manufacturer In The "Authorization Of Corrective Work". Only The Field Service Department May Authorize Corrective Wor

The "Final Claim" In Writina Must Be Forwarded By The Customer To The Manufacturer Within (10) Days Of The Completion Of The Corrective Work

THE "FINAL CLAIM" MUST INCLUDE:

- FINAL CLAIM MUST INCLUDE:

 A Catual Number Of Man-Hours By Dated Of Direct Labor Use On Corrective
 Work And Actual Hourly Rate Of Pay.

 Z Taxes And Insurance On Total Actual Direct Labor.

 Other Direct Costs On Actual Direct Labor.

- Cost Of Materials (Not Minor Supplies) Authorized By The Manufacturer To Be Purchased From Other Than The Manufacturer, Including Copies Of

5 Total Actual Direct Cost Of Corrective Work (Sum Of 1 2 3 And 4) The "Final Claims Are Credited To The Customer By The Manufacturer In The Amount Not To Exceed The Lesser Of The Maximum Total Cost Set Forth The "Authorization For Corrective Work" Or The Total Direct Cost Of

** IMPORTANT NOTE **

Cost Of Equipment (Rental Or Depreciation), Small Tools, Supervision, Overhead And Profit Are Not Subjected To Claims.

SHIPMENT ARRIVAL TIME: Every Effort Will Be Made To See That The Carrier Arrives At The Jobsite On The Requested Hour. Manufacturer Makes No Warranty And Accepts No Responsibility For Costs Associated With A Shipment Not Arriving At The Requested Time Unless A Separate Agreement Has Been Made In Writing For A Guaranteed Arrival Time.

Unloading, Handling And Storage

STRUCTURAL:

A Great Amount Of Time And Trouble Can Be Saved If The Building Parts Are Unloaded At The Building Site According To A Pre-Arranged Plan. And Handling Of Components Will Eliminate Unnecessary Handling.

Piece Marks Are Stenciled On The Primary Structural Members At The Lower End. 1'-0" from The End. Inspect All Shipments Prior To Releasing The Tie-downs For Loods That May Have Shifted During Transit.

REMEMBER SAFETY FIRST.
Blocking Under Columns And Rafters Protect The Splice Plates And The Slob From Damage During The Unloading Process. It Also Facilitates The Placing Of Slings And Cobles Around Members For Later Lifting And Allows Members To Be Bolted Together Into Sub-assemblies While On The Ground. Extra Care Should Always Be Exercised In The Unloading Operation To Prevent Injuries From Handling Steel And To Prevent Damage To Materials And The Concrete Slab. If Water Is Allowed To Remain For Extended Periods in Bundles Of Primed Parts Such As Girts, Purlins, Etc., The Pigment Will Fade And The Paint Will Gradually Soften Reducing Its Bond To The Steel. Therefore, Upon Receipt Of A Job, All Bundles Of Primed Parts Should Be Stored At An Angle To Allow Any Trapped Water To Drain Away And Permit Air Circulation For Drying. Puddles Of Water Should Not Be Allowed To Collect And Remain On Columns Or Rafters For Same Reason.

Short Period Of Exposure To Ordinary Atmospheric Conditions. The Coat Of Shop Primer Does Not Provide The Uniformity Of Appearance, Or The Durability And Corrosion Resistance Of A Field Applied Finish Coat Of Paint Over Shop Primer

Roof And Wall Panels

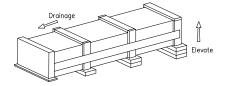
Manufacturer's Roof And Wall Panels Include Color Coated, Galvalume, And Galvanized, Provide Excellent Service Under Widely Varied Conditions. All Unloadin And Erection Personnel Should Fully Understand That These Panels Are Quality Merchandise, Which Merits Cautious Core And Handling.

UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD PANELS BE HANDLED ROUGHLY Packages Of Sheets Should Be Lifted Off The Truck With Extreme Care Taken To Ensure That No Damage Occurs To Ends Of The Sheets Or to Side Ribs. The Packages Should Be Stored Off The Ground Sufficiently High To Allow Air Circulation Underneath The Packages. This Avoids Ground Moisture And Deters People From Walking On The Packages. One End Of The Package Should Be Elevated To Encourage Drainage In Case Of Rain. The Manufacturer Exercises Caution During Fabrication An Shipping Operations To Ensure That All Panel Stock is Kept Dry. However Due To Climatic Conditions, Water Formed By Condensation Of Humid Air Become Trapped Between Sheets. Water Can Also Be Trapped Between The Stacked Sheets When Exposed To Rain. This May Discolaration Caused By Trapped Moisture. The Stain Is Usually Superficial And Has Little Effec On The Appearance Or Service Life Of The Panels As Long As It Not Permitted To Remain On The Panel. However, Moisture In Contact With The Surface Of The panel Over An Extended Period Can Severely Attack The Finish And Reduce The

Effective Service Life See R1-07 Titled "Damage From Condensation Or Trapped

Care Should Always Be Taken When Walking On Panels. Use Safety Lines And Net When Necessary. Panels Are Slippery, Wipe Dry Any Moisture Or Surface Material That Has Puddle From Bundles Stored On A Slope. Dew, Frost, Or Other Forms Of Moisture Greatly Increase The Slipperiness Of The Panels. Always Assume Panel שרישניי ותרפטא ווה Supperiness Of The Panels. Always Assume Pan Surface Is Slippery And Act Accordingly. Never Walk Of Step On Skylights Or Translucent Panels.

Use Wood Blocking To Elevate And Slope The Panels In A Manner That Allows Noisture To Drain. Wood Blocking Placed Between Bundles Will Provide Additional Air Circulation. When Handling Or Uncrating The Panels, Lift Rather Than Slide Them Apart. Burred Edges May Scratch The Coated Surfaces When Sheets Are Slid Over One Another. Never Allow Panels To Be Walked On While On The Cround.



Roof And Wall Panel Damage During Construction

The Quality Of Workmanship In Steel Construction Practices And Handling Methods Used During The Construction Of The Metal Building Can Significantly Affect The Appearance And Performance Of The Building Panels. Panel Damage During Construction Can Be The Result Of Faulty Installation Methods And/o

Overdriven Fasteners Cause Indentations Or Shallow Pockets In The Panel Around The Fastener Head. Rain Water Or Condensation Moisture Combined With Atmospheric Pollutants (principally Sulfur Dioxides) And Dirt Particles Collect In These Pockets. The Combination Of Pollutants And Water Creates Acid Solutions That Will Cause Corrosion Damage To The Panel And Fastener. Rain May Wash Some Pollutants Away, But Moisture In Form Of High Humidity Can Keep These Areas Wet And Continue The Problem. Overdriving The Fastener Also Forces The Sealing Washer From Under The Head Creating A Leak At This Point, Proper orque Adjustment Of The Screw Gun Or Preferably The Use Of A Depth Gauge

It is Extremely Important That All Drill Shavings From The Installation Of Panel Fasteners And Fillings From The Sow Cutting Of Panels Be Removed From The Panel Surface. Corrosion Can Occur In A Matter Of Hours When These Shavings Or Fillings Are Not Removed And Are In Contact With Water Or Condensed Moisture. When Panels Are Pre-Drilled Or Cut In The Stack Prior To Erection All Shavings Must Be Cleaned From Both Sides Of The Panel To Prevent Corrosion Of The Must Be Cleaned From Both Sides Of the Monel to Prevent Corrosion Of the Panel By These Particles. It Is Imperative That The Roof Be Swept Clean At Least Daily And Certainly At Job Completion. The Final Cleaning Of The Roof Should Be Done Prior To Installing The Gutter So That The Shavings Are Not Deposited Into The Gutter And Left To Corrode. Any Other Foreign Objects Or Debris Left By Construction Personnel Should Also Be Removed From The Roof During The Erection Of The Roof And The Installation Of Such Equipment As Air Condition

Personnel Walking On The Panel Can Cause Damage, Workmen Should Step Or Personnel walking on the Pariel can Cause barriage, workinger Should Step Or Walk In The Broad Flat Areas Of The Panel And Avoid Stepping On The Panel Ends And Edges Which Can Be Bent By Careless Handling. If This Damage Is Severe, The Edges Must Be Straighten Prior To Erection Since The Appearance And/or Weather Tightness Of The Panel Could Be Affected. Dragging One Panel Across Another Can Cut Or Abrade The Coating Causing Unsightly Marks On The

Attempts To Erect Panels During Windy Conditions Should Be Avoided To Prevent

Leaving Dirt Piled Against The Exterior Wall Panels At The Foundation Will Cause Panel Damage. This Dirt May Be Wet Or At Least Contain Some Moisture. Mud May Have Splashed Onto The Wall During Construction. Corrosion Damage May Occur Where This Dirt Or Mud Contacts The Panel. In Areas Where Lime Stabilization Of The Soil Is Required, Corrosion Damage From The Soil's Content Will Be Accelerated And Most Likely Be Severe. All Dirt Must Be Removed From The Panel Walls At The Time Of Completion Of Work. Pre-Painted Panels May Require Touch-up If The Coating Has Been Damaged During Handling Or Erection.

The Appearance Of The Building May Re Affected If Damaged Spots Or Scratches Are Located in Highly Visible Places Such As Around Doors, Windows, Etc.. If
Damage is Extensive Then Replacement Of The Entire Panel Should Be Considered.

Types Of Finishes

SHOP PRIMED STEEL:

Structural Members Of The Metal Building System Not Fabricated Of Corrosion Resistant Material Or Protected By A Corrosion Resistant Coating Are Pointed With One Coat Of Shop Primer Meeting The Performance Requirements Of SSPC Paint Specification No.15. The Coat Of Shop Primer Is Intended To Protect The Steel Framing For Only A Short Period Of Exposure To Ordinary Atmospheric Steel Truming For Only A Short Period Of Exposure to Orlandy Authospheric Conditions, Shop Primed Steel Which is Stored in The Field Pending Erection Should Be Kept Free Of The Ground And So Positioned As To Minimize Water Holding Pockets, Dust, Mud And Other Contamination Of The Primer Film. Repairs Of Damaged To Primed Surfaces And/Or Removal Of Foreign Material Due To On Daringged To Primed Surfaces Ana/or Removal Of Foreign Material Due to Improper Field Storage Or Site Conditions Are Not The Responsibility Of The Manufacturer. The Manufacturer is Not Responsible For Deterioration Of The Shop Coat Of Primer Or Corrosion That May Result From Exposure To Atmospheric And Environmental Conditions, Nor The Compatibility Of The Primer To Any Field
Applied Coating. Minor Abrasions To The Shop Coat (Including Galvanizing) Caused
By Handling, Loading, Shipping, Unloading And Erection After Painting Or Galvanizing Are Unavoidable. (MBMA 2012, Chapter IV 4.2.4).

GALVALUME:

Galvalume Is The Trade Name For A Patented Steel Sheet And Coil Product Having A Coating Of Corrosion Resistant Aluminum—Zinc Alloy. The Mixture Is Balanced To Obtain The Coating That Retains The Corrosion Resistance And Heat Reflectivity Of Aluminum And Galvanic Protection Of Zinc. The Best Properties Of Both Aluminum And Zinc Are Combined In This Coating And Offer Added Service Life For The Building.

<u>Pre-Pointed</u>.
Using Galvalume Steel As A Substrate, Pre-Pointed Steel Is Given An Additional Rust Inhibitor Primer Coat. This Primer Coat Further Increases The Corrosion Resistance. These Coatings Are Applied To The Exterior Surface Of The Panels And A Wash Coat Designed Only For Interior Use, is Applied On The Opposite Sid Galvalume And Pre-Painted Steel Can Give Excellent Service For Many Years If A Few Rules Concerning Their Care And Maintenance Are Observed. All Of These Finishes Are Equally Subject To Damage And Corrosion When Care Is Not Provided.

PAINT AND COATING MAINTENANCE:

nove Smudge Marks From Bare Galvalume: Formula 409 Has Proven To Be Somewhat Effective. Lightly Rub With A Clean Cloth And Rinse With Water. Do Not Rub More Than Required To Remove Smudge Marks. No Product Will Remove All Smudge Marks. Remove Rust Stains:

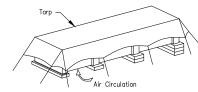
Soft Scrub Without Bleach Has Proven To be Somewhat Effective Rub With A Soft Cloth And Rinse With Water. Do Not Rub More Than Required To Remove Stain. No Product Will Completely Remove Rust Stains. To Touch-Up Scratches In Paint (Not Bare Metal):

Clean Area To Be Painted With Mild Detergent. Rinse Thoroughly And Dry. Using A Small Artist's Brush, Lightly Apply A Minimal Amount Of Color Matched Touch-Up Pain Required To Fill/Cover The Scratch. Contact The Building Manufacturer For Assistance With Ordering/Purchasing Touch-Up

Damage From Condensation Or Trapped Water

It is Extremely Important That The Panels Be Monitored For Evidence Or Trapped Water Or Moisture Condensation While Awaiting Erection. High Humidity Conditions With Temperature Cycling Will Cause Condensation Between Panels Within The Bundle. Condensation Can Occur Frequently Near The Sea Coast Or Other Large Bodies Of Water.

If Jobsite Covers Are Used, They Should Be Tied Away From The Bundle At Corners To Allow Air Circulation Around The Bundle. This Will Help Prevent Moisture Evaporating From The Ground Or Building Floor From Condensing On The Panels, Plastic Or Other Impermeable Covers Are Not Recommended, Immediate Action Is Required If The Panels Are Found To Be Wet From Any Cause. The Bundles Must Be Opened And Each Panel Un-Stacked And Thoroughly Dried On Both Sides. Re-Stacking The Panel At A Slight Angle To Each Other To Prevent Nesting Will Allow Air Circulation And Assist In Keeping The Ponel Dry. In Severe Conditions Large Fans Can Be Used To Circulate Air Between The Un-Stacked Panels And Accelerate Drying, Damager To The ponel Coating Occurs When Panels Become Wet And Are Allowed To stay wet. damage Can Occur To Nested Panels Within 24 to 48 Hours. This Damage Shows Corrosion And Discoloration Of The Panel Surface And Is Commonly Called Wet Storage Stain, Zinc Oxidation, Or



A Softening Of The Paint Film Can Occur With Pre-Painted Steel Under Wet Storage Conditions And The Durability Of The Panel Finish Substantially Decrease. Bare Galvanized And Galvalume Panels React More Quickly To Surface Oxidation Since They Lack The Additional Protection Of Paint. Zinc Coated Or Galvalume Panels Under Normal Exposure Form A Zinc Aluminum Oxide Film On Their Surface Allowing A Slow Oxidation Process Called "Weathering" To Occur That Inhibits Further Corrosion. In Nested Bundles Constant Contact Of The Panels With Condensed Or Trapped Water Prevents This Weathering Process.

Rapid Oxidation Of The Zinc or Zinc Aluminum Coating Can Now Occur And May Lead To "Red Rust" In A Short Time. If Discoloration Or Stains Are Minor A Household Cleaner Of The Type Used On Porcelain Sinks And Bathtubs May Be Used To Remove Stains, Wire Brushing Or Abrasive Materials Should be Avoided Since Scratching Or Removal Of The Coating Could Occur. Panel With Significant Damage Should Be Replaced By The Buyer Prior To Erection.

Safety Commitment

The Builder/Contractor Is Responsible For Applying And Observing All Pertinent Safety Rules And OSHA Standards As Applicab

The Building Manufacturer Has A Commitment To Manufacture Quality Building Components That Can Be Safely Erected. However The Safety Commitment And Job Site Practices Of The Erector Are Beyond The Control Of The Building

It Is Strongly Recommended That Safe Working Conditions And Accident Prevention Practices Be The Top Priority Of Any Job Site.

Local, State And Federal Safety And health Standards, Whether Standard Statuary Or Customary, Should Always Be Followed To Help Ensure Worker Safety

Make Sure All Employees Know The Safest And Most Productive Way Of Frecting A Make Sale Air Employees Annual me Salest Aira Maks Productive May be Electing A Building, Emergency Procedures Should Be Known To All Employees. Daily Meetings Highlighting Safety Procedures Are Also Recommended. The Use Of Hard Hats, Rubber Sole Shoes For Roof Work, Proper Equipment For Handling Material And Safety Nets Where Applicable Are Recom

. For The Purposes Of Determining Lift Requirements, No Bundle Supplied By The Manufacturer Will Exceed 4,000 Pounds. For Further Information Also reference
The Bill Of Materials For Individual Member Weights Of Structural Members. If Additional Information Is Required Contact The Field Service Department

Excessive Ice And Snow Removal Should Be Removed From The Roof Immediately To Prevent Damage To Roof And Possible Collapse. Do Not Use Metal Tools To remove The Ice Or Snow As This Can Damage The Paint And/Or Galvalume Coatings. Also Be Careful Around Pipes And Flashing's. Be Extremely Careful If Your Roof Has Light Transmitting Panels. These Panels Will

Not Support A Person's Weight And Will Be Difficult Or Impossible To See If They Are Covered With Ice Or Snow. See MBMA Low-Rise Building Systems Manual, Appendix AB For Details on Snow Removal Procedures. These Procedures Should Commence When Half Of The Design Roof Snow Load Is Realized.

DEBRIS REMOVAL:

Any Foreign Debris Such As Sawdust,Dirt, Leaves, Animal Droppings, Etc. Will Cause Corrosion Of The Roof, Gutters, Trim, Etc. If Left On The Building Surface For A Long Enough Time. The Roof Should Be Periodically Inspected For Such Conditions And If Found. They Should Be Rectified In A Manner Consistent With These Roof Maintenance Guidelines Never Allow Treated Lumber O Concrete/Mortar/Grout To Come In Contact With Roof Panels, Especially Galvalume For Extended Periods Of Time.

<u>PERIODIC INSPECTION:</u>
All High-Strength Shall Be Periodically Be Inspected For Tightness. Particularly In Crane Buildings And After Seismic Or Wind Activity. The Crane Manufacturer Will Specify A Minimum Period But It Should Not Exceed Two Years.

- 1. Keep Roof Free Of Debris And Keep Debris Out Of Gutter To Allow Water
- Quickly Drain From The Roof.

 2. Do Not Use Wood Blocking To Hold Equipment Off The Panel Seams. This Blocks The Flow Of Water And Hold Moisture.

 3. Do Not Allow Rooftop AC Units Or Evaporative Coolers To Drain Onto The
- 4. Anything That Traps Or Holds Moisture On A Roof Will Cause Premature

Roof Maintenance Guidelines

1. Inspect Roof For Damage After Heavy Storms.

2. Inspect And Reseal As Necessary All Roof Curbs And Other Penetrations With

3 Always Get Manufacturer Approval Before Making Any Modifications To The

4. Repaint Any Areas That Are Susceptible To Rust As Required.

- 5. When Performing Roof Maintenance, Always Take The Following Precautions:
- a. Use Fall Protection And Other Safety Protection As Required.
 b. Do Not Walk On Roof Flashing Such As Gutter, Rake, Hip Or Ridge Flash. c. Do Not Walk On Light Transmitting Panels (LTP's). They Will Not Support A
- Person's Weight. d Guard All LTP's And Roof Openings
- Step Only In The Panel Flat Directly On Or In Close Proximity To A Supporting Roof Structural.
- 6. After Other Trades Have Been On The Roof For Any Reason, Inspect The Roof to. Arter Order Todos Have Been of The Root For Damage Caused By Workers Including Chemical Or Solvent Spills, Scratches In The Paint Or Galvalume Coating, Excessive Foot Traffic And Punctures. Make Sure That All Debris Or Scrap Left Behind By Workers Is Removed From The Roof Immediately, Avoid Using Cutoff Saws And Welding Equipment Over The Roof, The Roof Must Adequately Protected.

FOOT TRAFFIC:
Keep Foot Traffic To A Minimum. Heavy Foot Traffic Can Cause Ponding On Low Pitched Roofs. This Is Particularly True Just Upslope From The Eave And A Endlaps.

Always Walk In The Flat Of The Panel Near A Supporting Roof Structural. Do Not

Walk On Trim Or In Gutters. On Bare Galvalume Roofs, Excessive Foot Traffic May Cause Black Burnish Marks.

On Bore Galvalume Roofs, Excessive Foot Traffic May Couse Black Burnish Marks. If Regular Foot Traffic Is Planned For A Roof, Provisions Should Be Made For A Properly Designed And Installed Walkway System. In Order To Limit Access To The Roof, Roof Hatches Or Access Ladders Should Be Locked At All Times. A Sign Posted At The Access Site Stating That Only Authorized Personnel Are Allowed On The Roof. In Addition A Log Book Should Be Kept Of All Visits To The Roof And

<u>DISSIMILAR METALS:</u>
Never Allow Your Roof To Come In Contact With, Or Water Runoff From Any Never Allow four Noor to Come in Contact with, Or water kunoff from Any Dissimilar Metal Including But Not Limited To:
Copper, Lead Or Graphite, This Includes Copper And Arsenic Salts Used In Treated Lumber, Calcium Used In Concrete, Mortar And Grout. Never Step On Light Transmitting Panels (LTP's) Or Unattended Roof Panels



Panels May Collapse

Roof Panels Must Be Completely Attached To The Purlins And To Panels On Either Side Before They Can Be A Safe Walking Surface. Light Transmitting Panels LTP's) Translucent Panels Can Never Be Considered As A Walking Surface.

Partially Attached Or Unattached Panels Should Never Be Walked On!

- 1. Step On Rib At Edge Of Panel.
- 2. Step Near Crease In Rib At Edge Of Panel
- 3. Step Within 5 Feet Of Edge On Unsecured Panel.

A Single Roof Panel Must Never Be Used As A Work Platform. An OSHA Approved Runway Should Be Used For Work Platforms. (Consult OSHA Safety And Health Regulations For The Construction Industry), Safety First!

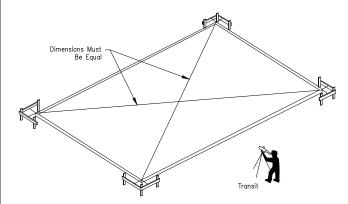
> May 19, 2021 Stephanu Draving has been digitally signed. ROFESSIONAL SUPERIOR Stephanie Lynn Schwindt C 90667 Civil Engineer WATE OF CALIFOR

Erection Guide

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<u>Building Anchorage</u>

- To Determine That The Foundation Is Square, Measure Diagonal Dimensions To Be Sure They Are Of Equal Length. To Determine That The Foundation Is Level, Set Up A Transit Or Level And Use A Level Rod To Obtain The Elevation At All Columns.
- Carefully Check The Location Of All Anchor Rods Against The Anchor Rod Setting Plan Furnished By The Manufacturer. All Dimensions Must Be Identical To Assure A Proper Start-up.

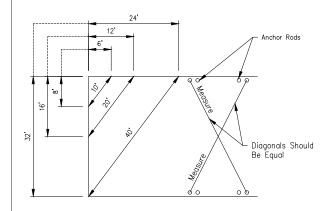


Pre-Erection Notes:

The Following Notes, Procedures And Suggested Recommendations Are Important Parts Of The Pre-Erection Process.

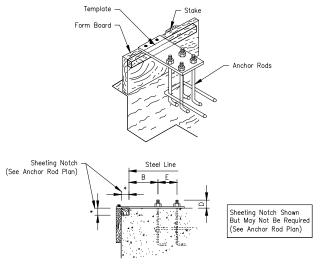
Prior To The Time The Erection Crew Arrives, A Responsible Person Should Check The Job Site For Foundation Readiness, Square, And Accuracy And Anchor Rod Size And Location.

The Drawing Shown Below Indicates A Method Which May Be Used To Check The Foundation And Bolts For Square.

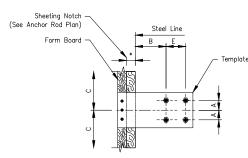


Measure Along Adjacent Sides Of Foundation Using A Pair Of Dimensions Shown. If The Diagonal Distance Between These Points Is As Noted, The Corner Is Saugre. Diagonal Measurements Between Opposite Anchor Rods Will Indicate If These Bolts Are Set Square.

It is Extremely important That Anchor Rods Are Placed Accurately And In Accordance With The Anchor Rod Setting Plan. All Anchor Rods Should Be Held In Place With A Template Or Similar Means, So That They Will Remain Plumb And In Correct Location During The Placement Of The Concrete. A Final Check Should Be Made After Completion Of The Concrete Work And Prior To The Steel Installation. This Will Allow Necessary Corrections To Be Made Before Costly Installation Labor And Equipment Arrives.



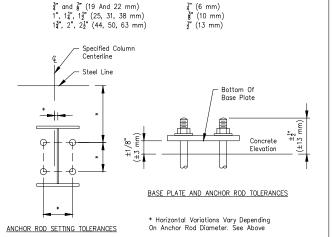
Projection Of Anchor Rods (D) Given On Anchor Rod Plan



Dimensions A, B, And C Given On Anchor Rod Plan

AISC Code Of Standard Practice For Steel Building And Bridges Tolerances For Setting Anchor Rods

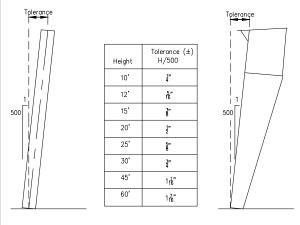
Anchor Rod Diameter, Inches (mm) *Horizontal Variation, Inches (mm)



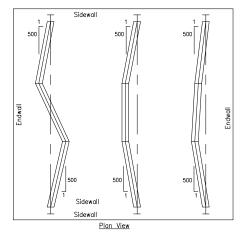
Erection Tolerances

ERECTION BRACING: It Is The Responsibility Of The Erector To Determine, Furnish And Install All Temporary Supports Such As Temporary Guys, Beams, Falsework, Cribbing, Or Other Elements Required For The Erection Operation (In Accordance With Section 7.10.3 Of ANSI/AISC 303, Code Of Standard Practice For Steel Building And

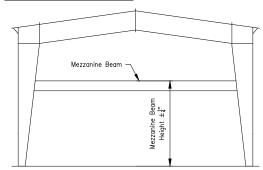
COLUMN ALIGNMENT TOLERANCES



ALIGNMENT TOLERANCE FOR MEMBERS WITH FIELD SPLICES



MEZZANINE BEAM HEIGHT TOLERANCE

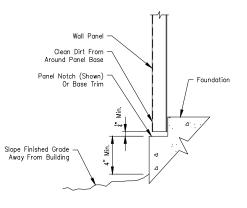


General Erection Notes

- 1.) All Structural Framing Members, Purlins, Girts, Clips, Flange Braces, Bolts Bracing Systems, Roof And Wall Panels, Etc. Must Be Installed As Shown On Erection Drawings.
- 2.) It is Extremely Important, Especially During Construction, That Panels At The Eaves, Rakes And Ridges Be Kept Secure.

Panel Cautions And Notes

- To Minimize Potential Of Corrosive Action At The Bottom Edge Of Wall Panels, The Contractor Must Assure That The Following Procedures Are Followed:
- 1) The Concrete Foundation Should Be Cured For A Minimum Of Seven (7) Days Before Wall Panels Are Installed. (Uncured Concrete Is Highly Alkaline And Metal Panels Can Undergo Varying Degrees Of Corrosive Attack When In Direct Contact With The Concrete.) After The First Week Of The Curing Cycle, The Reaction Between Metallic Coatings On Steel And The Concrete Is Essentially Halted.
- 2.) Top Of Finish Grade At Building To Be A Minimum Of Four (4) Inches Below
- 3.) Finish Grade Is To Slope Away From Building To Ensure Proper Drainage
- 4.) Upon Completion Of Finish Grading, All Dirt Is To Be Cleaned From Around Base Of Wall Panel Where It May Have Collected In Panel Notch Or On Base Trim.



<u>Fastener Installation</u>

Correct Fastener Installation Is One Of The Most Critical Steps When Installing Roof/Wall Panels. Drive The Fastener In Until It Is Tight And The Washer Is Firmly Seated. Do Not Overdrive Fasteners.

A Slight Extrusion Of Neoprene Around The Washer Is A Good Visual Tightness Check. Always Use The Proper Tool To Install Fasteners. A Fastener Driver (Screw Gun) With A RPM of 1700–2000 Should Be Used For Self-Drilling Screws. A 500–600 RPM Fastener Driver Should Be Used For Self-Tapping Screws. Discard Worn Sockets, These Can Cause The Fastener To Wobble During Installation.

<u>Note:</u> Always Remove Metal Filings From Surface Of Panels At The End Of Each Work Period. Rusting Filings Can Destroy The Paint Finish And Void Any Warranty







Tape And Tube Sealant

Proper Tape And Tube Sealant Application Is Critical To The Weather Tightness Of A Building. Tape Sedant Should Not Be Stretched When Installed. Apply Only To Clean, Dry Surfaces. Keep Only Enough Sedants On The Roof That Can Be Installed in A Day. During Warm Weather, Store Sedants In A Cool Dry Place. During Cold Weather (below 60°) Sedants Must Be Kept Warm (60°-90°) Until Application. After Tape Sedant Has Been Applied, Keep Protective Paper In Place Until Panel Is Ready To Be Installed.

<u>Important Note</u>

All Details, Recommendations And Suggestions Contained In This Erection Guide Of This Drawings Set Are For General Guidelines Only, And Not Meant To Be All-inclusive. Industry Accepted Installation Practices With Regard To All Areas Not Specifically Discussed In This Section Should Be Followed. Only Experienced, Knowledgeable Installers Familiar With Accepted Practices Should Be Used To Assure A Quality Project.

It is Emphasized That The Manufacturer Is Only A Manufacturer Of Metal Building Components And Is Not Engaged in The Installation Of Its Products. Opinions Expressed By The Manufacturer About Installation Practices Noted in The Erection Guide Are Intended To Represent Only A Guide. Both The Quality And Safety Of Installation And The Ultimate Customer Satisfaction With The Completed Building Are Determined By The Experience, Expertise, And Skills Of The Installation Crews, As Well As The Equipment Available for Handling The Materials. Actual Installation Operations, Techniques And Site Conditions Are Beyond The Manufacturers Control.

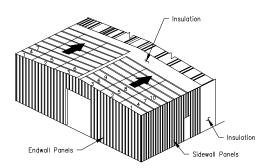


Erection Guide

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PBR Roof Panels

For PBR Roofs With Ridge Panels, It Is Recommended That Both Sides Of The Ridge Be Sheeted Simultaneously. This Will Keep The Insulation Covered For The Maximum Amount Of Time And The Panel Ribs Can Be Kept In Proper Alignment For The Ridge Panel. This Is Critical On The PBR Panels So That The Ridge Caps Can Be Properly Installed. Check For Proper Coverage As The Sheeting Progresses.



Install The First Run Of Roof Panels Across The Building From Eave To Eave Or Eave To Ridge. To Allow Proper Installation Of The Roke Trim, The Starting Location For The First Panel Must Be As Shown In The Rake Details Included With The Erection Drawings. When The First Run Is Properly Located And Aligned With The Correct Endlops And Eave Overhangs, Fasten To Purlins. Roof Panels Should Be Installed So That The Sidelap Is In A Direction Away From Prevailing Wind. Refer To Appropriate Lap Details Included With The Erection Drawings.

Install Remaining Roof Insulation And Panels. To Avoid Accumulative Error Due To Panel Coverage Gain Or Loss, Properly Align Each Panel Before It Is Fastened. Occasional Checks Should Be Made To Ensure That Correct Panel Coverage Is Maintained. Special Attention Should Be Given To Fostener, Sealant and Closure Requirements. Refer To Details Included With The Erection Drawings.

At Finishing End Of Roof, The Lost panels May Require Field Modification For Installation Of Roke Trim. Refer To Rake Details Included With The Erection Drawings. DO NOT BACK LAP THROUGH FASTENED ROOF PANELS.

NOTE: Roof Types And Installation Requirements Will Vary. Refer To The

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> Loose Fasteners, Blind Rivets, Drill shavings, Etc.. Must Be Removed From The Roof To Guard Against Corrosion.

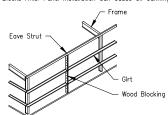
Wall Panels

Proper Horizontal And Vertical Alignment Of Supporting Structure (Girts Or Other Framing) Is The Responsibility Of The Installer. Failure To Align The Secondary members Properly Prior To Wall Installation Can Have A Direct Impact On The Final Appearance And Performance Of The Installed Wall System For Which The Metal Building Manufacturer Is Not Responsible.

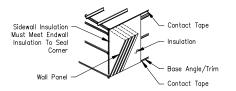
Before Installing Wall Panels, The Girts Must Be Aligned To A Level Position So That There Is No Visible Sag. This Should Be Done Directly Ahead Of Panel

Girt Leveling May Be Accomplished By Standing A Section Of Gable Angle Vertically Against The Outside Girt Flanges At Approximate Mid-boy Location.
When Girts Are Level, Attach The Girt Flanges To The Angle With Vise Grip Pliers
Or Temporary Screws. Wood Blocking Cut To Fit The Spaces May Also Be Used
For Alignment.

Temporary Girt Blocking Is Not Recommended On Concealed Fastener Panels. The Removal Of The Blocks After Panel Installation Can Cause Oil Canning.

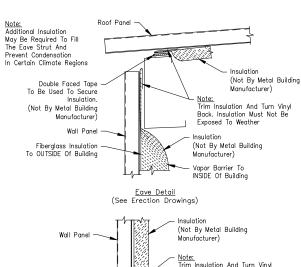


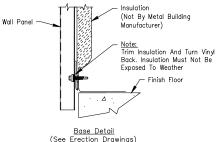
Note: Wall Panel Type And Installation Details Will Vary, Refer To The Erection Drawings And Details For The Specific Panel Used For Your Building.



If Walls Are To Be Insulated With Blanket Insulation Over Girt Girt Flanges, Base And Eave, Place A Continuous Run Of Contact Tape Along The Eave Strut And

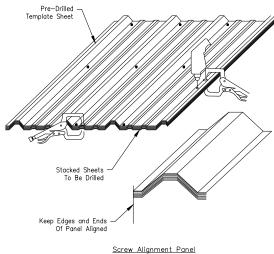
At The Base, Cut Off The Insulation A Minimum Of $\frac{1}{2}$ Above The Bottom Of The Wall Panel. This Will Prevent The Insulation From Hanging Below The Wall Panel And Wicking Moisture.





Sidewall Panels Should Be Installed So That The Panel Sidelap Is In A Direction Away From The Prevailing Wind. Refer To Appropriate Lap Detail Included With Erection Drawings.)

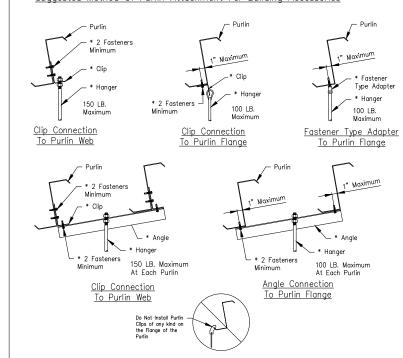
Note: Check Periodically To Ensure That All Panels Are Aligned And Plumb.



(Through Fastened Panel Only)

Note: After Drilling Panels, It Is Important To Clean Metal Filings Off All Panel Surfaces, Including Between Panels That Are Not Installed That Day, To Avoid Rust Stains.

Suggested Method Of Purlin Attachment For Building Accessories



* Denotes Material Not Provided By Metal Building Manufacturer.

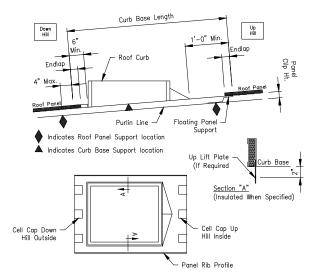
The Total Hanger Load Shall Not Exceed The Design Collateral Load For The Building. Example: 5'-0 (Purlin Spacing) X 5'-0 (Hanger Spacing) X 6 PSF (collateral Load)

5 - U (Purlin Spacing) X 5 - U (Hanger Spacing) X 6 PSF (collateral Load) = 150 Lbs.

See Cover Sheet For Design Collateral Load For This Building.

Note: If The Building Is Designed For 0 PSF Collateral Load, Then Adding Any Suspended System (i.e. Duct Work, Piping, Lights, Ceilings, Etc.) Will Correspondingly Reduce The Design Live Load.

Roof Curbs When Not Supplied By Building Manufacturer



The Curb Details Shown Illustrate The Building Manufacturers Recommended Curb Style And Installation Method. It Is The Erector/Installer's Responsibility To Provide The Proper Curb Style And Install Them In Accordance With The Procedures Established By These Details. Failure By The Erector/Installer To Follow These Recommendations May Result In The Curbs Damaging The Roof System Or

- 1. .080 Aluminum Or 18 Ga. Stainless Steel (No Galvalume® Or Galvanized).
 2. Panel Rib To Panel Rib (No Flat Skirt Or Lay—Over Curbs).
 3. Installed With Down Hill End Over Panel And Up Hill End Under Panel Application
- Troubled with Down Hill Eith Over Father And Op Hill Eith Office Father For Water Flow At Panel Splice.
 Up Lift Prevention For Clip Applied Roof Systems Are Required If:
 a. Wind Loads Exceed 110 MPH.
- b. Curb Base Crosses A Purlin.
- 5. Supported on (4) Sides By Primary Or Secondary Framing. 6. Maximum Single Curb Weight Recommended Is 1500 Lbs.

Roof Jack Installation when Not Supplied By Building Manufacturer

Ceneral Installation Notes
 Do Not Use Galvanized Roof Jacks, Lead Hats, Or Other Residential Grade Roof Jacks. These Roof Jacks Do Not Have 20 Year Service Life And In Case Of Lead Hats Will Cause Galvanic Corrosion Of The Roof Panel.
 Use EPDM Rubber Roof Jacks With An Integral Aluminum Band Bonded Into The Perimeter Of The Base. EPDM Roof Jacks Hove A Temperature Range From —65T To 212T. Use Silicone Roof Jacks For High Temperatures. Silicone Roof Jacks Have A Temperature Range Of —100T To 437T.

 Retrofit Roof Jacks Are Available For Applications In Which The Top Of The Pine Is

Retrofit Roof Jacks Are Available For Applications In Which The Top Of The Pipe Is Inaccessible, Eliminating The Possibility Of Sliding The Roof Jack Over The Top Of The

Pipe.

Do Not Use Tube Sealant To Seal The Roof Jack To The Roof Panels. Use Roll Tape Sealer Between The Roof Jack And The Roof Panel And Attach The Roof Jack To The Roof Panel With Fastener #4 \(\frac{1}{4}\) — 14 X \(\frac{y}{6}\)" LL SD W/washer At 1" O.C. Around The Base Of The Roof Jack See Table Below For Quantities

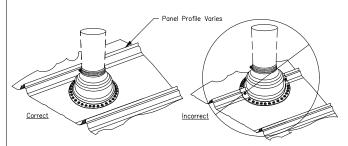
Trim The Top Of The Roof Jack To Fit Over The Pipe, Roll Down The Roof Jack Over The Pipe And Apply Tape Sealer For The Perimeter Of The Roof Jack Base Between The Roof Jack And The Roof Panel Apply Tape Sealer Around The Pipe And Install A Stainless Steel Clamp (Not By Bldg, Mfr.) Over The Top Of The Roof Jack And Firmly Tableto T. Express A Seave Conspression Sealer Room 1.

Tighten To Form A Secure Compression Seal.

If The Pipe Diameter is So Large To Block The Flow Of Water Down The Roof Panel, A Flat Base Roof Curb Must Be Installed Into The Roof And The Roof Jack Will Be Sealed To The Curb. A Two Piece Curb May Be Required When The Top Of The Pipe Is

Inducessible.

In Northern Climates, The Pipe Penetration Should Be Protected From Moving Ice Or Snow With A Snow Retention System Immediately Up Slope From The Pipe.



Install Pipe In Center To Allow Base Of Roof Jack To Lay Flat on Panel. Cannot Encompass More Than 75% Of Panel.

Panel Profile Varies (Not By Bldg, Mfr.) - Roll Roof Jack (Not By Bldg. Mfr.) STEP 1 1-14 x 8" LL SD W/Washer At 1" O.C. One Run Tri-Bead Tane Sealer -- Vent Pipe (Not By Bldg. Mfr.) 7" x 16" HW504 Stainless Steel Clamp (Not By Bldg. Mfr.) 7" x 급" HW504 Fastener #4 STEP 2 1-14 x 7" LL SD W/Washer Tri-Bead Tape Sealer 7" x 7 (Not By Bldg. Mfr.) Roll Roof Jack Up Over HW504.
 Install Stainless Steel Clamp And
 Tighten Around Roof Jack. (Not By Bldg. Mfr.) STEP 3

Tri-Bead Tape Sealer 7" x

May 19, 2021 Stephanu Drading has been digitally signed.

1-14 x 7" LL SD W/Washer



R3 **Erection Guide**